THE LIBRARY - THE UNIVERSITY ... هكذا من الأصل

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

...'S WEATHER FORECAST — PARIS: ...rap, 20-8 (68-46). Tomorrow variable. ...8-7 (64-45). Yesterday's temp. 16-11 ... LONDON: Variable Temp. 15-8 (59-46). ... variable. Yesterday's temp. 19-10 ... CHANNEL: Slight. ROME: Fair. Temp. ...gli. NEW YORK: Sunny. Temp. 16-5 ... Yesterday's temp, 16-7. (61-45). ...TIONAL WEATHER—COMICS PAGE.

Austria ..... 15 S. | Lebanon 2.50
Belgium ..... 12 B.Fr. | Luxembourg ..... 12 L.Fr.
Denmark ..... 3 D.Kr. | Morocco ..... 2 Dr.
Eire ..... 11 P. | Netherlands ... 1.25 Fior.
Finland ..... 2 F.M. | Nigeria ..... 45 K.
France ..... 2 F. | Norway ..... 2.75 N.Kr.
Germany ..... 1.20 D.M. | Portugal ..... 10 Esc.
Great Britain ..... 10 P. | Spain ..... 25 Ptas.
Greece ..... 15 Drs. | Sweden ..... 2.25 S.Kr.
India ..... Rs. 5 | Switzerland ... 1.50 S.Fr.
Iran ..... 20 Rials | Turkey T.47
Italy ..... 250 Lire | U.S. Military (Eur.) 20c.35
Israel ..... L.E. 2.40 | Yugoslavia ..... 7.50 D

28,695 * * PARIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1975 Established 1887

Thieu Quits, Assails U.S.

Denounces Ally as 'Unfair, Inhumane, Irresponsible'

Vice-President Named Successor

By Malcolm W. Browne

SAIGON, April 21 (NYT).—Denouncing the United States as an "inhumane ally," President Nguyen Van Thieu tonight cleared the way for peace negotiations with the Viet Cong by resigning after eight years in office.

He appointed the Vice-President, 71-year-old Tran Van Huong, as his successor.

In an emotional radio-television address from his presidential palace, Mr. Thieu accused the United States of breaking its promises to support an anti-Communist government in Saigon. Thus, he said, President Huong would immediately press the enemy to cease all acts of war and enter into peace negotiations.

But Mr. Thieu added that South Vietnam would fight on to defend the territory left to it.

'Defend the Homeland'

The armed forces chief of staff, Gen. Cao Van Vien, spoke briefly, saying that his troops would continue fighting to "defend the homeland against the Communist aggressors."

"I resign but I do not desert," Mr. Thieu said in concluding his 90-minute address. "From this minute I will put myself at the disposal of the President and people. I will continue to stay close to you all in the coming task of national defense. Goodbye to you all."

The 52-year-old Mr. Thieu devoted most of his speech to a scathing criticism of the United States.

"The United States has not respected its promises. It is unfair. It is inhumane. It is not trustworthy. It is irresponsible," he said.

Mr. Thieu said that former President Richard Nixon had described all accords, including the Jan. 27, 1973, Paris cease-fire agreement, as a "piece of paper" unless they were implemented, and had therefore verbally promised Saigon not only military and economic aid, but "direct and strong United States military intervention" in the event the Communists broke the accord.

Agnew Visit Recalled

But then, Mr. Thieu said, Watergate undid American resolve in aiding Vietnam, and Washington deserted its ally. When former Vice-President Spiro Agnew visited Saigon on Jan. 30, 1973, he said, Agnew only spoke "coldly," referring only to "Vietnamization" of the war and continuing military and economic aid, but not of Mr. Nixon's promise prior to the Paris accord to send American troops and B-52s, if needed.

"Let me say that we need at least $722 million, plus the B-52s. Let me say that we need immediate—I say immediate—shipment of arms and equipment to the South Vietnam battlefield.

"I would challenge the United States Army to do better than the South Vietnamese Army without B-52s," Mr. Thieu said.

But Mr. Thieu and the people of his country have clearly resigned themselves to the fact that the end is at hand.

President Huong was sworn into office tonight at a meeting of Cabinet and legislature officials in the presidential palace.

In a brief speech, Mr. Huong praised the achievements of the outgoing president. Mr. Huong said that he was assuming a great responsibility and called for national unity, asserting: "United we live, divided we die."

Mr. Thieu's resignation was one of two major demands that the Viet Cong have called prerequisites for any peace talks. The other is that all "American military men and advisers disguised as civilians" leave Vietnam.

In a broadcast today, the Viet Cong appeared to set a time limit for the Americans' departure—"two to three days, or in 24 hours, even." The broadcast was notably threatening in tone, and implied that if the conditions were not quickly met, an all-out military drive on Saigon would be launched.

It was not immediately clear whether Mr. Thieu's resignation and the current partial evacuation of Americans would satisfy the Viet Cong demands.

But it has been apparent in the last two days that the Communist side would now prefer a political finish to the war, rather than military victory.

Mr. Thieu's decision tonight was clearly based on the destruction and terrible loss of life that the final battle would bring.

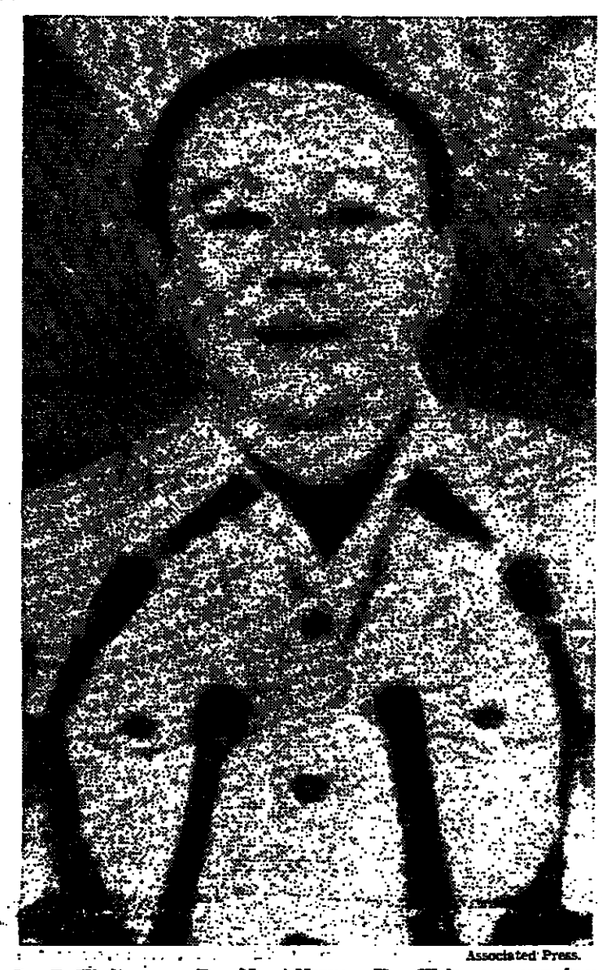
Presumably, the battered and demoralized Saigon troops commanded by Gen. Vien would be ordered to fight only in a defensive way, to safeguard posi-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)



NYT.

Tran Van Huong



Associated Press.

South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu announcing his resignation yesterday in a televised speech to nation.

...ali Reportedly Out, ...oynihan In at the UN

By Peter Kihss

...YORK, April 21 (NYT). ...dent Ford has selected ... Patrick Moynihan, until ...y ambassador to India, as ...w chief representative of ...ited States at the United ..., it was authoritatively ...d here yesterday.

Moynihan could not be ...d for comment. He would ... John Scali, who, it was ...tood, was not officially ...d of the impending change ...fter word of Mr. Moyni...election reached the press. ...ed about the report today, ... House Press Secretary ...essen said: "The President ...rs Mr. Scali an extremely ...le member of the adminis... Other than that, I have no personnel announcements to make today."]

A U.S. official who was aware of the shift said last night that President Ford had asked Mr. Scali to take on another important assignment and that he was considering this. He will remain at his UN post until several important tasks have been completed, the official said.

'Failure' of Diplomacy

In a recent article in Commentary magazine, Mr. Moynihan said that "at some level" there had been "a massive failure of American diplomacy" in dealing with "the new nations." But he said that he was confident that the United States and these nations shared fundamental principles in favor of liberty.

In an interview in February, Mr. Moynihan caused a minor stir by urging the United States to drop what he termed its defensive and apologetic attitude toward the Third World countries in such bodies as the UN.

"It is time for the United States to go into the United Nations and every other international forum and start raising hell," he said. He added that he was incensed, for example, at the "obscene lies" uttered in the UN Colonialism Committee, where, on Cuba's initiative, the United States has been denounced for allegedly repressing Puerto Rico.

"There is scarcely a member in the United Nations that is not guilty of far more discreditable situations, and yet it would be unthinkable for us to make such charges against Third World countries," Mr. Moynihan said in protest.

Buckley Approves

Such comment was praised by the conservative columnist William Buckley jr. (IHT, March 4), who also noted that Mr. Moynihan had been a critic of the UN before.

"That corpse had already begun to decompose," Mr. Buckley quoted Mr. Moynihan as having said about the UN. "The spirit of liberty has seeped out of that institution."

The appointment is scheduled to go to the Senate for confirmation soon. It was described as another move by the President to shape his own Cabinet—the UN post has Cabinet rank.

As recently as February, it was understood that Mr. Ford had told Mr. Scali, who will be 57 years old next Sunday, that he wanted him to stay through this administration.

Mr. Scali evoked strong adverse reaction from Arab and other developing nations—but support from Western Europeans—when he startled the General Assembly last Dec. 6 with an attack on what he pictured as an in-

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 8)



AP.

Daniel Moynihan



UPI.

John Scali

On Constitutional Settlement

Rhodesian Blacks and Whites Must Negotiate, Vorster Says

CAPE TOWN, April 21 (AP).—Negotiations must be held between Prime Minister Ian Smith of Rhodesia and Bishop Abel Muzorewa, the leader of Rhodesia's African National Council, Prime Minister John Vorster of South Africa said today.

Mr. Smith said Friday that he was ready to start "immediate" talks with Bishop Muzorewa on a constitutional conference and that the black nationalist had been invited to attend a meeting this week.

But Bishop Muzorewa rejected the meeting until he is assured that another black leader, the Rev. Ndabangi Sithole, will not be detained if he returns to Rhodesia. Mr. Sithole was arrested last month on charges of plotting to kill African nationalists, including Bishop Muzorewa, but was released, in a goodwill gesture, to attend a meeting in Tanzania of the Organization of African Unity.

Mr. Vorster, speaking in the South African Parliament today, said that all parties in the Rhodesian dispute had agreed in principle that white and black leaders would negotiate, without outside interference, on a constitutional settlement of the question of black rule.

"Since Mr. Smith is willing to negotiate with Bishop Muzorewa, so Bishop Muzorewa must agree to negotiate with Mr. Smith and his government," Mr. Vorster said.

"They must agree upon a date when they will meet to discuss this matter on which agreement in principle has already been reached.

"Agreement must be reached on this cardinal matter. Then black and white Rhodesians will be able, without interference from outside, to reach an agreement."

Mr. Vorster revealed that in October talks which led to a cease-fire agreement in the Rhodesian guerrilla war, envoys represented Samora Machel, the leader of the Mozambique Front. Other envoys represented Botswana, Zambia and Tanzania.

Rebuff to OAU

In an internal matter, Mr. Vorster rejected the OAU recognition of Nelson Mandela and other South African political prisoners as the only true representatives of the country's blacks.

Mr. Vorster said Mr. Mandela and other prisoners were self-confessed, card-carrying Communists whose aim was to establish a Communist state in South Africa.

Meanwhile, in Pretoria, 13 blacks on trial under the Terrorism Act turned their backs on the judge, chanted in Zulu, "We don't care, this burden is too heavy," and then shouted, "Power."

The 13, members of the Black South Africa Students Association and the Black People's Convention, are charged with plotting to transform the state by unconstitutional, revolutionary and violent means.

The 13 are among over 30 persons detained after banned rallies for the Mozambique Liberation Front were held last September.

The trial was postponed until May 5 after defense lawyers said that more time was needed to prepare their case.

Weyand Says Saigon Is Desperate

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—President Ford's military adviser told congressmen today that the military situation in South Vietnam is desperate and that the country is no longer militarily defensible.

Gen. Frederick Weyand, the Army chief of staff, told the House Appropriations Committee that the resignation of South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu is an effort to bring about negotiations for a cease-fire.

"I believe a group is coming in there [to take over the South Vietnamese government] that believes on the basis of talks with the other side that they can negotiate some sort of settlement," Gen. Weyand said.

Asked if the remaining portion of South Vietnam in government hands is defensible, he replied: "No, sir."

Others Surrender in Phnom Penh

Refugees Reported to Return To Cambodia From Thailand

BANGKOK, April 21 (AP).—Many of the thousands of Cambodian civilians who fled to Thailand were reported today to be going home. Sources in Paris said today that a number of important figures in the fallen government had left the French Embassy in Phnom Penh and turned themselves over to the Khmer Rouge.

For the fifth day, there was no news directly from Phnom Penh, which was captured by the Communist-led rebels on Thursday. Khmer Rouge radio monitored here concentrated on jubilant songs and statements.

One song said the rebel victory "shows that a small nation can beat the superpowers after an arduous war against the U.S. aggressors."

The informed sources in Paris said that most of those who remained at the French Embassy, including several hundred French citizens and American and other foreign newsmen, had been practically without food and water for the last four days and that a Khmer Rouge detachment had surrounded the compound.

They said that the French government had made representations to Cambodian authorities in Peking, where Prince Norodom Sihanouk lives, but that the situation had not improved.

"We have no word on what's going on in there," said a Western diplomat, speaking of Cambodia. "From what we know, their national organization wasn't too well coordinated, one part of the country not telling the other what was going on, and so on.

"I think it'll be a while before they figure out how they're going to proceed and until then they're going to play it very cool."

Thai Foreign Minister Chatichai Choonhavan, whose government wants to avoid friction with the new rulers in the neighboring country, announced the return of some of the refugees. He did

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Attacks by Reds Resume in Laos

VIENTIANE, Laos, April 21 (U.P.I.).—Renewed Communist attacks today threatened to cut a vital highway linking Vientiane and the royal capital of Luang Prabang. Defense Minister Sisouk Na Champassak said.

He said loyalist troops abandoned two positions near Highway 13 under heavy fire. He said that the Communist thrust, spearheaded by North Vietnamese units, was jeopardizing the two-year-old cease-fire in the kingdom.

Mr. Sisouk said at a news conference the loyalist positions were abandoned yesterday and that fighting was continuing today near the junction with Highway 7 in mountainous country about 90 miles north of Vientiane. Casualties were described as "minor."

Mr. Thieu's resignation, meanwhile, brought expressions of hope in Congress for negotiations to end the war, but little change in congressional opposition to military aid.

Secretary of State Henry Kissinger told the House Appropriations Committee today that President Ford's requested aid for South Vietnam is still needed for negotiations that could avoid "a battle for the city of Saigon, if that could effectively be done."

Mr. Kissinger repeatedly declined to explain what the negotiations would involve, but said: "Given Gen. Weyand's assumption [that South Vietnam is indefensible], it is reasonable to assume that one of the objectives would be to bring about the most humane solution" [to the war].

The committee later approved $330 million in military and economic aid to South Vietnam.

Rep. John Flynt, D-Ga., disclosed the voice-vote decision to approve $165 million in military assistance and a like amount in economic and humanitarian aid. He said that the measure would be sent quickly to the House floor.

• France is trying to halt the fighting in Vietnam. Page 2.

Congressional sources said that the committee's recommendation faces an uphill fight in both the House and Senate. Last week, the Senate Armed Services Committee killed a proposal to authorize an additional $515 million for military aid to Saigon.

The speedy committee action was on a proposal by committee chairman George Mahon, D-Ga., who originally suggested $200 million in military aid and $165 million in economic and humanitarian aid.

Sources said that some committee members adamantly opposed to more military aid for Saigon voted for the proposal to get it out of committee and onto the floor of the House, where they anticipated that it would be reduced or killed.

The Senate headed into debate on a revised $200-million authorization for evacuation money and humanitarian aid for South Vietnam.

Hours after Mr. Thieu's resignation, the Senate approved a resolution calling for cease-fire negotiations.

The State Department said that the United States would look with "sympathy" on any request from Mr. Thieu for refuge in this country. No such request has been made, however, officials said.

A department spokesman said

(Continued on Page 2, Col. 6)

Despite Pressure of U.S. Arms Delay

...rael Seen Firm in Stand on Sinai

By Terence Smith

...RUSALEM, April 21 (NYT). ...el has no intention of soft... its bargaining position on a ...Sinai accord or even discuss... ...ith the United States a new ...diating strategy until the ... administration agrees to ...e talks on Israel's pending ... requests, according to top ...rnment officials here.

...mier Yitzhak Rabin's gov...ent, the officials said, sees ...urpose in coming up with ...proposals to offer Egypt until ... are "practical signs" that ...current chill in U.S.-Israel ...ions has passed.

...practical signs, the officials ...ined, Israel means a resump... of bilateral discussions of ...l's arms requests. Such talks ... suspended last month when ... Ford administration an...nced a "reassessment" of its ...le East policy after the col... of Secretary of State Henry ...inger's negotiating efforts.

...puty Premier Yigal Allon ... with Mr. Kissinger in Wash...on today to test the climate ...rding an improvement in ...tions between the two coun...

Israel is seeking more than $2.5 billion in economic and military assistance in the coming fiscal year, including several squadrons of advanced F-15 fighter aircraft and sophisticated Lance ground-to-ground missiles. Discussions on the delivery of those items have been suspended since last month.

In Israeli eyes, both the reassessment and the suspension of arms negotiations amount to the most obvious kind of pressure on Israel to make additional concessions to Egypt that, in turn, might salvage Mr. Kissinger's negotiating efforts.

Mr. Rabin is described as being firmly opposed to making concessions under such pressure for two reasons:

• He fears that Israel would immediately lose all of its credibility as an independent political factor in the Middle East, and would be viewed as merely a puppet of the United States.

• More importantly, Mr. Rabin is persuaded that the Ford administration would not have the support of Congress or the American public if it attempted to increase pressure on Israel.

Mr. Rabin is reliably reported to view the whole reassessment as something of a diplomatic sham. He has told friends that he believes the reassessment is actually a maneuver through which Mr. Ford and Mr. Kissinger hope to test the sentiment in Congress and the American public for more pressure on Israel.

Minor Maneuver

If there proves to be no sentiment for increasing pressure, Mr. Rabin reportedly believes, relations between Israel and the United States will pick up where they left off and the reassessment will fade as a minor diplomatic maneuver.

To check that theory, Israel has been conducting a quiet reassessment of its own. A small army of former Israeli Cabinet ministers, officials and private citizens have fanned out to test political and public opinion in the United States. The more prominent figures include Abba Eban, former foreign minister, and Aharon Yariv, former information minister.

All of this pulse-taking reportedly has led Mr. Rabin to believe that Israel's problems are with the U.S. administration, specifically Mr. Ford and Mr. Kissinger, and not Congress.



Associated Press.

TURNED BACK—Cambodian refugees seeking sanctuary in Thailand were turned back by Thai police patrols at Pok-Ta-Bang, Cambodia is in the background across river. A number of refugees have been allowed into Thailand since fall of Phnom Penh.

Aid to Cambodia Was $1.2 Billion

WASHINGTON, April 21 (UPI).—The Pentagon reported that during the last 25 years it has provided Cambodia with more than $1.2 billion in military aid and that $6 million worth remained undelivered when Cambodia fell.

A spokesman said a final delivery of aid was made last week with four airdrops of rice to Phnom Penh and six other airdrops made at other cities that had been held by the government until the end.

The spokesman said that from 1950 through 1975 the administration delivered $1.253 billion in military supplies and equipment. Less than $100 million was delivered before the Lon Nol government took power in 1970.

France Acting For a Truce In S. Vietnam

Hanoi, Saigon, Peking Reportedly Contacted

By James Goldsborough

PARIS, April 21 (IHT).—France said today that it is using its influence to try to stop the fighting in South Vietnam and achieve a negotiated settlement before Saigon falls.

A government declaration welcomed the resignation of Nguyen Van Thieu, urged a cease-fire and negotiations and offered French good offices for a renewal of peace talks.

The declaration manifested the French desire that some kind of Western contact be maintained with the Vietnamese as the United States withdraws. "We have the advantage of having contacts with all sides," a French official said.

French sources indicated that in recent days French representatives had been meeting with interested parties not only in Paris, but also in Saigon, Hanoi and Peking. The sources made it clear that France would not have begun its peace initiative if it did not believe it could succeed.

Officials in Paris said that the contacts had indicated that the Communists preferred a political solution to a military assault on Saigon.

No Direct Comment

The Viet Cong delegation in Paris made no direct comment on the Thieu resignation, but referred to a statement earlier today calling for the replacement of the "Nguyen Van Thieu clique" by an administration that "really wants peace, independence, democracy and national concord and will accept . . . seriously the Paris [peace] agreement."

The Viet Cong statement also said that the "United States must end all military and other interference in internal South Vietnamese affairs and withdraw all U.S. military personnel disguised as civilians."

The South Vietnamese delegation to the peace talks here renewed its appeal today for the "immediate renewal of negotiations" on ending the fighting.

Speaking on the radio tonight, Jean Sauvagnargues, the foreign minister, said that France would expect peace talks to be held in Saigon, rather than to resume in Paris.

"Everything now depends on the formation of a government of discussion and negotiation in Vietnam," Mr Sauvagnargues said. "and the reception it is given by the other side.'

Paris Group Vows To Kill Nazis if Bonn Bars Trials

PARIS, April 21 (UPI).—Eight hooded men, who are self-proclaimed members of a French anti-Nazi group, have threatened to assassinate former Nazis accused of war crimes unless West Germany tries them speedily.

In a clandestine news conference in Paris last week, the men —well-dressed and wearing white hoods over their heads—said, "Chiefs of the SS, who tortured French Resistants and deported tens of thousands of Jews from France, all live in the most scandalous impunity, protected by the German parliament."

The members of the "Resistance-Deportation Action Committee" specifically demanded that Kurt Lischka, former Nazi Gestapo chief in occupied Paris, be tried, starting no later than Dec. 1, 1975, with a verdict by June 1, 19""

"If we fail to obtain satisfaction by Dec. 1, 1975, we will commit ourselves to physically eliminate the big Nazi criminals who think they are assured impunity," a spokesman for the group said.

"You have before you former Jewish and non-Jewish victims of Nazi barbarity, Resistance fighters and deportees, certain of them having known the horror of the death camps."

New U.S. Ambassador

BUDAPEST, April 21 (AP).—The new U.S. ambassador to Hungary, career diplomat Eugene McAuliffe, 57, has arrived here. He replaces Richard Pedersen, 57, who reportedly plans to retire.



Associated Press.

GONE FROM SAIGON—Evacuated U.S. personnel and South Vietnamese dependents being processed at Clark Field, U.S. base in the Philippines, after flying in from Saigon.

Biggest Transfer in One Day

1,000 Vietnam Evacuees Reach Philippines

CLARK AIR BASE, the Philippines, April 21 (AP).—About 1,000 Americans and Vietnamese arrived today on the airlift from South Vietnam in the largest evacuation day yet. U.S. officials reportedly bypassed South Vietnamese exit-visa officials to put many of the Vietnamese aboard the planes.

U.S. airmen put up 36 tents, each large enough for about 20 cots, on the Carnival Green at Clark Air Base. Until today, arrivals were being housed in the base hotel and dormitories.

Twelve of 18 scheduled U.S. Air Force C-141 flights arrived with evacuees. The planes had flown to Saigon with ammunition and other military equipment.

Arriving Americans said that U.S. officials somehow got around South Vietnamese red tape to put Vietnamese, many of them in-laws of Americans, aboard the planes from the U.S. compound at Saigon airport.

Delaying Exit Permits

Americans married to Vietnamese have complained previously that the Saigon government was delaying exit permits for their wives, children and other family members.

Navy sources said that Navy medical officials were conferring here with their Air Force counterparts to prepare for more evacuees at the Subic Naval Base, 50 miles west of Manila.

"We may have to go into the same business in Subic," a Navy official said.

Five aircraft carriers and four amphibious ships are now in the western Pacific preparing to join in the evacuation.

U.S. officials in Saigon said that between 2,000 and 2,500 Americans are still in that city.

The evacuation of U.S. citizens has picked up since President Ford last Wednesday ordered unneeded Americans out of Saigon. Today's total was the largest to arrive at Clark since the President's order.

Won Confidence of U.S.

Thieu's 8 Years of Presiding Over Crises

SAIGON, April 21 (Reuters).—Nguyen Van Thieu, 52, was president for eight years—a period of repeated military crises.

He became president in 1967 after a power struggle with Nguyen Cao Ky, then premier.

He was re-elected in 1971, officially polling more than 94 per cent of votes, amid charges of ballot-rigging.

His power lay in support from the South Vietnamese generals and U.S. backing, and his quiet-spoken steadiness earned him the confidence of the Americans.

Disgruntled Pilot

But early this month, when Communist forces were overrunning large areas of South Vietnam, it appeared that his support from the military was not entirely undivided. A disgruntled pilot dropped bombs on his palace.

Toward the end of his reign, Mr. Thieu faced increasing charges of dictatorial behavior.

When the Vietnam peace agreement was announced in January, 1973, he warned his people to remain vigilant, stating that nothing more than a cease-fire had been achieved.

He said that his government would meet the Communists' Provisional Revolutionary Government to decide about elections and the country's future. But he warned that the Communists could not be trusted,



UPI.

Nguyen Van Thieu

and predicted that they would try to take over the South by force.

He was born in the poor southern coastal province of Ninh Thuan.

Raised as a Buddhist, he was converted to Roman Catholicism when he married.

Mr. Thieu's lack of charisma was a political advantage among the generals who held the reins of power in the welter of intrigue that characterized South Vietnamese politics.

Critics accused him of overambition and smugness. He had an air of quiet confidence.

The son of a small landowner, he was educated in Hué, once Vietnam's imperial, cultural and intellectual capital. As a young man he briefly helped the Viet Minh, the nationalist precursors of the Viet Cong, in his native province. But he ceased, so he said, when he realized their Communist aims.

He attended the military academy—some of his former classmates are now Viet Cong generals—and joined the French-backed Vietnamese Army fighting the Viet Minh.

Division Commander

After independence, which followed the French defeat in 1954 at Dien Bien Phu, Gen. Thieu held a number of field and staff posts. By 1960, he was in command of the 1st Infantry Division, South Vietnam's best infantry unit, based at Hué.

In his next command, the 5th Infantry Division, he played an important role in the overthrow of the autocratic President Ngo Dinh Diem, who was assassinated in 1963. Mr. Thieu personally led his forces in an attack on the barracks of the presidential guard.

Gen. Duong Van (Big) Minh was the moving force behind the coup, but he himself was overthrown within months. Gen. Thieu became commander of the military region embracing the rice-rich Mekong Delta, where indigenous guerrilla forces were especially strong.

When Mr. Ky became premier, in June, 1965, Mr. Thieu was appointed chairman of a 10-member military directory. During this period he won the support of his fellow generals by representing a consensus of their views.

This support enabled him to become military candidate for president in 1967 after a dispute with Mr. Ky. He won 35 per cent of the vote.

The chief opposition candidate, Truong Dinh Dzu, won 17 per cent on a "peace" platform, but was subsequently jailed for advocating peace talks with the Viet Cong.

In January, 1971, Mr. Thieu offered to resign from the presidency one month after new elections to be held following a cease-fire.

He said subsequently that this was his last offer and rejected any idea of a coalition government including neutralists and Communists.

Vietnam Reds Seize Islands That Are Claimed by Peking

By H.D.S. Greenway

SAIGON, April 21 (WP).—In all the drama of the present North Vietnamese offensive, hardly anybody noticed last week when the South Vietnamese government lost radio contact with its small garrison on the tiny atoll of Songtutay, far out in the South China Sea in a group of barren sand spits known as the Spratly Archipelago.

It was later confirmed that North Vietnamese ships had arrived to take over the island, and that the flag of the Provisional Revolutionary Government of the Viet Cong now flies there.

The incident would have little interest except for the fact that, on Peking's maps, the Spratlys belong to China, and by planting a flag there, Hanoi would appear to be stealing a march on their Communist brothers and benefactors in Peking.

The Spratlys lie closer to the Philippines and Malaysia than they do to Vietnam, but the Vietnamese lay claim to the atolls because the French incorporated them into their administration of Indochina in 1933.

Guano Deposits

The Spratlys, like the Paracels farther to the north, were of interest to no one, save a few fishermen, until January of 1974. Their only commercial resource was guano deposits. The possibility of oil in the South China Sea makes them more desirable, but the issue between China and Vietnam over the islands appears to be more one of national pride than commercial advantage.

In January of last year, the Saigon government sent a naval force to the Paracels to beef up the tiny garrison they had on one of the islands and perhaps to occupy some of the other islands. The Chinese reacted violently, sending troops and planes to overwhelm the South Vietnamese. Several of Saigon's warships were sunk.

The Paracels lie about equidistant from the Chinese and Vietnamese coasts.

The Chinese extolled their great victory in defense of the Chinese motherland and the South Vietnamese, with equal vigor, protested the "illegal military occupation" of islands belonging to the Vietnamese fatherland.

Although the Chinese have never made a move toward the Spratlys farther south, the islands remain on Chinese maps as Chinese territory.

Tremor Strikes Japanese Islands

TOKYO, April 21 (UPI).—The strongest earthquake registered in Japan since the end of World War II shook the southern islands of Kyushu and Shikoku today, causing extensive damage to property and disrupting rail and road traffic.

Police said that eight persons were injured. Authorities said that 180 persons were left homeless when 73 houses were destroyed or damaged.

The epicenter of the tremor was located near Mount Aso, an active volcano. The earthquake rocked extensive areas on the two islands, triggering 16 landslides, damaging two bridges and 18 roads.

Thieu Quits, Assails U.S. As 'Unfair'

Names Vice-President Huong as Successor

(Continued from Page 1)

tions they hold, until peace talks of some kind end the war.

Xuan Loc Contact Lost

SAIGON, April 21 (AP).—The North Vietnamese heavily shelled Xuan Loc again today and radio contact with the provincial capital, 40 miles east of Saigon, was lost for the first time in the battle, now in its 12th day.

On the coast, 35 miles farther east, the fall of Ham Tan and with it another province appeared imminent, military sources said.

Sources said that South Vietnamese planes lost contact with the government's 18th Division in Xuan Loc early today. The loss of radio communications usually means that a position has been overrun.

Some sources said that there was no indication of a retreat from the devastated city, but others said that battered remnants of the 18th Division were pulling out and heading for Saigon.

The North Vietnamese have already cut the road between Saigon and Xuan Loc, and Xuan Loc is no longer considered strategically vital to the defense of the national capital. But the fierce battle has been a test of the South Vietnamese Army's determination to fight again after the swift loss of three-fourths of the country. Defeat in this battle would probably further damage the morale of the army and of the population of Saigon.

North Vietnamese tanks and infantrymen continued their advance down the coast to strike at the heart of Ham Tan, the capital of Binh Tuy Province. The airfield three miles northwest of the city was attacked just before dawn.

Field reports said that civilians and soldiers began evacuating the city yesterday. It appeared that the government units were fighting to gain time for the evacuation rather than to defend the city.

If it falls, Binh Tuy will be the 20th of South Vietnam's 44 provinces lost to the Communists this year.

Pakistanis Given Outline of China's South Asia Policy

ISLAMABAD, Pakistan, April 21 (AP).—Visiting Chinese Vice-Premier Li Hsien-nien said here yesterday that China is ready to develop good-neighborly relations with all South Asian countries on the basis of its five principles of peaceful coexistence.

His statement at a banquet given by Prime Minister Zulfikar Ali Bhutto indicated China's readiness to improve strained relations with India and have diplomatic relations with Bangladesh.

He said, however, that China would continue to render "resolute support" for people of South Asian countries in their "just struggle against hegemonism and expansionism."

He affirmed Peking's support for the Pakistani proposal of a nuclear-free zone in South Asia, for the Kashmiri people's struggle for self-determination, for the resistance of people of the Himalayan kingdom of Sikkim against "naked annexation by Indian expansionists," for the Nepalese King's stand in declaring his country a zone of peace and for the Sri Lanka proposal to make the Indian Ocean a zone of peace.

Czech Officials Push Campaign Against Dubcek

PRAGUE, April 21 (AP).—The campaign against Alexander Dubcek gained impetus today as the ousted Communist reform leader was assailed by one of his chief foes, and the Czechoslovak news agency CTK continued to carry anti-Dubcek comments from citizens.

Czechoslovak Communist party chief Gustav Husak opened the drumfire last Wednesday against the former party secretary who launched the short-lived "socialism with a human face" experiment, calling on Mr. Dubcek to either pack his bags and go to the West or observe Socialist laws.

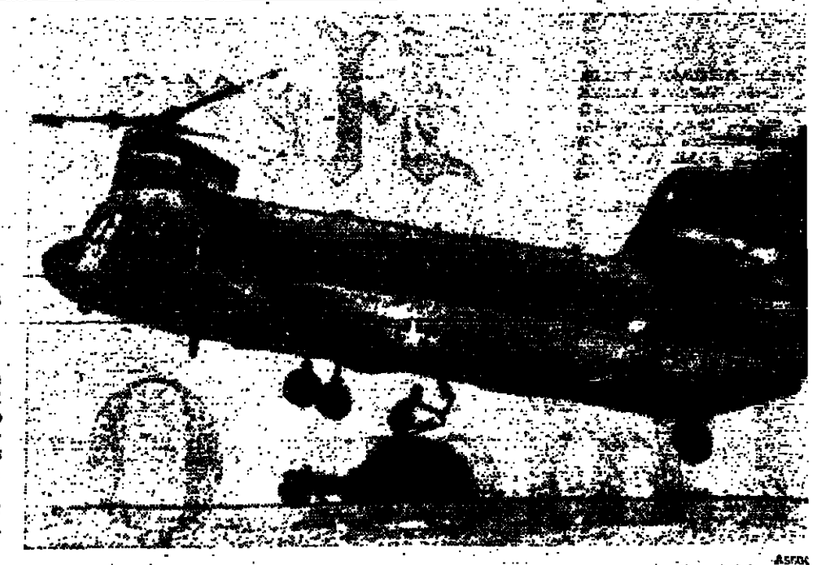
Mr. Husak's speech, made on the eve of the sixth anniversary of Mr. Dubcek's ouster, was an angry reaction to a letter, carried by Western newspapers, in which Mr. Dubcek criticized the Communist leadership now in power.

Vasil Bilak, now a secretary of the Communist party's Central Committee and described by Western observers as one of Moscow's men at the time of the 1968 Soviet-led invasion, attacked Mr. Dubcek in an address, at Prague's Smetana Theater, marking the 105th anniversary of Lenin's birth.

He said, "Many of those who bear full responsibility for the emergence of a counter-revolutionary situation are exploiting the magnanimity of the present party leadership."

50 Safe in London Fire

LONDON, April 21 (UPI).—Fifty persons scrambled to safety today when fire swept through a small West London hotel. Only one person required hospital treatment.



Associated Press.

DELICATE MANEUVER—A South Vietnamese helicopter hovering over an exte load while a soldier fastened a net to craft's cargo hook as men and of Saigon forces were evacuated from Ham Tan, a provisional capital east

Says Situation Is Desperate

Weyand Calls South Vietnam Indefens

(Continued from Page 1)

that the United States was informed in advance of the Thieu resignation, but he declined to discuss whether this would affect the chances of negotiations.

Senate Democratic leader Mike Mansfield, of Montana, said that he believed that Mr. Ford and Mr. Kissinger have been trying for the past week to 10 days to encourage negotiations.

Senate Republican leader Hugh Scott, of Pennsylvania, said that the Senate cease-fire resolution was approved in the hope that it "may lead to the saving of South Vietnamese lives."

White House press secretary Ron Nessen said that President Ford still believes t request of nearly $1 South Vietnam sho proved.

But congressmen, House Speaker Carl Oklahoma, said that chance for that.

Asked if there is a congressional approv military aid, Rep. Al would doubt there chance to get much.

But the House is among congressmen hope that Mr. Thie tion will clear the wa fire negotiations evacuation of Amer Saigon.

Other congressmen administration officia they believed Mr. Th nation may have co to get negotiations.

"When you don't ha tary position you can' said House Democra John McFall of Ca can't see the North negotiating anything render."

A State Departme said, "It sounds like Saigon is just hanging for the picking. I ca they [the Commun would wait and let th when they can just n now."

But another U.S. o "Things will happen Senate Foreign Rela mittee chairman John D-Ala., was optimistic Thieu's resignation "s things a bit."

"There can be n now," Sen. Sparkman s it might moderate th too."

Refugees Reported to Return To Cambodia From Thailand

(Continued from Page 1)

not say whether they had left of their own accord or been forced to leave.

Many other Cambodian civilians and soldiers remained in camps near the border, but they are not expected to be allowed to remain more than a month.

Mr. Chatichai said the visa of former acting Cambodian president Sau Kham Khoy, which expired Saturday, was being extended for a month "for humanitarian reasons," because Mr. Khoy is ill. He said no former Cambodian high officials had asked for asylum and none would be given.

Red Cross Role

International Red Cross officials, eager to get back to Cambodia for relief and reconstruction work, said they had had no contact with their 16 colleagues still in Phnom Penh, but reliable sources said the Red Cross had learned through diplomatic channels that foreign relief workers and newsmen were safe.

Khmer Rouge radio reported earlier that several former top leaders had been beheaded, without naming anyone, but the French newspaper Le Monde later reported that Premier Long Boret and several other leaders were being held by the Khmer Rouge. It was not known if Long Boret was ever among those at the French Embassy.

The French sources in Paris, without mentioning by name any who had left, said that no prominent Cambodian political figures now remained at the embassy. They said about 1,000 persons had initially sought shelter in the embassy compound—including 300 to 400 French citizens, some representatives of international organizations, 23 French, American and other foreign newsmen and about 600 Cambodians. They did not say how many remained.

Embassy Switches Sides

The Thai government wants to establish diplomatic relations with the Cambodian insurgents and was awaiting word from them. The Cambodian Embassy in Bangkok, which switched sides Saturday, said it was awaiting instructions.

Mr. Chatichai also said that Thailand was ready to turn over to Cambodia's new leaders the planes, boats, armored vehicles and weapons which it took from Cambodian troops who fled to Thailand. The equipment includes about 36 U.S.-supplied aircraft, four patrol boats and dozens of vehicles.

In the past the United States has retained a partial proprietary interest in the sale or disposition of military equipment it has given to other countries. Asked about this, a U.S. spokesman said only that the disposition of the Cambodian equipment "has yet to be determined."

The United States, meanwhile, was considering what to do with about 350 Cambodians who fled to Thailand in U.S. aircraft and remain under U.S. sponsorship. An American spokesman said officials were determining what arrangements can be made for them.

Many people in Thailand worried that the insurgent victory in Cambodia might spread war to their country. Some worried almost as much that the Cambodian refugees in Thailand might take jobs away from Thai citizens.

No Kissinger Trip To South America

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—Hemmed in by fast-moving events in Indochina, Secretary of State Henry Kissinger decided today to cancel his trip to South America, U.S. officials said.

The officials said there was no prospect, either, that Mr. Kissinger would be able to reschedule his oft-delayed visit before the Organization of American States meets here on May 8.

Mr. Kissinger had planned a tour, beginning late Wednesday, of Venezuela, Brazil and Argentina. He earlier had eliminated Peru and Chile but said he intended to go to Latin America again later in the year.

Russia Slates Firing Of Rockets in Pacific

TOKYO, April 21 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union has designated 11 Pacific Ocean zones, where it intends to launch weather-observation rockets, as dangerous for ships and aircraft, the Japanese Maritime Safety Agency has announced.

The agency, after monitoring signals from Soviet ocean-mapping authorities, said the rockets would be fired daily between Thursday and May 15.

Wilson to Meet Ford In Washington May 7

LONDON, April 21 (Reuters).—Prime Minister Harold Wilson disclosed today that he will visit Washington early next month for talks with President Ford on international political, economic and defense problems.

Mr. Wilson will go to Washington immediately after the Commonwealth summit conference on May 6 in Kingston, Jamaica. He will meet with Mr. Ford on May 7 and return to London the next day, the Prime Minister's office announced.

Scali Is S To Lose J

(Continued from P

creasing "tyranny of t ity."

He said earlier that unrealistic resolutions" followed at last year's arbitrary disregard of in such cases as the of South Africa for th and the restriction right to speak.

Mr. Moynihan, who years old March 16, where he had served as ambassador, last Ja returned to Harvard where he is a professor ment studies.

The UN post was Mr. Moynihan in Nover by President Richar when Mr. Moynihan p leave the administrati he had served as couns Cabinet rank, and as viser on urban affairs.

Word of the offer l at that time, and there questioning of Mr. M acceptability in view of controversial views at rights and welfare. M han withdrew his accep portedly in part becau harrassment that Chat then chief delegate, had told of his planned rep

Mr. Moynihan, who doctorate from the School of Law and D was a U.S. delegate to General Assembly.

Worst Incident in Election Campaign

Leftists Attack Rally of Portugal Moder

LISBON, April 21 (AP).—Armed leftists attacked a meeting of the moderate Center Social Democrat party (CDS) in northern Portugal and forced the party to postpone a rally in the closing days of the campaign to pick a constituent assembly.

The outbreak of violence in the northern city of Guimaraes left more than 20 persons injured.

A CDS spokesman said the leftists fired at least one submachine gun despite the presence of troops trying to protect the party members, who were barricaded inside a theater.

The incident was the most serious so far in the three-week campaign that began April 2 and closes tomorrow night. The elections are Friday, the first anniversary of the April 25 revolt by the armed forces that ousted the rightist regime.

The CDS spokesman refused to identify the attackers, but the party's national headquarters in Lisbon said the leftist militants were members of the Popular Democratic Movement, which is a member of the provisional government, and the League of United Revolutionary Action, an extreme-left party.

Two Hurt in Aveiro

Attacks against the CDS also were reported in Oporto and Aveiro, with two persons injured in Aveiro.

The CDS said it was protesting the Guimaraes attack to the National Election Commission.

Air Force Gen. Carlos Galvao de Melo, a former member of the now-defunct junta that ran the country just after the April revolution, was trapped inside the theater with about 200 other party members. Two regiments were called out to ring the theater and stop the leftists from entering.

But the violence burst out as some CDS members atte leave in the early h morning. The last of th escorted to safety jus dawn.

Witnesses said the the scarred by bullets.

Later today, the CDS ly called for a street the northern city of B spite the Guimaraes at

Spokesmen for the pe the nighttime rally woul by Gen. Galvao de Melo

The CDS, it was lear been advised against th gathering by local au who feared more violenc

The most conservative 12 parties in the campa CDS has frequently been ed by leftist demonstrati Lisbon headquarters ha been sacked and the pal gress in Oporto earlier t was besieged by leftis forced to adjourn.

Come backstage at the new Lanvin 2 collection

EIGHTY exclusive fabrics. Chosen for their exceptional quality in Italy, France and England.

A special wool, combed to an extraordinarily supple and lustrous finish.

Or a polished serge, more wrinkle-resistant than flannel, perfect for transitional suits (from 1 500 francs).

For casual weekends, Lanvin's exclusive tweeds, moderately priced from 990 francs.

And many more.



LANVIN

2, rue Cambon, Paris 1er. Tél. 260 38-83

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

pproval in Doubt Now

Equal Rights Amendment Runs Into Stiffer Opposition

By Jules Witcover

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—At the start of this year, opponents of the Equal Rights Amendment confidently laid ambitious plans to push it over the top—to win ratification of the final five of 38 states needed to make the ERA part of the U.S. Constitution.

Less than four months later, the death knell of the ERA's chances in 1975 was sounded Wednesday when the North Carolina House of Representatives rejected it. Only one additional state, North Dakota, voted approval, leaving ratification four states short. Only three states have any remote chance of passing it this year. The deadline for ratification is March, 1979. If not approved by then, the amendment will die.

Considering the proponents' slight hopes that 1975 would be the year of ratification, what happened?

The failure, the ERA strategists say now, resulted from several factors, not the least of which was the narrowed odds. Of the 17 states that had not ratified going into 1975, no more than 10 were considered realistic targets.

A vocal and determined opposition zeroed in effectively on these target states, the proponents say, with fundamentalist church groups stepping up their activities on the ground that the ERA would undermine women's "special" rather than equal role in the family.

Also, some ERA backers acknowledge, the election of more pro-ERA legislators in 1974, while producing much closer votes on ERA in several states in 1975, was not enough to bring ratification. The proponents talked of needing "only four more states," but they came to realize, as one of them said, "There are no more easy votes."

Fundamentalist Opposition

The holdouts going into 1975 were those states that had balked, sidestepped or rejected the ERA in the first three years.

According to Pat Kiefer of Common Cause, a prime ERA advocate, fundamentalist churches in the Deep South and other states such as Illinois and Missouri—both still holdouts—lobbied hard against the ERA. At the same time, the stop-ERA drive's busiest and most prominent advocate, right-wing newsletter publisher Phyllis Schlafly, continued to make "women's special role" in the family her main argument.

Much of the proponents' optimism also was based on the hiring of the highly successful Washington campaign consulting team of Douglas Bailey and John Deardourff to coordinate the ratification drive.

Some ERA advocates now question waiting until 1975 to hire lobbying professionals, and also the wisdom of hiring a firm that specializes in Republican candidates when the four major target states—Illinois, Missouri, Florida and North Carolina—all have Democratic-controlled legislatures. Others say Bailey and Deardourff did as well as could be expected under the circumstances. The hiring of professionals, in some states, according to Mr. Kiefer, led to diminution of local initiative by ERA groups.

Sectors of the Roman Catholic Church in some states raised damaging doubts about what ERA would mean to special tax consideration for private institutions that maintain separate educational facilities for boys and girls, Mr. Bailey said.

There also were rumors, unproved, that insurance companies put money into the anti-ERA drive, fearful that passage would require wholesale rewriting of policy provisions with special clauses on women.

Question of Education

To the question of what happened in 1975, Lucille Shriver of the National Federation of Business and Professional Women's Clubs answers: "I wish we knew. I still think it's a matter of education."

Mrs. Schlafly agrees, from the opposition perspective. "Where full debate and discussion occurred," she said, "ERA was rejected."

Among the most effective arguments she made this year, she said, was her warning that the ERA would mean that women would have to be sent into military combat. "That issue is most telling with many legislators," she said. Proponents say that there are ample physical grounds for the military to exempt women from combat.

The proponents still have nearly four years—until March, 1979—to achieve ratification. But after a flying start in 1972, when 22 states approved the amendment, and some progress in 1973, with eight more state ratifications, the pace slowed to three in 1974 and just one this year.

But the proponents are not quitting. On Thursday, they launched a bipartisan telephone fund-raising campaign with a goal of nearly $80,000 to continue the paid lobbying effort.

Mr. Kiefer said that the realities suggest that the ERA's next best shot will not be until 1977, when the 1976 elections change some state legislatures that have rejected or not acted on the amendment.

ixon Gives apers, Tapes o University

ispute Continues ver Legal Rights

LOS ANGELES, April 21 (NYT). Former President Richard Nixon and the University of Southern California announced yesterday that Mr. Nixon was giving papers and materials accumulated during his years in public office to a presidential library to be established on the university's main campus here. When completed, the library would be deeded to the federal government.

The joint statements left unclear, however, the question of what papers and materials the former president was legally empowered to donate to the university.

The documents of the Nixon presidency, including the White House tapes, are in Washington. In December, President Ford signed into law a bill authorizing the federal government to retain ownership of Mr. Nixon's presidential papers.

Case Before Court

Attorneys for Mr. Nixon are challenging the constitutionality of that law and the case is before a three-judge U.S. District court panel, which is deciding whether it may assume jurisdiction in the matter.

Also in Washington, in the National Archives, is a sizable block of pre-presidential papers that Mr. Nixon donated to the government in two separate deeds in 1968 and 1969, and was used as part of his income-tax deduction. A deduction for 1969 was ultimately disallowed by the Internal Revenue Service, but a spokesman for the General Services Administration said yesterday that the government still considered Mr. Nixon's gift of pre-presidential papers legal.

A further impediment to Mr. Nixon's plans to deed his presidential papers to the university is a series of civil suits asking that the public be given access to the documents under the Freedom of Information Act. Those suits have been stayed pending a court decision on the constitutionality of the government's decision to retain the Nixon administration papers.

nti-Mafia Unit ritical of Italy's olice, Judiciary

ROME, April 21 (Reuters).—aly's Anti-Mafia Commission as criticized the judiciary and e police for their investigations the organization.

In a 711-page report published aturday, the official commission ded a year-long inquiry into e disappearance of taped evince alleged to have linked ominent officials with the afia.

The report criticized former me Police Chief Angelo Manno for what it called, "at best, s unorthodox methods" in equenting the home of alleged afia leader Frank (Three Fingers) Coppola.

The report said that the police d judiciary did not keep proper pervision over the tapes.

U.S. Action on Armenian Massacre Leads Turks to Recall My Lai

ANKARA, April 21 (UPI).—Turkish university lecturers said last week that if the U.S. Congress can declare the anniversary of the 1915 Turkish massacre of 600,000 Armenians a day to remember "man's inhumanity to man," then the Turkish parliament should do the same for My Lai.

"We propose the date of March 16, the day of the My Lai massacre, to be adopted as the day of remembrance of man's inhumanity to man," a petition to the parliament signed by 34 faculty members of the Middle East Technical University in Ankara said.

The university, which has an English-language curriculum, was established in 1960 with U.S. assistance.

The petition alleged inhuman acts by the United States "in the 18th century toward American Indians and the colored population, in 1945 by unnecessarily dropping atom bombs on Japan and most recently inhuman acts toward the civilian population of Indochina for the last 15 years symbolized by the massacre at My Lai in 1968."

The U.S. House of Representatives passed this month by a 377-19 vote a resolution by Rep. Thomas O'Neill, D-Mass., asking President Ford to declare April 24 a "national day of remembrance of man's inhumanity to man." The resolution cited the massacre of Armenians by the Turks in 1915 in Anatolia.



Associated Press.

WORKING AWAY—A mason from a nearby construction site filling his wooden barrel from the stone barrel of the Fountain of the Brewer in Rome. Romans call the fountain "Luther" from its likeness to Reformation leader Martin Luther.

Seek Federal Help on Their Problems

Rural Americans Form a Lobbying Unit

By Roy Reed

WASHINGTON, April 21 (NYT).—Twelve hundred rural Americans met here this week to lament the nation's treatment of its country people. They learned before the meeting was an hour old that an astonishing turnaround in population movement has occurred.

For the first time since the nation's early days, more people are leaving the cities for the country than vice versa, Calvin Beale, a demographer for the Department of Agriculture, said at the gathering.

Mr. Beale, relying on data from the Census Bureau, said that there was no massive exodus from the cities. Many rural areas are still losing people to the cities, just as they have for decades. But at some time since the late 1960s, the balance shifted and nonmetropolitan places have begun a steady gain, he said.

The implications of this population shift undoubtedly will be debated for some time, but those attending the meeting here took the news as one more reason to force the United States to look beyond its city limits.

To promote that aim, the farmers, social workers, government employees, foundation executives, union and cooperative members, housing experts and teachers who came to the meeting voted to form a new organization. They named it Rural America, Inc.

The organization will lobby for rural-oriented legislation and work with federal agencies to get more favorable enforcement of laws that affect rural people. It is to get its money from foundations, dues and perhaps some private businesses such as electricity cooperatives.

The establishment of Rural America, Inc., came on the heels of the formation of the National Rural Center to study rural problems and advocate solutions. The center will be financed by foundation money.

Fourth of Population

Rural and small-town (less than 2,500 population) dwellers make up about a fourth of the nation's population, but have a disproportionate share of its problems, several dozen speakers said at the meeting. Many blamed the imbalance on discrimination by the federal government.

"Most of the nation's poor housing is in rural areas," said Sen. James Abourezk, D-S.D., "yet most of the money goes to the cities. The same is true for aid to poor people, manpower training programs, education aid, elderly assistance programs and innumerable other areas."

Sen. Edward Kennedy, D-Mass., said that throughout the nation "there is one physician for every 665 people. In rural areas, however, there are more than twice that many people for every physician."

Others gave similar examples. But the greatest and most sustained outcry of the conference was against "agri-business"—corporations and big businessmen taking over the nation's agriculture and driving small farmers off the land.

Travels of Rockefeller Show His Strengths, Weaknesses

By Lou Cannon

WASHINGTON, April 21 (WP).—The strengths and weaknesses of Vice-President Rockefeller were vividly demonstrated last week on a grueling, 17,000-mile round trip to one of the last pro-America bastions in Asia.

Heading the U.S. delegation to the funeral of Chiang Kai-shek, Mr. Rockefeller impressed his Taiwanese hosts with his sense of ceremony and his wide-ranging knowledge of Chinese art.

But the 4 1/2-day trip, Mr. Rockefeller's second mission to a foreign funeral in less than a month—in late March he flew to King Faisal's funeral in Saudi Arabia—left the 66-year-old Vice-President physically exhausted.

It also put him in some trouble with the White House for his statements that Communist advances in Southeast Asia and elsewhere have the makings of a 1976 campaign issue.

'Most Trying'

"The last 48 hours have been the most trying or difficult emotionally that I've ever experienced," Mr. Rockefeller said soon after boarding Air Force 2 for the 18-hour return flight. He irritably turned aside reporters' questions about his reactions to the Taiwan visit.

"How could I possibly discuss it?" the Vice-President said.

Aides said that he was tired. He also may have been smarting from communiqués sent him both by the White House and by Secretary of State Henry Kissinger questioning Mr. Rockefeller's statement in an airplane interview that there are political possibilities inherent in the evacuation of Americans from Vietnam.

Getting into political trouble on trips taken on the President's behalf is nothing new for Mr. Rockefeller.

On his first trip in behalf of the Ford administration, a speech at a New Jersey fund-raising dinner in January, Mr. Rockefeller said that Congress would be to blame for the collapse of South Vietnam if it failed to provide the military aid requested by the President.

He told reporters that he had discussed his speech, the contents of which were not announced ahead of time, at a luncheon with Mr. Kissinger the same day.

Calls Ford Source

The next day, Mr. Rockefeller called White House Press Secretary Ron Nessen and told him that the idea for the speech had come from the President, at a cabinet meeting, not from Mr. Kissinger.

Then, on April 2, returning from the funeral of a New York State legislator, Mr. Rockefeller told reporters that "it really is too late" for the United States to do anything about the Communist advance in South Vietnam.

He later tried to explain away his remarks by saying that he had been misunderstood and that more military aid might be essential if Saigon forces could regroup.

But if Mr. Rockefeller has been something less than the accomplished political spokesman for the administration that President Ford expected, he has proved an appropriate diplomatic representative abroad.

In Taipei, the Vice-President made a big hit at the National Museum, where his knowledgeable interest in Chinese jades and bronzes delighted his guides. Afterward, Mr. Rockefeller observed to a reporter that he had been collecting Chinese art objects since 1930.

Speaking with Madame Chiang Kai-shek and with Chiang's successors, Mr. Rockefeller also struck the desired note of sympathetic concern.

"It's almost as good as having the President," said a U.S. official familiar with the Taiwan government. "Rockefeller's name is known everywhere. He's a symbol of America."

The America that Mr. Rockefeller symbolizes, understands and represents is an internationalist nation dedicated to commitments around the globe.

The Vice-President expressed his view of the nation's world role in the interview aboard Air Force 2 en route to Taiwan.

After telling the three reporters who accompanied him that "the rapid advance of Communist take-over by military force and subversion" had "the makings of political issues" for 1976, Mr. Rockefeller was asked to define these issues.

"Who else can preserve freedom in the world, who has the strength and the capacity, economically, militarily, but the United States?" Mr. Rockefeller responded.

Yamani Says U.S. May Get Oil Deal

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—Saudi Arabia is considering an arrangement to sell oil to the United States at a fixed price in return for help with industrialization, Sheikh Ahmed Zaki Yamani said yesterday.

The Saudi oil minister declined to speculate on what the cost of the oil would be, but he said that negotiations are under way concerning industrialization in Saudi Arabia.

In another area, Sheikh Yamani said that Saudi Arabia "accepts the principle of Israel," but Israel must give up all the territory occupied in the 1967 war, including East Jerusalem.

Council of Europe Head

STRASBOURG, April 21 (AP).—Karl Czernetz, an Austrian Socialist, today was elected president of the Assembly of the Council of Europe.

Baccarat

The finest in French Crystal since 1764.

You are cordially invited to visit our Museum and retail showrooms.

30 bis Rue de Paradis - Paris
Tel.: 770-64-30

Open Monday-Friday, 9 a.m.-5 p.m. Saturday, 10-12 a.m.; 2-5 p.m.

Also obtainable in selected specialty stores near your home in and outside of France (list and catalogue available on request).

47 Countries At European Atom Parley

Conference in Paris Hears Energy Plans

PARIS, April 21 (UPI).—A five-day conference on the peaceful uses of nuclear energy opened here today with 3,000 delegates from all over the world attending.

Delegates to the first European Nuclear Conference will review 360 papers on every facet of the nuclear industry, from the supply-and-demand situation for nuclear power to the safe disposal of nuclear wastes. The delegates come from 47 countries, including the United States and China.

For Europe, nuclear energy represents a means to reduce dependence on high-priced oil for its fuel needs, delegates said.

"Only nuclear energy can preserve the energy independence of Europe and permit it to survive in the modern world," the president of the Common Market's European Commission, François-Xavier Ortoli of France, said in an opening address.

French Prime Minister Jacques Chirac said in the keynote speech: "For the immediate future—I mean for the next 10 years—nuclear energy is one of our main responses to our energy needs."

Investments in the nuclear sector in Europe over the next decade are expected to be particularly heavy, conference sources said.

Europe will need to invest $71.4 billion in nuclear power stations in the next 10 years if it wants to reach the 165,000-megawatt capacity of atom-generated electricity—up from the current 28,000 megawatts—that the Common Market has set as a goal for 1985, delegates said. With transportation, distribution and uranium-enrichment costs added, the price rises to $190 billion, they said.

The European Nuclear Conference was organized with the help of the American Nuclear Society and is the largest nuclear symposium ever held, according to its chairman, André Giraud, president of the French Atomic Energy Commission.

Today's session was disrupted briefly by members of the Friends of the Earth environmentalist organization who scattered leaflets protesting the use of atomic energy.

Mr. Chirac stopped his speech and said, "Let the irresponsible people leave the room." The protesters walked out but shouted back, "You are the irresponsible one."

Marcos Opens Army to Rebels In a Peace Step

MANILA, April 21 (UPI).—President Ferdinand Marcos today agreed to integrate insurgent Moslem forces into the Philippine military command as a step toward ending their rebellion.

Mr. Marcos met with 142 leaders of 27 rebel groups from the Mindanao-Sulu region. The insurgents attended a three-day peace conference with the government in the southern port city of Zamboanga last week.

In response to rebel demands to integrate qualified Moslems into the armed forces, Mr. Marcos ordered the formation of an engineering battalion composed of Moslems. He also commissioned 12 rebel leaders as second lieutenants in the armed forces.

The President also announced:

- The establishment of two regional offices in the Mindanao-Sulu region under Moslems who will take over government administration in the area.
- The dismissal of three provincial governors and two mayors in the south.
- The release of $7 million for development projects in Mindanao.

U.S. Study Finds Human Face Below Eyes Is Going Downhill

ANN ARBOR, Mich., April 21 (AP).—The human jaw is getting smaller, its chin is receding and its teeth are getting more crooked, according to a University of Michigan scientist.

"Our whole facial structure below the eyes is falling to pieces," Dr. James Harris, chairman of the university's department of orthodontics, said. "When we see a person with perfect teeth, it's so rare that we take pictures."

Dr. Harris has spent the last decade studying the teeth of ancient and present-day Nubians, a genetically distinct tribe which has lived along the Nile River for thousands of years.

Dr. Harris and his colleagues studied the Nubians, who have the facial features of Caucasians and the bone structure of black Africans, because skeletal remains dating back to AD 200 to 1,500 were available.

'Bad Bite'

He began his study to determine why so many people—particularly Americans—suffer from malocclusion, or "bad bite."

Dr. Harris found that the contemporary Nubian's teeth are not nearly as crooked as the average American's. The reason may be the greater mix of racial groups in America, he said.

"You take people with long heads, round heads, square heads and you throw them all together, you're asking for trouble," he said. "You're asking for a harmonious face from a series of genes that are not programmed to produce a harmonious result.

"It's remarkable we look like humans," he said.

Dr. Harris said the primary reason humans regularly suffer from malocclusion is that their jaw is growing smaller, with the teeth getting smaller, too, but at a far slower rate.

Thus, teeth crowd into an undersized jawbone and the consequences are jammed, crooked teeth.

Normally, genetic changes harmful to a species—like too-small jaws—are not reproduced because the species usually does not survive to breed.

But with civilization and softer foods, children with malocclusions have survived and passed on defective genes to their children.

"The cranio-facial system is the only system in the body that can completely collapse and you can still reproduce," Dr. Harris said.

Dr. Harris foresees a gradual worsening of human teeth over the next several thousand years.

"There is no reason to believe the face is not going to continue to get worse and worse," he said. "We will have more and more poorly formed teeth, and a consistently worse bite."

Tanzania Moves To Avert Attack

DAR ES SALAAM, April 21 (Reuters).—Tanzania today took precautions against possible attack after the government said last night that it had reliable information that a neighboring state was planning to annex one of its border districts.

The country was not named, but it was widely believed to be Uganda.

The two countries have had an uneasy relationship marked by occasional skirmishing since Uganda's President Idi Amin ousted former President Milton Obote in a coup in 1971. Mr. Obote lives in exile in Dar es Salaam.

Nessen Assures Africans of U.S. Interest in Ties

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP).—The United States seeks to develop closer relations with the countries of Africa, White House Press Secretary Ron Nessen said today.

He was replying to a question about critical comments made Saturday night by President Kenneth Kaunda of Zambia. In a toast at a White House state dinner, Mr. Kaunda expressed concern over U.S. policy toward Africa, or "the lack of it," and referred obliquely to U.S. abstentions in UN votes criticizing South Africa and Rhodesia.

Mr. Nessen noted that President Ford, in his own toast Saturday night, said that the United States supports self-determination in Africa and that changes should occur through peaceful negotiations.

"The President promised the continuous support of the United States as the various parties seek solutions at the conference table," Mr. Nessen said.

"As for the Kaunda statement regarding American policy, the U.S. is intent on developing closer relationships with the countries of Africa," he said.

VAN MOPPES MEANS DIAMONDS

A world-wide reputation for quality and reliability. Since 1828.

MEET THE VAN MOPPES
world's largest diamond polishing factory
FREE FOR VISITORS

Also: Tax Free Diamond Jewelry
All prices 20% lower than elsewhere in Amsterdam

A.van MOPPES & SON
2-6 ALBERT CUYPSTRAAT
AMSTERDAM

SAVE TIME & MONEY AT
MICHEL SWISS
TAX-FREE GIFT-SHOPPING
NEW 16 Rue de la Paix, PARIS
Phone: 073-60-36.
mail order service
PERFUMES - BAGS
SCARVES - TIES
SMART NOVELTIES
MAXIMUM DISCOUNT

For 80 years we have dressed a privileged few. Now we would like to dress a few more.

Men dressed by Sulka are better known for their personality than their elegance, though they are recognized to be among the finest dressed in the world.

Sulka are haberdashers – shirtmakers and have the finest ready to wear clothes. Since 1895.

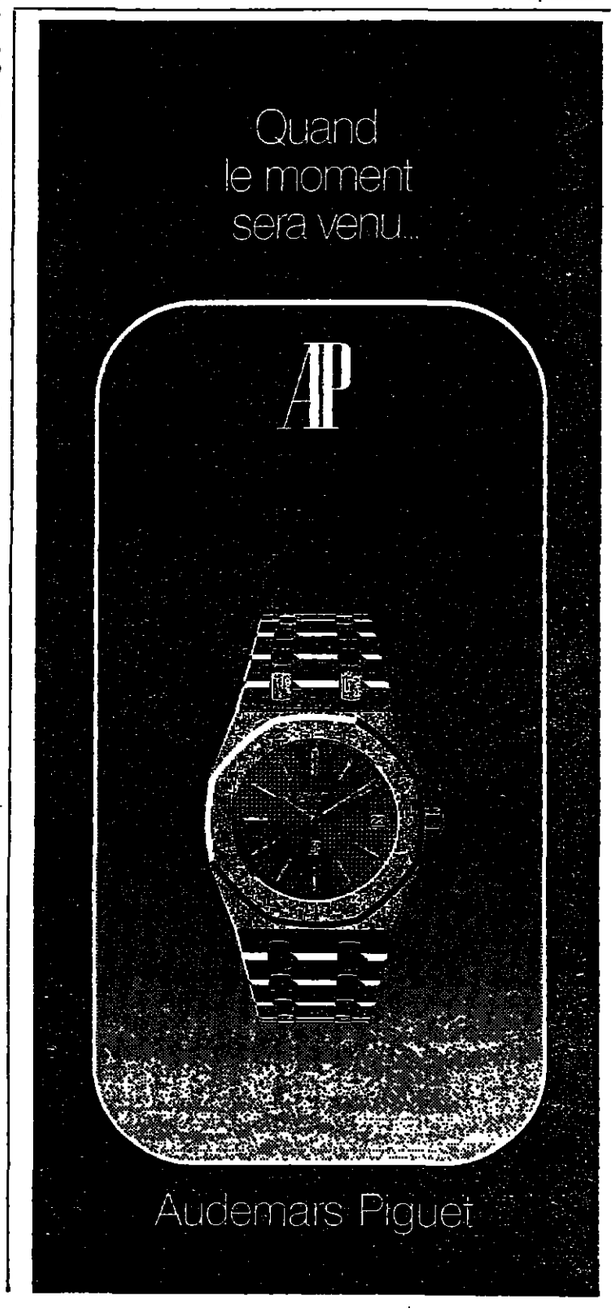
A ready to wear suit – 10,000 hand sewn stitches.

Sulka have just remodeled their store to incorporate a greater choice of these lovingly moulded and hand sewn ready to wear clothes which they are proud to feel comparable to the world finest tailors.

The majority of these models are made in England, Crewe, Cheshire, exactly where the Rolls Royces are made too.

You must come to Sulka to be astonished by their cashmeres, the beauty of their materials and taste the infinite joy of being one of the privileged customers.

Sulka.
2 rue de Castiglione Paris 1er Tel.: 260.38.08



INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post
Page 4—Tuesday, April 22, 1975

Thieu Steps Down

With his northern lines breaking at Xuan Loc and under pressure both from his generals and from the United States, Nguyen Van Thieu has resigned the presidency of South Vietnam. He was sad and bitter at this catastrophic end to eight years in office, this unhappy termination of an even longer fight against Communism—and, as he sees it, this death for South Vietnam.

His sadness and bitterness will be widely shared, although he himself will be the focus of more anger than sorrow. That Thieu should feel wrath against the United States is not unnatural; what is illuminating about his denunciation of American policy, however, is that it centered more upon the Paris accords themselves than upon the limited aid Saigon received after them. He was, he says, forced into accepting that "settlement"; he does not believe that negotiation with the Communists is ever possible.

He may well be right—renewed frictions in Laos seem to indicate that whatever peaceful coexistence is possible between Communist and non-Communist nations does not extend to parties within a country—at least in Southeast Asia. One can only conclude from Thieu's parting words and from the North Vietnamese current offensive that neither Saigon nor Hanoi signed the Paris accords in good faith: The former was compelled to do so by the United States; the latter was buying a little time

Given that situation, however, Thieu's gravest sin was failure—failure to use the weapons he had to fight successfully against the North Vietnamese and Viet Cong; failure to use the authority he had won, or had seized, to unify his own people. To sustain such a fated regime after the efforts the United States had put into the struggle before the Paris papers were signed was more than the American people were willing to do; to make good Thieu's errors in battle since that time was something no American government could have undertaken.

For much of Thieu's arbitrary behavior as President, the fact of war—especially civil war—provides an explanation, which has many precedents in many countries, including the United States. But his behavior did not work; it weakened South Vietnam rather than giving it strength and went to excesses that diminished his support within that country as well as abroad. And his clinging to power after he had become not only the fact but the widespread symbol of intransigence has greatly enhanced the losses and perils of the South Vietnamese and jeopardized the chances even of a reasonably orderly transition to whatever will emerge from the victory of the North Vietnamese. That Thieu had stubborn courage cannot be denied; that it was not coupled with administrative or military ability has made that courage a curse, rather than a blessing for *his country. And now it remains to be seen* whether his foes will have the wisdom and statecraft to build on his departure—or simply use it to extend the term and scope of the war's destructiveness.

Italy, Japan and Their Oil Bills

The industrial nations seem to be surviving the high new prices of oil a great deal more successfully than most of them expected. The most vulnerable of them—Japan and Italy—are both adapting with greater speed and ingenuity than seemed possible as recently as six months ago. Both of them depend on imported oil, mainly from the Middle East and North Africa, for more than two-thirds of their basic energy. (In comparison, the United States imports only one-sixth of its energy.) Both Italy and Japan have fallen into unpleasantly sharp recessions, in which oil costs are a major factor. But the slowdown is not nearly so severe in Italy as it has been, for example, in the United States. In Japan, the recovery is coming along far more swiftly than in America.

The lesson for Americans is not, of course, that nations can ignore a sixfold increase in the price of their principal fuel or expect to prosper by pretending that it makes no difference. Quite the contrary. For Americans, and particularly for Congress, the point here is that a good many other countries are already reacting with remarkable forcefulness and discipline to protect themselves.

Italy was still enjoying a fat and happy rate of economic growth early last year, at a time when the American recession was already well under way. But the Italians were also afflicted with a terrific inflation and a rapidly rising public appetite for expensive consumer goods from abroad. In the spring, the government began to take drastic action. It clamped severe penalties on most imports, in a spectacular violation of the spirit of the Common Market. Then, to get a crucial loan from the West Germans, it pushed through a series of stiff tax increases. The effects were difficult to predict at the time. Throughout the autumn sensible and well-informed people in the United States discussed at length the possibility of waves of Italian bankruptcies and financial defaults, with hair-raising political consequences.

But now it is evident that the taxes have proved highly effective in cutting consumer demand. At the same time, Italian industry has once again demonstrated its remarkable ability to swing to overseas markets when orders at home decline. The lira has stayed level with the dollar, which means that it has fallen in terms of most other currencies to the considerable benefit of Italian exports. Now the government has decided that it can afford to drop last year's import penalties and, to demonstrate its financial solidity, it has begun to repay the West German loan ahead of schedule. One ought not overstate the case: The inflation rate remains over 20 per cent a year, the national budget still has a huge deficit, and the lira's devaluation is affecting living standards. But the economic dangers appear to have been reduced *to a tolerable and, for Italy, familiar level.*

As for Japan, it has repeatedly demonstrated over the years its capacity to fit its economy to new circumstances. The oil price increases arrived at a moment when the Japanese were already caught up in a rapid inflation. The remedy was very tight credit, which brought a sharp contraction in production. There have been some bankruptcies and a level of unemployment that is, by Japanese standards, dire. But their economy will show positive growth for 1975, which is more than you can say for America's. The inflation rate has been close to 25 per cent a year most of the time since early 1973, but this year it may well be down around 10 per cent.

The Japanese voters have gone through this turbulence with no visible political reaction at all. In the prefectural and local elections a week ago, the conservative Liberal Democratic party that has governed the country for almost three decades showed its customary strength. It had lost a good deal of prestige in the scandals that forced the resignation of Premier Tanaka last December, but since then the economic troubles appear, if anything, to have strengthened support for the government.

Does all this mean that pollyanna reigns, and that the world can stop worrying about fuel costs? Not yet, certainly. These two countries, like the United States and most others, have just been through a severe drop in economic production. All of these countries now want to get things cranking again. If they leap into another big simultaneous boom like the last one, they will all start importing much more of the basic commodities. That risks creating another tremendous seller's market for oil, like the one in 1973. There is no reason why the oil-exporting governments would not respond to this invitation by raising their prices still higher.

Steering through the coming worldwide recovery will take enormous foresight and restraint on the part of the industrial nations. Whether they are capable of it remains to be seen. The most that can be said just now is that Western Europe, Japan and North America have absorbed the first great shock of the oil revolution without any major casualties. But even that is a good deal more than anyone could have promised last autumn.

THE WASHINGTON POST.

International Opinion

The Portuguese Elections

Portugal's elections on Friday will not be wholly meaningless. True, they will not fulfil their original purpose, which was to elect a constituent assembly to draw up a new constitution. The assembly will be elected but the Armed Forces Movement has already decided the type of constitution it wants. Nevertheless, the mere fact of going through the motions of an election campaign is of enormous significance after 50 years with scarcely any political life at all. It has allowed a dozen parties to parade their wares and has given the populace the opportunity to discuss some of the problems before them. Even if it is regarded as a dummy run for some real election in the future or merely as a massive public-opinion poll, its effects will not be wholly negated by the decision of the soldiers to keep power.

—From the Times (London).

In the International Edition

Seventy-Five Years Ago

April 22, 1900

WASHINGTON—Reports from Rio de Janeiro and Berlin, indicating renewed activity on the part of Germany with regard to Brazil, and the idea that Germany may have an eye on South America and not be averse when time comes to making a practical test of the force of the Monroe Doctrine, are not passing unheeded here. But for the moment, for diplomatic reasons administration leaders here are keeping quiet and watchfully waiting.

Fifty Years Ago

April 22, 1925

LISBON—The casualties of the attempted military coup of the last few days which has been completely smashed, are given today as 12 killed and 73 wounded. Much damage was caused by shellfire. The leaders of the revolutionary movement have been arrested and confined to barracks and on warships. The companies who mutinied, 1,200 men in all, have been disbanded and martial law will probably be suspended tomorrow.



'Spoils of War.'

Coping With America's Self-Image

By David S. Broder

WASHINGTON.—As a former resident of Grand Rapids and a political protégé of the late Arthur Vandenberg, President Ford finds it natural to invoke the doctrine of bipartisanship in foreign policy, which Vandenberg came to symbolize 30 years ago.

It is circumstantially useful for the President to take this tack as he attempts to lead the country through a wrenching readjustment of our self-image as a *world power, in the wake of the* collapse of our Indochina policy.

There is no point in minimizing the difficulties of that readjustment. A number of old friends of the United States—particularly such European voices as Willy Brandt and the London Economist—are saying consoling things to us, trying to ward off what the latter called "the temptation to generalize despair" about the efficacy of worldwide American policy.

Common Sense

Their comments are as common sense as they are comforting. Indochina is not the whole world: it is not even an inherently significant slice of the globe. And our policy failure there does not necessarily mean that our policy is misguided everywhere.

Yet we cannot blind ourselves to certain facts. The decision to make Cambodia an additional theater of operations in the Indochina war—a decision which seemed "damn-fool" *even to a* rank amateur like this reporter —has been vouched for by Secretary of State Kissinger, who remains enormously influential in the design of our new policies.

Our Cambodian policy has failed. And the policy in Vietnam, which six administrations supported, seems not far from collapse either.

It is natural that President Ford seeks bipartisan backing as he attempts to put the pieces back together. It is not only natural, but prudent, for history suggests that the combination of foreign reverses and domestic political weakness in the American government *may tempt the Russians* or the Chinese to test a novice President in some area of the world where our natural interest is far greater than in Indochina.

The Difficulty

The difficulty is that one cannot create bipartisan support merely by asking for it. It takes special political and intellectual conditions for that to happen and, so far, both are lacking.

The political problem can be solved if Mr. Ford can only discipline his own instincts. So far, he has been unable to decide whether he wants bipartisan support or partisan advantage in putting the Indochina failure behind us.

On Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays Mr. Ford is all for joining hands with Congress to rebuild the foundations of American foreign policy. But on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays he is imputing blame to Congress for supposedly sacrificing Indochina in order to save a measly *few hundred million dollars.*

He cannot have it both ways. But even if he opted clearly for reconciliation, rather than recrimination, he would have to supply a fresh concept of America's national interest as a basis for a new bipartisan policy. Vandenberg knew that, and he strictly limited his own bipartisanship to Europe, where such a doctrine existed. He excluded Asia from bipartisan policy, because Republicans and Democrats had very different ideas, even before the Korean war, about the right stance for America to take.

Unfortunately, Mr. Ford's State of the World speech was laced with evidence of unresolved issues in his own thinking. In discussing Indochina, for example, the Communist powers were described as "adversaries" who had shown "no interest in negotiation." In the section on Europe and the Middle East, they became "potential adversaries." But in discussing bilateral talks with Russia and China, those countries were transformed, as if by magic, into nations interested in "lessening tensions" and *building "construc*tive relations."

This kind of conceptual and strategic confusion must be clarified by the President. Congress will not do the job. Congress' approach to serious issues of foreign policy is symbolized by the resolution, passed by the House two days before Mr. Ford's speech, proclaiming Thursday a "*National* Day of Remembrance of Man's Inhumanity to Man."

Lobbying

This piece of work turns out to be the product of some vigorous lobbying of key House Democrats by Armenian-American constituents who wanted to take note of the 60th anniversary of the Turks' slaughter of the Armenians.

Passed with haste and without committee consideration, this resolution was a further embarrassment to the administration. It also underlined Mr. Ford's warning that "our foreign policy cannot be simply a collection of special economic or ethnic or ideological interests."

But that is what it will become, unless the President takes the lead in the process of readjustment and reeducation the country now needs. Without that, appeals to bipartisanship will surely fail.

CIA's Colby in the Hot Seat

By Rowland Evans and Robert Novak

WASHINGTON — Tucked into *President Ford's speech to* Congress last week and ignored in the emotional controversy over Vietnam, was a carefully worded warning that secret operations of the Central Intelligence Agency must be protected from "altered" congressional oversight that threatens "essential secrets."

Mr. Ford's purpose: repeal of an oversight provision stuck into a new law last December. That provision requires the President to notify "appropriate committees," including the notoriously leaky Senate Foreign Relations and House International Relations Committees, before approving any overt CIA operation abroad. Such wide distribution of this country's most secret operations "makes the protection of vital information very, very difficult," Mr. Ford said.

This presidential concern comes not a moment too soon for the few friends of the CIA still willing to buck the political lynch-mob psychology which began with disclosures about the CIA's clandestine work in Chile and illegal spying on American citizens.

Indeed, the apparent reluctance of both the White House and embattled CIA director William Colby to shout their fears about destruction of the agency has infuriated serious-minded intelligence experts. "For the life of me," one such expert told us, "I cannot figure out why President Ford and Colby have handled this 'assassination' issue so ineptly."

Asking anonymity, this uniquely well-informed official continued: "As far as I know the CIA never killed any foreign leaders. Plotting may be something else again, but if every thought a man had were translated automatically into action, there would be few of us out of jail or still alive. Would you like to be hung for every nasty fantasy in which you indulged? But assassination, no sir, and I defy anyone to prove differently."

But when the charge of possible CIA assassinations of foreign leaders surfaced, the instinctive White House reaction was to hand that hot issue to the presidential commission headed by Vice-President Rockefeller. That only gave new wings to rumors that the CIA may, indeed, have been executioner at high levels.

Colby, a straight arrow without guile, is desperately trying to hold back the floodgates by offering his full cooperation to the separate, year-long probes about to start in the Senate and House. Intimates say that when the assassination charge first came up, he refused categorical denials on grounds that these probers might turn up shreds of evidence —unknown to him—tending to link the CIA with summit murders.

Colby's policy is passionately debated by him and top-level CIA officials with their own conflicting views. Colby contends that in today's rancid political climate, his job is to reveal almost everything to any duly constituted congressional committee and claim executive privilege only in extraordinary cases.

Some former intelligence officials believe he has no alternative. Within the agency itself, one group of officials has pressed for total exposure of everything the agency has ever done and for prosecution of officials who broke laws.

But another faction violently disagrees. Their thesis: Almost everything the CIA has done was under direct orders from a president of the United States. Yet the agency is now asked to take the rap for extra-legal activity. So, take the heat — but tell nothing that could compromise the CIA's daily routine.

In fact, daily routine is already compromised to a point that the agency is now engaging in a bare handful of covert "operations" abroad, none particularly sensitive. Moreover, exchange deals with foreign intelligence agencies are drying up and U.S. businessmen, acting for years as invaluable informants and CIA fronts, have become "impassioned" in breaking off all CIA contacts.

Also evaporating are the highly useful deals by which a foreign nation's intelligence service does field work for the CIA in "coattail operations" financed by the CIA. When one such foreign service demanded a signed letter from the CIA that a particular operation would never surface, the agency could not give such assurance: the operation was aborted.

Colby is well aware of criticism against his policy of total cooperation with the multitude of investigators. His aim is to avoid an "adversary relationship" with congressional probers, depending on their self-control to preserve national security. But critics fear that, as the House and Senate probes get up steam, the penchant for leaking long-buried secrets extremely harmful to U.S. foreign policy will prove irresistible.

The President's signal that he intends to tighten the new scatter-gun oversight role of Congress serves as a somber warning to the two investigating committees. If their 21 members cannot keep the CIA's past and present secrets, Congress will not have a *long-range oversight role.* The CIA will have died an unnatural death.

Letters

Vietnam Rhetoric

Sir Robert Thompson's glib aspects of Saigon's Retreat (IHT, April 8) is another example of the postmortems on Vietnam now suffusing the American press. His pervasive arrogance would have us believe that expertise in guerrilla warfare makes him an authority in the field of international affairs, an extension of a narrow field which unfortunately President Nixon seemed to have also taken seriously.

How does Sir Robert know that Russia's guns are better than American guns? How does he arrive at a figure of $50 billion to $100 billion as the price of restoring America's credibility? Can credibility be measured in dollars? And is there really a question of America's credibility or is it rather a failure of U.S. perception of South Vietnam's professed determination to fight its northern compatriots?

How can Sir Robert have the audacity to say that the South Vietnamese were "unlucky enough to get the Americans, while the North got the Russians." The same Americans, who for years and with 55,000 dead, have tried to stem what in the eyes of many was an inevitable end—which has now come. The flight of thousands is nothing more than the result of an abject failure of the South Vietnamese military and government to provide leadership in time of stress—or peace. They are not "voting with their feet," they have panicked in the face of uncertainty and change.

The dramatic utterance of Sir Robert does not stop with Vietnam. "The American retreat before Moscow," "the abject surrender of the United States," "the southern flank of NATO crumbling," "American President's guarantee is worthless," "eternal dishonor is a permanent commitment," are just some of his epithets. There is evident in all this grand rhetoric a distorted focus and an infatuation with one's own methaphor. *No more.*

M. MAUKSCH.

Brussels.

Something Wrong

As I was reading Edward Furey's story on middle age and unemployment in the United States on the editorial page (IHT, April 4), it crossed my elderly mind that the newspaper I was holding cost the equivalent of 60 cents, and the cup of coffee that accompanied it cost more than half a dollar.

At these prices it looks as though the morning paper and the coffee break will soon be luxuries out of *the reach of em*ployed and unemployed alike.

You're right, Mr. Furey, there is something terribly wrong. And not just in America.

BERT CANTOR.

Geneva.

Elections Due Friday

Portugal Is a Worry To Left in Europe, Too

By Flora Lewis

PARIS—This week's Portuguese elections are provoking apprehension throughout Europe, and not the least, within the European left.

There is no longer any doubt that the Portuguese Communists have dramatically enhanced their power, and well beyond their actual share of support in the population.

Assessments differ on whether or not they are moving toward full control through their influence on the Armed Forces Movement, and these differences are often based on wishes as well as facts.

Among the major European Communist parties, there is a clear split of interests reflecting each party's own position on home-ground. The French Communists, moving steadily back to a hard-line position over the last six months despite their alliance with the French Socialists, seem delighted with developments in Portugal and are egging on their Portuguese comrades.

Concerned

The Italians, and the outlawed Spanish Communist party, which remains active and apparently ready to surface the day Madrid's regime is changed, do not hide their concern. Each hopes to enter a broadscale coalition government reaching well through the center right, and the harshness of Portugal's lurch leftwards undermines them.

West European Socialists, even those like France's François Mitterrand, who reject the West German pattern of social democracy as a model of collusion with capitalism and plan their own coalition with Communists, are appalled.

They have good reason; and it is not only sympathy for their hard-pressed Socialist friend Mario Soares, the Portuguese Socialist leader. Their own political support, and possibly their own convictions that left-socialism is compatible with pluralistic democracy, is being roughly tested.

How, then, are things really going in Portugal? French Socialists insist that the real danger is not a Communist take-over in Portugal because, they say, while there seems to be a powerful nucleus of pro-Communists among the military leaders, not all the army feels that way by a long shot.

The danger, these French leaders say, is a military dictatorship, pure and simple; left-leaning, perhaps, as in Peru but nonetheless a military, rather than a Communist party, power structure.

A certain quiet agony for Mr. Soares and the Portuguese Socialists is welling in the Socialist International, which includes Britain's Harold Wilson, Sweden's Olof Palme and Austria's Bruno Kreisky as men holding power.

These men do not want to criticize Mr. Soares at such a delicate moment for signing the military-imposed pledge which will prevent the future Portuguese assembly from organizing the country according to the voters' mandate.

They understand his reasoning —the hope that elections will show such an overwhelming non-Communist vote in the country that officers in the armed forces leadership who have been going along with the Communists will gain heart and reverse the trend.

Still, many of the European Socialist parties wish he had not signed, and are crossing their fingers for him with reservations.

The French Communists, echoing a growing rumble in Portugal, have come right out and accused the Portuguese Socialists of "frenetic anti-Communism." In an important report to the French Central Committee, Politburo member Jean Kanapa said, "Our solidarity and our approval go to those, Communists, progressives, and the Armed Forces Movement, who refuse to any individual, group or party the right to overturn democratic power by force or to sabotage the national economy."

For months now, French Communists have been mounting such a shrill and relentless attack on their ally that their liaison has lost public credibility. It seems just a matter of time until it is broken.

The attitude of Moscow and the Eastern European Communists is even more ambiguous.

Sudden Shove

From the start of Portugal's upheaval last year until the sudden shove left last month, the East bloc had been exceedingly discreet. Its press avoided political comment, and its diplomats and other envoys told anyone who would listen how energetically they were urging the Portuguese Communists to be restrained and cooperative with non-Communists.

The Eastern European Communis press remains fairly cool, but very little has been heard lately about a desire to keep the Portuguese Communists in their distinctly minority place and to keep Portugal in its West bloc place. On the contrary, a good deal of activity has been seen in support of the Portuguese party's hard line.

It is hard to explain these shifts, just as it is hard to explain the way the French Communists are stomping backwards from their alliance with the Socialists. Usually, internal political reasons are given for the French, but the effect on the public is such that one has to think the French Communists no longer really want to try for a left coalition government.

Possibly, both the change in France and the attitude toward Portugal coming from Eastern Europe reflect the hidden struggle that has just surfaced in Moscow with party leader Leonid Brezhnev's victory.

There had been speculation for some time that Mr. Brezhnev was engaged in a battle for both full personal power and his policy of détente. It seems to have come to a climax at the recent Central Committee meeting when Alexander Shelepin resigned from the Politburo, Mr. Brezhnev's "policy of peace" was endorsed, and the date for the 25th Party Congress was set for next February, as he was known to desire.

Kremlin's Line

It remains to be seen whether this resettling of the Kremlin's basic line will affect the situation in Portugal. The Portuguese party is considered the most pro-Soviet in all Western Europe, and has normally been quite sensitive to Moscow's wishes.

Western Socialists and others feel that Moscow is pushing to see how far it can go without provoking Western reaction and endangering détente. They do not think the Russians want to take any serious risks of confrontation with the United States, but some speculate that Moscow is willing to take advantage of American setbacks elsewhere in the world, and especially of this moment of disarray and indecision in Washington.

It may become clear fairly quickly after the elections in Portugal on Friday just what the new Moscow line means in terms of this first threat of the emergence of a Western European Communist state since the beginning of the cold war.

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Chairman John Hay Whitney
Co-Chairmen Katharine Graham, Arthur Ochs Sulzberger
Publisher Robert T. MacDonald
Editor Murray M. Weiss
Managing Editor George W. Bates
Roy Fisher, Assistant Managing Editor.

International Herald Tribune, S.A. au capital de F 320 000 R.C. Paris No. 73 B 2112. 21 Rue de Berri, 75380 Paris Cedex 08. Tel.: 225-36-00. Telex: 28.956 Herald, Paris. Cables: Herald, Paris.
La Directeur de la publication : Walter H. Thayer.
© 1975 International Herald Tribune. All rights reserved.

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

Obituaries

r. Percy Julian, 76, Chemist nd Civil Rights Leader, Dies

EW YORK, April 21 (NYT).—Percy L. Julian, 76, an internationally known research chemand a leader in the fight for rights, died Saturday in an ois hospital.

. Julian, the grandson of a e, held more than 130 chempatents. He was an early hesizer of cortisone drugs, which he earned more than nillion.

is work with soybeans led to isolation of a soya protein became the basis of aeron, the extinguisher that was in World War II as the y's firefighting "bean soup." is research also resulted in quanitity production of soya ols, female and male hores. He gained wide notice, for his synthesis of physomine, a drug used to treat coma.

e received many awards for work, including honorary ees from 12 universities or ages, the Spingarn Award of NAACP in 1947, and the 0 Proctor Prize of Sigma XI, science research honor soci in 1974.

e was one of six children of es Sumner Julian, a railway l clerk and the son of slaves. Elisabeth Adams Julian. He uated in 1920 from DePauw versity, where he majored in nistry and was valedictorian is class.

e attended Harvard Univeron an Austin Fellowship received his master's degree 1923. And he was general cation board fellow at the versity of Vienna, where he ived a PhD degree in 1931.

Earl of Mar

ONDON, April 21 (AP).—The of Mar, 60, premier Earl of tland, fell five floors to his h today at his London apartt. Scotland Yard said there e no suspicious circumstances. he successor to his title, ch is more than 900 years is his daughter, Lady Mar-t, 34, who helped lead a ke of postal workers four rs ago.

he Earl farmed in Kenya for years before returning in 1965, n he inherited the title. He ked as a bartender and parte gardener for a time. His reations, according to Who's o, were fishing, gardening and cking pigeons."

Dr. Henry A. Schroeder

NEW YORK, April 21 (NYT). Dr. Henry A. Schroeder, 68, neritus professor of physiology Dartmouth College, whose udies of high blood pressure and hypertension led him to investigate the effects of metallic trace elements on the human body, died yesterday at his winter home in St. Thomas, Virgin Islands.

After his retirement from Dartmouth in 1971, he established a laboratory in West Brattleboro, Vt., to study the effects of metallic trace elements on animals. He discovered a persuasive connection between heart disease and metals, particularly lead and cadmium.

Gen. F. Franco Salgado

MADRID, April 21 (UPI).—Gen. Francisco Franco Salgado, 84, a first cousin and the private secretary of chief of state Francisco Franco, died today, the national news agency Cifra said.

Gen. Franco Salgado fought in the Moroccan war and the Spanish Civil War alongside his cousin.

'Ranieri Mazzili

SAO PAULO, Brazil, April 21 (AP).—Former Brazilian President Ranieri Mazzili, 85, died today at a hospital here where he had undergone treatment for kidney problems.

Mr. Mazzili retired from public life 10 years ago and devoted himself to farming. He had been a congressman four times and served as interim president of Brazil on five occasions before the 1964 coup, which put the present government in power.

Gen. William D. Hamlin

LIGHTHOUSE POINT, Fla., April 21 (UPI).—Retired Army Maj. Gen. William D. Hamlin, 70, a signals expert on Gen. Dwight Eisenhower's staff in World War II, died last Thursday after a heart attack at his home here. He was born at Clinton, N.Y., and was graduated from West Point in 1929. He retired from the Army in 1963 after commanding the Signal Corps School at Fort Monmouth, N.J.

He was credited with persuading Congress to authorize the building in the 1930s of a multichannel telephone and telegraph cable linking Alaska with the continental United States.

Mark S. Spivak

MOSCOW, April 21 (UPI).—A leading Ukrainian Communist party official, Mark S. Spivak, 73, died last Wednesday after a long illness, the newspaper Ukrainy Pravda said today. He was the Ukrainian minister of agriculture from 1952 to 1964, a member of the Central Committee of the Ukrainian party and a deputy to the Supreme Soviet.



Associated Press.

WAYWARD STEER—A cowboy pulls a steer from the men's rest room at the Seattle Center Arena after the animal bolted from a pen and jumped a four-foot retaining wall during rodeo performance.

Bomb in Vacant Ulster House Kills Two Brothers and Sister

BELFAST, April 21 (Reuters).—Two brothers and their sister were killed by a bomb in an abandoned house near Dungannon, County Tyrone, today—apparently the innocent victims of a guerrilla booby trap.

Troops and police found their mutilated bodies in the wreckage of the house, which it was understood they were renovating. Security forces speculated that guerrillas had planted the bomb in the expectation that it would be detonated by soldiers carrying out a routine search.

The killing followed a series of shooting and bombing incidents in the province during the night.

The Belfast home of a former secretary of the Catholic-dominated Social Democratic and Labor party was damaged by a bomb, believed to have been planted by Protestant extremists. He was not at home. His wife and young son were in the house but were not injured.

Five men were in a hospital today with leg wounds after a shooting affray in the border town of Newry last night. Security forces suspect that it grew out of the feud between the rival Provisional and Official wings of the outlawed Irish Republican Army.

Damaged Sinai Oil Well To Go Back in Service

TEL AVIV, April 21 (UPI).—The oil well put out of commission last year in the Sinai's Abu Rudeis oil field by an errant Israeli anti-aircraft missile will go back into service within a few weeks, according to the government's chief of petroleum operations.

Government petroleum expert Zvi Dinstein said that restoring the missile-damaged well to production would increase the field's production to 3.5 million tons of crude oil a year or about 55 per cent of Israel's annual needs. Israel buys the rest of its oil from Iran.

Greeks Vote, Ruling Party Loses 3 Seats

Anniversary of Coup In 1967 Is Marked

ATHENS, April 21 (AP).—*Premier Constantine Caramanlis's* New Democracy party lost three parliamentary seats in seven elections yesterday, final results showed today. The Premier's party now holds 216 of the 300 seats in the single-chamber Greek parliament.

The seven seats had to be filled after the resignation and death of two deputies, and irregularities in five other cases in the November, 1974, elections. About 170,000 of the 6 million registered voters were summoned to the polls again.

The New Democracy party's losses occurred in Ioannina, Serres and Corfu.

The Center Union-New Forces party increased its representation in parliament by one seat, to 61, and the Panhellenic Socialist Movement increased its hold by two seats, to 15. The 8 remaining seats are held by the United Democratic Left party.

Coup Is Marked

Athens today observed two minutes of silence to mark the anniversary of the 1967 military coup and to honor the victims of the seven-year dictatorship. Parliament declared today "The Black Anniversary" and the commemoration was supported by all political parties.

As the silence ended, Spyridon Moustaklis, who is partly paralyzed as a result of torture under military rule, and the parents of a student killed during the anti-government uprising at the Athens Polytechnic Institute in November, 1973, laid flowers at the entrance to the university.

Later today, the police dispersed demonstrators who broke into the U. S. Embassy and smashed doors, windows and furniture.

Police said six demonstrators and five policemen were injured in clashes in which tear-gas grenades were fired.

All Political Sentences Commuted by Chiang

TAIPEI, April 21 (UPI).—Premier Chiang Ching-kuo, son of the late President Chiang Kai-shek, has ordered the sentences of all political prisoners on Taiwan commuted in honor of his father, who died of a heart attack April 5, a Ministry of Justice spokesman said.

Taiwan is estimated to have about 300 political prisoners, convicted of sedition or treason.



Associated Press.

HEALTHFUL HINTS—Josephine and Rawson Green, of Miami, Fla., both celebrated their one hundredth birthday last weekend. Married in 1899, they marked their 75th wedding anniversary last October. Their secret? They neither smoke nor drink, and avoid all *medicine, except for vitamin pills.*

Saudi King Moves to Repair Rift Between Egypt, Syria

RIYADH, April 21 (UPI).—In his first major diplomatic initiative Saudi Arabia's King Khaled will try to mend the rift between Egypt and Syria and unify Arab strategy in the "post-Kissinger" phase of Middle East negotiations, Arab diplomatic sources said today.

Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and Syrian President Hafez al-Assad arrived in Riyadh earlier today for unofficial talks arranged by Khaled.

The sources said the immediate aim of the talks was to coordinate Arab strategy following Syria's dispute with Egypt over Mr. Sadat's support for Secretary of State Henry Kissinger's shuttle diplomacy, which collapsed last month with his failure to achieve agreement between Israel and Egypt for disengagement in the Sinai peninsula.

The larger aim is to plan for the resumption of the Geneva peace talks, as well as for the possibility of war if the talks break down, the sources said.

If he succeeds in meeting these aims, it will be a personal victory for Khaled, who is said to be seeking to show the Arab world that Saudi Arabia has not lost its effectiveness in diplomacy following the death of his brother, King Faisal.

The Egyptian-Syrian talks were never officially announced as such and it is not known how long they will last. Reports that Yassir Arafat, head of the Palestine Liberation Organization, would also attend could not be confirmed.

Meanwhile, in Cairo the 63d Arab League Council reconvened today with an agenda somewhat reshaped by Middle East developments since the assassination of *King Faisal interrupted* the meeting a month ago.

Foreign ministers and representatives of the 20 Arab League nations are expected to discuss the date and site for the next Arab League summit conference and to review the Syrian-Iraqi Euphrates River dispute.

Fahmy Ends Moscow Talks

MOSCOW, April 21 (Reuters).—The Soviet Union and Egypt today expressed a desire to strengthen their ties as Egyptian Foreign Minister Ismail Fahmy ended two days of talks here.

Communist party General Secretary Leonid Brezhnev reaffirmed Soviet support for the Arab countries in their dispute with Israel.

An official statement said Cairo and Moscow sought "to expand and deepen friendly relations." The statement made no reference to plans for the reconvening of the Geneva conference.

Scheel Visits Paris, Talks Of U.S. Links

West German Leader Meeting With Giscard

PARIS, April 21 (UPI).—West *German President Walter Scheel* began an official visit to France today which, French officials said, will include a review of relations with the United States.

Mr. Scheel and President Valéry Giscard d'Estaing emphasized the friendship of their nations as a stabilizing factor in European policies.

"I hope that, in these troubled times, our work will help Europe to become a powerful element of stability and peace," Mr. Giscard d'Estaing said in a welcoming statement.

Although Mr. Scheel does not wield executive power and hard decisions will not emerge from this visit, he and Mr. Giscard d'Estaing are expected to review various areas in which the European community might speed up its cooperation, French government officials said.

Mr. Scheel, whose next foreign trip is to Washington, emphasized in an interview with the newspaper Le Monde that West Germany still considers it impossible for Western Europe to insure its defenses without close ties with the United States.

At a banquet tonight in Mr. Scheel's honor, the West German President stressed world peace as a precondition to establishing universal cooperation and fighting against poverty, hunger and ignorance.

"The perils which threaten our world are great," Mr. Scheel said at the Elysée Palace. "But the spiritual forces of old Europe and the talents of our peoples are also powerful.

"The more these forces intermingle and intensify, the more France and Germany can contribute to the efforts of the people of Europe to guarantee a happy and peaceful future," he said.

After the dinner, Mr. Scheel went to the Paris Opéra to attend a performance of Richard Strauss's "Elektra."

Burned Rhine Boat Raised, 19 Dead Found

COLOGNE, April 21 (UPI).—Salvage crews raised a charred Dutch pleasure cruiser from the Rhine today and found 19 bodies aboard the boat.

This raised to 20 the death toll in Saturday's fire aboard the 270-ton Princess Irene, the police said. One passenger died during rescue operations, in which 84 persons were saved.

Something else we thought up to make flying safer

Philips X-ray inspection systems now being installed at many airports are going to make life harder for skyjackers, saboteurs, smugglers and others. It may conceivably persuade them to give up trying. These systems X-ray baggage as it passes on the conveyor; they will even detect the wires of a home made bomb. This is reassuring. But few passengers realize how much of the time - even in normal circumstances - their safety in flight depends on Philips equipment. In fact, safety is the design criterion for every Philips product whether for applications on land, sea or in the air. Safety in every sense of the word: security, reliability, dependability. Here are some other examples.





1 **Security for Metro passengers.** The new Paris Metro stations of Etoile and Défense are equipped with extensive closed-circuit television networks to maintain optimum train and passenger flow. Platforms, escalators, turnstiles, in fact, all strategic positions are under constant TV surveillance from a central control room at each station. The controller can check that all train doors are closed before signalling departure, direct passengers to non-congested escalators and perform routine surveillance. Passenger announcements can be made via a built-in Public Address system and an H.F. telephone system provides contact with train drivers. The majority of the installations were supplied by Philips.

2 **Dependability is essential** for the business man on the move. Philips Pocket Memo is a portable 'note-taker' based on the design principles of the well-proven Compact Cassette system - also a Philips innovation. A Mini-cassette can take up to 30 minutes of dictation and be mailed for transcription. It's only 11 grammes light. The Pocket Memo is a part of Philips Mini-cassette Dictation System which also includes office dictation and transcription units.





3 **Safety under the Elbe.** Peak-period traffic routing in the new Elbe Tunnel at Hamburg is performed by lines of light embedded in the road surface. The number of lanes in either direction can be changed to suit traffic conditions, the light lines serving to direct incoming traffic and to indicate lane boundaries. Glare is avoided by regulating the light intensity to suit day or night driving conditions. The Elbe Tunnel light guidance installation is the first of its type in Europe and, together with the associated high-mast and catenary lighting installations, was supplied by Philips.

If you would like to know more about the scope of our activities, mail the coupon; or write to Philips Industries, GAD-EMB-2/room 16, Eindhoven, Holland.

Please send me the brochure "Products, Systems, Projects"
Specific interest:
Name:
Position:
Country/City:
Address:
Post to: Philips Industries, GAD-EMB-2/room 16, Eindhoven, Holland. PLEASE WRITE IN CAPITALS.
12-13

PHILIPS working on safety

To rent a car
in the U.S., Latin America and the Pacific, it's
NATIONAL CAR RENTAL
In Europe, Africa and the Middle East, it's
europcar
The best of both worlds in car rental. 2500 stations at your service!

What has Sheraton done for you lately?

FRANKFURT

NOW OPEN. At the airport, the Frankfurt-Sheraton is connected to the main terminal building, only minutes by high-speed train to the city center. And there's a discotheque with entertainment and an indoor heated pool.



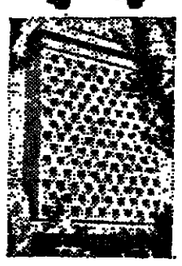
LONDON

At the airport, the Sheraton-Heathrow offers quiet rooms, a lively discotheque, a heated indoor pool, and free bus service to and from the airport and Central London.



TEHRAN

The convenient Arya-Sheraton is in North Tehran, overlooking the city and Alborz Mountains. There's an outdoor pool, rooftop dining and dancing, daily Persian specialties, and native entertainment.



MUNICH

The marvelous Sheraton-Munich has a year-round indoor pool, a sauna, great restaurants, nightly entertainment in the discotheque and a great location between the International Airport and downtown.



SHERATON

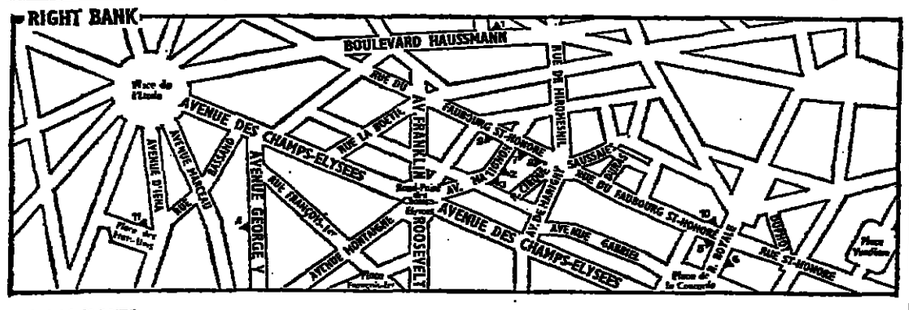
For a reservation at any Sheraton anywhere in the world call:

Amsterdam (02503) 3115 — London (01) 636-6411
Brussels 219.34.00 — Paris 260.35.11
Frankfurt 29.52.91 — Milan 65.00.47

Or have your travel agent call.

Sheraton Hotels & Motor Inns

PARIS ART GALLERIES



RIGHT BANK

(1) GALERIE ARIEL
140 Boulevard Haussmann. Se. 227-13-09. Appel, Bitran, Beets, Corneille, Debré, Destarac, Gillet, Lindstrom, Marfaing, Messagier, Mihailovitch, Tabuchi, Wyckaert.

(2) Galerie Emmanuel DAVID
14 Avenue Matignon (8e). 256-94-80 Berkman, François Brochet, Cluyette, Deman, Alain Fournier, Humblot, Jutand, Mangny, Priking, Segovia, Takowskaï.

(3) WALLY FINDLAY
GALERIES INTERNATIONAL
New York, Chicago, Palm Beach, Paris.
2 Avenue Matignon (8e) 225-70-74.
JESSUP, April 11 May 14
IMPRESSIONISTS
POST-IMPRESSIONISTS
Daily 10 a.m. to 7 p.m Mon thru. Sat

(4) WALLY FINDLAY GEORGE V GALLERY
ODDOU, April 15 May 14
DIRECTRICE: POUCETTE
Hôtel George-V Tel.: 225-58-30. daily 10 a.m.-9 p.m. Sunday 7 p.m.-9 p.m

(5) GALERIE DE FRANCE
3 Faubourg Saint-Honoré (8e) 265-69-27
ALAN DAVIE. April 23 - May 30.

(6) IRIS CLERT - CHRISTOFLE
12 R. Royale. 260-34-67. 1st fl., 11-7 p.m.
ADZAK & DUCA

RIGHT BANK

(7) MARTIN-CAILLE MATIGNON
73 Fg. Saint-Honoré. Tel.: 265-80-71. PIERRE CORNU. MAX-AGOSTINI. etc.

(8) GALERIE NICHIDO
61 Faubourg St-Honoré (8e). 266-62-35. FOUJITA and his friends.

(9) HERVE ODERMATT
85 bis Fbg Saint-Honoré (8e). 266-92-53. RENOIR. PICASSO. DEGAS. LEGER. ROUAULT. VELICKOVIC. VIEIRA da SILVA. WEISBUCH. BEAULME. GERMAINE RICHIER. PENALBA.

(10) GALERIE URBAN
18 Fbg Saint-Honoré (8e). 265-63-89. From Renoir to Lorjou Beth. Latapie.

(11) VISION NOUVELLE
6 Place des Etats-Unis (16e). 723-73-19 Pierre-Yves TRENOIS. Graphic works. Prints, books illustrated by Coignard.

LEFT BANK

(12) ABCD 36 R. Sts-Pères. 222.12.32 Prints by Appel, Hartung, Poliakoff...

(13) GALERIE ATTALI
150 Bld Saint-Germain (6e). 548-37-80. MARTA PAN. Until May 31. Video Art. Contemporary Masters.

LEFT BANK

(14) GALERIE BASSAN
67 Rue des Saints-Pères. 544-13-40. CONTEMPORARY MASTERS.

(15) Paul FACCHETTI New
Address: 6 R. des Sts.-Pères. 6e. 260-76-22.

(16) Galerie KARL FLINKER
25, rue de Tournon (6e). 325-13-72.
KLASEN

(17) HEURES CLAIRES
19 Rue Bonaparte (6e). 033-96-59. Books, Drawings, Lithographs, Prints. Dali, Dautry, Fribouler, Jeffris.

(18) ALEXANDRE IOLAS - Paris
106 Bld. Saint-Germain, 7e 222-76-80 VICTOR BRAUNER. MAX ERNST. FONTANA. MATTA

(19) GALERIE MELKI
55, rue de Seine (6e) 633-12-70. Albers, Ernst Herbin, Marcoussis, Metsinger, Miro, Poliakoff, Severini, Tanguy, Valmier. LEGANNOIS

(20) GALERIE 22
22, Rue Bonaparte. (6e) 633-13-77 DONN MOULTON "Apples 75"

(21) LUCIE WEILL, 6 R. Bonaparte, 6e. Painters from the Gallery.

ART ET CREATION
Berlé
ONE PIECE FOUNDATIONS
BRAS BATHING SUITS
to measure.
Berlé's ONLY retail shop in Paris,
14 Rue Clément-Marot, 75008 Paris.
Tel.: 359-62-32 and 76-25.

THEATER

First an Oscar, Now a Tony

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP).—Ellen Burstyn, following up her Oscar victory, last night won a Tony as best actress for her role in the play "Same Time, Next Year." The musical "The Wiz" captured seven awards.

Miss Burstyn won an Academy Award April 8 for her performance in the movie "Alice Doesn't Live Here Any More."

The best actor award was shared by John Kani and Winston Ntshona for their performances in "Sizwe Banzi Is Dead" and "The Island." Kani and Ntshona, African natives, collaborated with Athol Fugard as playwrights.

"Equus," a hit from London, was named the best play, and the best musical award went to "The Wiz," the all-black musical version of "The Wizard of Oz."

The award for best actor in a musical went to John Cullum of "Shenandoah." Angela Lansbury of "Gypsy" was named best actress in a musical.

Supporters

Frank Langella of "Seascape" was named best supporting actor in a play, and Rita Moreno best supporting actress in a play for her performance in "The Ritz."

Other honors to "The Wiz" included two Tonys for Geoffrey Holder, for best director of a musical and best costume designer.

Charlie Smalls's music and lyrics for "The Wiz" won in the best score category and George Faison of "The Wiz" was named best choreographer.

The awards for best supporting actor and actress in a musical went to Ted Ross and Dee Dee Bridgewater, also of "The Wiz."

The directing Tony went to John Dexter of "Equus."

A special Tony went to Neil Simon for his outstanding achievements in playwriting.

Other awards were:

- Best book of a musical—James Lee Barrett, Peter Udell and Philip Rose for "Shenandoah."
- Best scenic designer—Carl Toms of "Sherlock Holmes."
- Best lighting designer—Neil Peter Jampolis of "Sherlock Holmes."



Ellen Burstyn who won a Tony for her Broadway role in "Same Time, Next Year."

UPI

Flamenco Singer Makes Remarkable London Dé

By Henry Pleasants

LONDON, April 21 (IHT).—A debut recital by Antonio Fernandez Diaz at Queen Elizabeth Hall Friday night, as part of the current Bach festival, introduced to London both a remarkable singer and a remarkable kind of song.

He did not sing Bach, of course, but then the curiosity and enthusiasms of Lina Lalandi, founder, artistic director and moving spirit of this annual spring festival, have never been confined to Bach. Mr. Diaz is properly designated a *cantaor*, and what he sings is an Andalusian song idiom known as *cante flamenco*.

The origins of this music are both ancient and complex, so complex, indeed, that their study has hatched a sub-species of musicologist known, believe it or not, as flamencologist. Even the word "flamenco" has stumped Spanish etymologists. One theory, that it came from Flemish as a by-product of Spanish rule in the Lowlands, seems now to be discredited. Miss Lalandi, in her program notes, favored the suggestion that it originated as late as the early 19th century as Andalusian slang boyant."

The music's source which is not surpri areas that has kn Roman, Gothic, A Moorish visitation, and rule, not to Gypsies who arrived in the 15th century from ancient Andalu the *cante flamenco*

The Indian strain in Mr. Diaz's singi any flamenco mus previously heard. He ed, accompanied only tarist (Juan Carmona both handclaps and ing to provide himse to speak, his own r tion.

He sings with a pinched, breathy and nasal vocal productio he sings is not so muc in the European melodic improvisation strongly reminiscent, sound and procedure, elaboration of a ra

The recital left the among us eager to in a more congenial

EAST BERLIN: *The Wit of a Soviet Composer*

By Paul Moor

BERLIN (IHT).—"Show me the nation," wrote Gogol, "which has more songs than ours. On the Volga, from its sources to its delta, sound the songs of Buriaki. Amid songs trees are felled to build huts. Amid songs bricks are passed from hand to hand, and like mushrooms cities shoot up. Amid songs the baby is diapered, people get married, amid songs is a Russian buried." This quotation applies particularly to Rodion Shtchedrin's light 80-minute one-act opera "Not Love Alone," which a Leningrad production team staged Saturday night at the Deutsche Staatsoper in East Berlin.

Rodion Shtchedrin occupies a unique niche in modern Soviet music. Several years ago, when Gennadi Rozhdestvensky conducted Shtchedrin's sassy, sparkling First Concerto for Orchestra at the Warsaw Autumn and I found myself laughing out loud at some of its effects and surprises, I suddenly realized with sadness how long ago true humor and wit, the truly comical element, had disappeared from Soviet music. One had to think all the way back to Prokofiev's "Peter and the Wolf," to Shostakovitch's First Symphony, his early ballet "The Golden Age," or his early satiric opera "The Nose." Shtchedrin has brought that wit and humor back.

He composed "Not Love Alone" in 1961, and Moscow's Bolshoi Opera unveiled it the same year, but not until Leningrad's Maly Theater presented a revised, shortened version some years later did the work come into its own. In its bittersweet, unpretentious way, it makes for a light and thoroughly enjoyable evening of musical theater.

With a witty, satirical, but warmly affectionate eye and ear, Shtchedrin and his librettist Vassily Katanian (drawing upon stories by Sergei Antonov) depict 24 hours of everyday life on a provincial collective farm in the 1950s. Essentially, though, the story might just as easily take place on an Israeli kibbutz.

Rain prevents the arrival of the expected lecturer scheduled to speak on the subject "Not Love Alone," but the cultural variety program takes place just the same. Volodya, a local bravo just returned from a long sojourn in the city, has the country girls goggle-eyed. Even the farm's chairwoman Varvara feels unexpected sap rising within her, and Volodya's girl Natasha, noticing this and Volodya's response, flees in tears. Varvara, after an overnight period of triangular tension, does the handsome thing and abandons the field to Natasha. Next morning, with fairer weather, the delayed speaker arrives and delivers his lecture on "Not Love Alone."

Shtchedrin has an obvious fondness for *tchastushki*, those rhymed, satirical improvisations which Russians, today as in ages past, think up and sing at the drop of a *shlyapa*, and he has given the chorus here a generous supply of them, which comment on the opera's development and action. He has also spiced his score with some delightful inserts, such as a wonder march for four amateur br plus bass drum, and a Rus number to end all Russian-ch bers. The audience ate it up do East Germans see Russi satirized, affectionately or ot

The Leningrad team Alexander Dimitriev, direc Pasynkov, designer Mikhail choreographer Hermann. Sh stood Shtchedrin in good ste has the state opera cast. Eberhard Büchner (Volodya) Mateyeva (Varvara), and Car (Natasha).

Last night, on the radio could hear Shtchedrin's Mo formance of his heterodox, a thoroughly up-to-date 1974 Tr Concerto. It proved that ir tional techniques he has com long way since 1961, but that mean he has anything in Alone" to apologize for.

Around the Art Galleries in Paris and London

Paris

David Hockney, Galerie Claude Bernard, 5, 7 and 9 Rue des Beaux-Arts, Paris 6, to May 25.

David Hockney has won acknowledgment for his talent and his low-key wit, and the present collection of drawings and prints, representing his production over the past 20 years, has attracted unusually large crowds since it opened a few days ago. Some of the works were shown at the Musée des Arts Décoratifs last year, but by no means all. There is considerable variety in all this, from the earliest, ironically gauche engravings, to the more recent portraits, easy-flowing line drawings or gentle, acute yet understated color crayon works, almost traditional but for their lightness.

* * *

Jim Dine, Galerie Sonnabend, 12 Rue Mazarine, Paris 6, to April 27.

A number of large works, done in pastel and gouache and all representing tools such as pitchforks, axes, shovels, etc. They are set in a luminous, gently impressionistic aura of pale greens and blues and stand in an undefined space like numinous figures.

* * *

Dodeigne, Galerie Albert Loeb, 10 Rue des Beaux-Arts, Paris 6, to May 10.

A show devoted to a sequence of large drawings by sculptor Dodeigne once more reveals the artist as a man with a forcefully introspective manner. The bodies he depicts are not objects, surgically severed from the surrounding world by the sharp light. Instead one senses them as living subjects, swathed in a subdued light and in their own emerging movement. Dodeigne brings it off without falling into the traps of rhetoric or of sentimentality, and he does so because his attitude is naturally his own and not imposed upon him by some ethical ideal.

* * *

Peter Klasen, Galerie Karl Flinker, 25 Rue de Tournon, Paris 6, to April 26.

Klasen paints in a realist style that is not exactly photorealism nor trompe-l'oeil, and he depicts details of truck bodies, railway cars, and various industrial installations in a frontal view. One painting in particular is expressive of the problems of painting today. It depicts an iron-barred gate, the size of a small window. The profile of the gate is the frame of the picture. It is padlocked and bears a red-lettered sign which commands one to KEEP OUT.

Silvio Pasotti, Galerie Daniel Gervis, 34 Rue du Bac, Paris 7, to May 10.

Silvio Pasotti uses the idiom of pop and other more recent developments to express phantasms born out of various clichés. One painting (titled "Gorilla") depicts a female baboon, and her baby, outlined in pink neon, sitting on a dark ground within a circle of green grass and haloed by a green hoop. Others show 1920 interiors (with potted plants) swimming pools painted in the flat pop style with obscure goings on (people apparently making love in them, airliners falling into them, etc.). There is something characteristically dreamlike in Pasotti's treatment—the eerie banality of some dreams, full of ominous premonitions and promises.

* * *

Hondrogen, La Pochade, 6 bis, Rue des Saints-Pères, Paris 6, to May 10.

Nicolas Hondrogen, born in Concord, N.H., in 1952, has an exceptional and early-blooming talent. His work has something of the quality of an ideogram or a diagram, expressed in an aesthetic language of authoritative assurance. Raw canvas, a tangle of scrawls, a floating form, convoluted like a tormented rag or crag—these are some of the elements that appear in his paintings. And he uses them so well that he immediately catches one's attention. He shows an equal gift for sculpture. The present exhibition is devoted to what he calls his "Siamese series" and deals with the coupling and sundering of pairs of his basic forms.

* * *

Chalbia, L'Oeil de Boeuf, 58 Rue Quincampoix, Paris 4, to April 26.

Chalbia is a happily unclassifiable phenomenon, a Moroccan woman who started painting as a result of a dream she had in which a voice told her to get to work, that she had a palace to decorate. She promptly set to work and produced paintings that were not "naïf" but bursting with a vigorously untutored expressionism. The present show is devoted to eight years of her production in gouache, full of electric pinks and yellows, greens and blues which, in her palette, lose all connotation of vulgarity and become the vehicle of a very direct and uncomplex enthusiasm.

—MICHAEL GIBSON.

London

William Delafield Cook, Redfern Gallery, 20 Cork Street, London W.1, to April 24.

Australian-born Cook seems much to have profited by his year's stay in West Berlin as guest of the Deutscher Akademischer Austauschdienst. His new paintings, hyper-realistic as before, have taken on a quality of focused intensity which gives them power.

* * *

Ros Newman, Alwin Gallery, 9/10 Grafton Street, London W.1, to April 25.

Working in welded, polished and plated steel, Ros Newman's recent sculpture takes as its main theme the beauties from fairy tales. The romantic filigree work of her technique works surprisingly well in what one normally considers an intractable metal.

* * *

Diane Hills, Thackeray Gallery, 18 Thackeray Street, Kensington Square, London W.8, to April 25.

One of the most original of young image-makers, inspired to flights of fancy by the baroque and by neo-Gothic, Diane Hills in her most recent paintings centers them upon an ornately carved Victorian harmonium, which she transforms into a sinister and brooding presence.

* * *

Leslie Prothero, The Leicester Galleries, 22a Cork Street, London W.1, to April 26.

An elegant painter, obsessed with the effects of light on object and landscape, this is Prothero's first one-man exhibition in London. Working on a large scale, he succeeds especially well in catching the distinctive light of the Cotswolds.

Marian Wenzel, M. Ayres Gallery, 31 Museum Street, London W.C.1, to April 30.

Hitherto better-known in England as a scholar than as an artist, Marian Wenzel proves herself to be a "maker" of considerable prowess, working in oil on leather and board and making complex constructions of rock, glass, metals and papier-maché. She is at her best when most inspired by her scholarly researches. The gallery is not easy to find, at the rear of a bookshop, but well worth the search if it maintains this quality of show.

* * *

Kurt Seligmann, David Hills-Jones, 50 South Molton Street, London W.1, to May 2.

Kurt Seligmann (1900-1962) is known principally as a writer on magic and the occult sciences. Only to be expected, therefore, is that his drawings, 25 of which are on show here, are much involved with surrealism. Cyclonic figures whirl about rocky landscapes in a dancing but aggressive manner—the symbolical beings of dream and myth.

* * *

James Reeve, Arthur Tooth & Sons, 31 Bruton Street, London W.1, to May 3.

Hampshire and Haiti are the two themes of the first London one-man show of remarkable major talent. He has an extraordinary way of conveying exactly the spirit of the place h whether it be the mil of the Hampshire wo the lush decadence of

* * *

Graham Sutherland, Le lery, 30 Bruton Stree W.1, to May 3.

Ranging over four dec anthology of Sutherland watercolors, arranged ir ration with James makes abundantly clear nificant place he occ European contemporary pecially portraiture. Am works, hitherto unexhit a portrait of Lord Clark, for the Churchill port two crayon and wash "Study of a Cut Tree I

* * *

English Paintings From Collection, Anthony d Dering Street, New Bo London W.1, to May 9.

As a memorial exhib the collector and co R. A. Bevan (1901-1974), the nucleus of a muc exhibition to take place the summer at the Mino chester, of which Bev chairman for 12 years, h selected. They include a paintings by his father Bevan, Mark Gertler, Ha man, Spencer Gore, Cha ner, Sickert and John N

—MAX WYKES-J

On the Arts Agenda: Mann, Rill

Centenary exhibitions of the birth of two German writers will open in West German museums next month. Exhibitions devoted to Thomas Mann are scheduled for the Goethe Museum in Dusseldorf (May 16-June 17) and the Stuck Villa in Munich (May 20-June 30). Rainer Maria Rilke will be the subject of one at the Schiller Nationalmuseum (May 10-Oct. 31).

* * *

A program of three new ballets is scheduled for its first performance by the Frankfurt Ballet on April 25 in the Kammerspiel of the Städtische Bühnen. Alfonso Catà, the company's director, will choreograph "Baroque Variation" to music of Bach, Scarlatti and Foss, and "The Golden Broom and the Green Apple" to Duke Ellington's music. Kent Stowell, the troupe's ballet master will do "L'Heure Bleue" to Ravel's Piano Trio.

* * *

A retrospective exhibition of the work of Kenneth Martin (born 1906) is scheduled for the Tate Gallery in London from May 14 to June 29. It will include constructed sculptures, paintings, prints and drawings which, with notations and studies and the artist's own writings, are designed to show the range of his ideas and achievements.

The National Gallery in London has put on exhibition its latest acquisition, a portrait by Hyacinthe Rigaud (1659-1743) of the financier Antoine Paris. At the same time, the gallery's 18th-century French paintings have been rehung in a larger room, and for the first time all, except for pastels, are shown without glass.

* * *

The Ballet-Théâtre Joseph Russillo will present a new work by Russillo, "Fantasmes," for 26 performances at the Nouveau Carré Silvia Monfort in Paris from May 9 to 31. The score will be by Jacques Lejeune and the sets and costumes by Arthur Aballain.

* * *

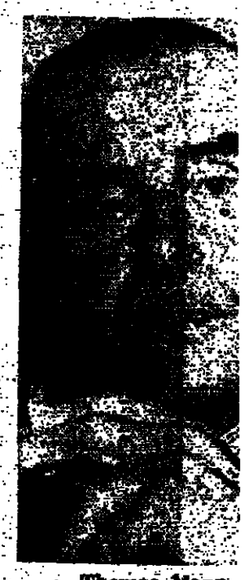
The drawings of the Swedish sculptor Johan Tobias Sergel will be shown at the Hamburg Kunsthalle from May 1 to June 8, for the first time extensively outside Sweden. The exhibition devoted to Sergel (1740-1814) will be the fifth and final show in the series "Art in 1800" mounted at the Kunsthalle in the last year.

* * *

The Ballets Felix Blaska will make a Middle Eastern tour from April 24 to May 14, beginning in Beirut April 24-27 and continuing to Damascus, April 29-30, Chiraz, Ispahan and Tehran, and winding up with six performances in Cairo and Alexandria May 8-14. The French company will appear in Grenoble May 28 to June 6 before coming to Paris for a stand at the Théâtre de la Ville, June 17-29.

* * *

An exhibition, "Watercolors by



Thomas Mann ... exil

Turner," will open May 9 British Museum. A sequel major bicentenary exhibitio recently closed at the Academy in London. It wi more than 300 works, wate and related color drawings from among 19,000 in the seum. Many of them have been exhibited before. the features of the exhibitio a series of more than 40 of Venice as well as the ing of many studies alongsi finished works for which were preparatory.

AUTHORS WANTED BY N.Y. PUBLISHER
Leading book publisher seeks manuscripts of all types: fiction, non-fiction, poetry, scholarly and religious works, etc. New authors welcomed. Send for free booklet: H-3 VANTAGE Press 516 W 34 St., New York, N.Y. 10001, U.S.A.

SALE OF HAUTE COUTURE MODELS WITH LABELS
Always from the latest collections. Tax free. Faultless alterations.
CABESSA 122 Rue La Boétie (8e), nr Ch.-Elys. ELY. 44-19 4th floor on the left. (Open every day, except Sundays)

هكذا من الأصل

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
هكذا من الأصل
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

PARIS, TUESDAY, APRIL 22, 1975

cco Firm K. Sells Holding

f Transaction it £77 Million

April 21 (AP-DJ).—roup Ltd. said today gements have been for the sale of 26.5 res of British Amero Co., which Imperial 0 pence per share.

shares are part of llion shares currently Imperial group. The e deal is just under

said the placing has ed by Morgan Grenfaring Brothers & Co. Fleming & Co.; Cazeo., Rowe & Pitman oete & Bevan acted

anges Noted

said that changes in s in the relationship perial and BAT have the "former strategic Imperial's holding in g."

e of 290 pence com-BAT's price of 336 ier today before re-e placement began to

had been expected to lding in BAT, partly European Economic rules affecting the ationships of the two

considered the world's bacco concern while formerly known as Tobacco Ltd., has inpaper, packaging food, plastics as well as

said it had considersibility of offering the k to Imperial shareHowever, such a distriuld have had adverse uences on those sharehile an offer for sale have been practicable.

I said it considered that sts of shareholders were d by realizing a propor-the holding in BAT by f a placing for cash.

Lack of Support Sends Pound Sharply Lower

By Terry Robards

LONDON, April 21 (NYT).—Renewed anxieties over the state of the British economy caused the pound to fall sharply today on foreign exchange markets.

Sterling's depreciation against a bloc of major currencies since the Smithsonian monetary realignment in Washington in 1971 widened to a record 22.1 per cent from 21.7 per cent Friday. The pound fell nearly 1.5 cents against the dollar, closing at about $2.382.

Reports had circulated for several days that the government had decided to let the British currency slip in an effort to increase exports by making their prices more attractive.

The nation's trade deficit, one of the highest in the world, has prompted warnings from economists that the supply of credit to finance the imbalance may be exhausted. The government has indicated that narrowing the deficit is one of its prime goals.

The Treasury had no comment on any of the reports, but foreign exchange dealers said the impression was fairly widespread that the government would not interfere if the pound were to drop as much as 4 or 5 per cent.

Dealers also noted that interest rates have fallen sharply in Britain in recent weeks, rendering the return on sterling investments increasingly less attractive. The basic lending rate was cut from 10 per cent to 9 3/4 per cent Friday by the Bank of England.

The reduction was the seventh so far this year. It underscored the weakening demand for credit in the economy. British companies are borrowing less because they do not foresee any need to expand their production capacity as demand falls for goods and services.

Today Barclays Bank reduced its commercial lending rate sharply — from 10.25 per cent to 9.5 per cent, commenting: "In our experience, lending to industry by the clearing banks shows little sign of recovery."

Two other lending institutions, Lloyds and National Westminster, reduced their loan rates to 9.5 from 10.5 per cent.

The dollar held relatively steady against Continental currencies, closing at 2.3885 deutsche marks, up from 2.3815 Friday.

The dollar was about unchanged against both the French franc at 4.20, and the Swiss franc at 2.5685.

[Gold declined sharply amid rumors that some South Vietnamese gold was reaching the market, AP Dow Jones reported. The price fell to $165.60 per ounce at the London afternoon fixing from $168 in the morning and $170.36 Friday afternoon.]

OPEC Sets Urgent Parley

VIENNA, April 21 (Reuters).—Ministers from oil exporting nations will hold a special conference here next month, informed sources said today.

The meeting, the first since the collapse of preliminary talks with consumer nations earlier this month, has been provisionally set for May 15, the sources said.

The 13-member Organization of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) is due to hold a regular conference in Libreville, Gabon, on June 9.

Next month's extraordinary session follows an Algerian initiative.

The oil ministers are expected to discuss their next moves in relations with consumer states following the breakdown of the French-sponsored talks in Paris between oil exporters, industrialized and developing countries.

The collapse of the preliminary talks could lead more radical OPEC states to demand a tougher stance, *though the oil ministers* have already agreed that the basic price of petroleum will remain frozen until Sept. 30.

The oil states could decide to go ahead with plans drawn up by their economic commission of experts to replace the dollar as the medium for calculating oil prices to protect their revenues against currency fluctuations.

Abu Dhabi Seeks Meeting

ABU DHABI, April 21 (UPI).—The oil minister of the United Arab Emirates said today he has requested an emergency meeting of the OPEC countries to map strategy for petrodollar investments.

FINANCIAL NEWS AND NOTES

Signal Seeks Universal Oil Products

Signal Cos., the U.S. truck and engine manufacturer, is offering to pay $121.7 million for control of Universal Oil Products Co. The purchase includes a tender offer for 4.3 million UOP shares publicly held and the purchase of 1.5 million unissued shares from UOP, both at $21 per share. The latter purchase represents an infusion of $31.5 million in equity capital. After completion of these transactions, Signal will own 5.8 million shares, or 50.5 per cent of Universal's common stock. The tender offer to UOP holders expires May 2. The purchase and *tender offer was approved by directors of both* Signal and UOP. Signal will be represented on the UOP board in proportion to its percentage of stock interest. UOP will have one representative on the Signal board. UOP provides petroleum and petrochemical services and related products, engages in construction and fabricates metal products.

Sony Sees Profit-Sales Drop

Nonconsolidated profit and sales at Sony will register declines in the first half ending April 30 from the preceding six months, reports senior managing director Noboru Yoshii. But he describes as "inaccurate" Japanese press reports that net profit would drop 40 per cent. Sony last month reported consolidated net profit in the first quarter ended Jan. 31 was 48 per cent *below the first quarter last year, and forecast* it would probably have a minor decline in consolidated net in the current second quarter compared to the year-ago quarter.

Shell-Gulf Nuclear Venture in Red

The Royal Dutch Shell group registered a loss of £122 million in 1974 on its nuclear joint venture with Gulf Oil Corp. Shell reports that the amount includes provisions totaling £60 million for increases in estimates of future losses on contracts for the design and supply of nuclear reactors for power stations. The estimated provisions reflect assumptions and cost projections over a long future period and are also subject to the uncertainties of future commercial developments and government regulations, the company notes. Last year's loss compares with a deficit of £21 million the *nuclear project reported in* the previous year. The Shell-Gulf partnership involves equal ownership of two firms, General Atomic Co., which conducts nuclear activities in the United States, and General Atomic International, which operates abroad.

Tesoro Bids for Commonwealth Oil

Texas-based Tesoro Petroleum Corp. is offer*ing to purchase 5.5 million shares, about 38 per* cent, of the common stock of Puerto Rico-based Commonwealth Oil Refining Co. for cash at a net price of $11.50 a share. The $63.25-million offer was authorized by Tesoro's board Friday. Tesoro says it would purchase all shares tendered up to 5.5 million and that if more than 5.5 million shares are tendered Tesoro may, but will not be obligated to, purchase all or part of the *shares tendered in excess of 5.5 million. The* offer is scheduled to expire April 30. Commonwealth Oil officials say they are "studying" the offer.

Libya Asking Bigger Share in Occidental Oil

LOS ANGELES, April 21 (AP-DJ).—Libya again is asking for a bigger share of Occidental Petroleum Corp., which could presage similar action against other Libyan oil producers.

In an amended prospectus for the company's proposed 2-million-share offering of preferred stock and warrants for 2 million common shares, Occidental disclosed that it is currently negotiating with the Libyan government about "further nationalization of and participation in" the holdings of Oxylibya, the company's subsidiary there. In 1973, Occidental was the first Libyan producer to yield 51 per cent of its interests there to the government. Other producers followed soon after.

"The Libyan government reportedly is considering increasing its 51-per-cent ownership in other oil companies, although formal announcement of this intention hasn't been made," the prospectus said.

"I don't know if Libya wants to be a pioneer just now," a source said. "All the countries seem to be watching Saudi Arabia."

Adverse Effect Seen

Nationalization of its remaining interest in Libya would be a blow to Occidental, the largest producer there. Occidental said its investment in Libya currently totals $240.8 million in plant, property and equipment.

Although the company said it expects profits in 1975 from its Libyan operations, it conceded that margins have been squeezed and that it has been forced to sell some crude oil below cost. Some reports have placed that price as low as $10.70 a barrel, about 50 cents below the average cost to producers, but Occidental would not confirm the figure. A source said the company has ceased making sales below cost.

According to the prospectus, the pricing problem stems from the refusal of Libya to reduce the prices it sets for crude oil in the face of diminishing demand. Crude oil from the country has always brought a higher price because of its low sulphur content and because it is less expensive to transport oil from Libya than from the Persian Gulf. Recently, however, customers have been increasingly unwilling to pay the higher price for low-sulphur fuel.

Occidental's production in Libya has fallen sharply from 1974, when it averaged 340,000 barrels a day. The prospectus states that current production hit a low of 190,000 barrels a day in March.

A source suggested that Occidental is under heavy pressure to increase its production to maintain revenue to the country. The continuation of these conditions, the prospectus said, "could result in a loss of Libyan operations." But the company believes that its "historical relationship" with Libya will enable it, "subject possibly to periods of loss," to operate profitably in Libya this year, although at a level substantially below that achieved in 1974."

Iran Output Drops

TEHRAN, April 21 (AP-DJ).—Worldwide energy saving and a lack of demand were the reasons for a 6.4-million-barrel drop in crude-oil production in February, the National Iranian Oil Co. *reported yesterday.*

The company's production in February totaled only 165,189,451 barrels. This followed a 15-percent cut in production in January.

N.Y. Stock Prices Rise On Saigon Peace Hope

NEW YORK, April 21 (AP-DJ).—Stocks gained broadly on the New York Stock Exchange today with brokers reporting hope *among investors* that South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu's resignation might lead to a negotiated settlement in Vietnam.

The Dow Jones industrial average climbed 7.43 to 815.86.

Volume totaled 23.96 million shares compared with 22.61 million shares Friday.

Some analysts said the market also gained strength from continuing anticipation of an economic recovery later this year. The market ignored some unfavorable news in its gain and overcame an undercurrent of profit-taking.

Polaroid Active

Polaroid was the most active issue on the exchange, climbing 1 5/8 to 32 5/8 on top of a gain of 4 5/8 last week. The company last week reported higher first-quarter earnings than some analysts expected.

Commonwealth Oil was also *active and ahead 2 7/8 to 11 5/8.* Tesoro Petroleum said Friday it was offering to purchase 5.5 million shares, about 38 per cent, of Commonwealth common stock at $11.50 a share. Tesoro slipped 3/8 to 16.

Universal Oil Products gained 3 1/2 to 17 3/8. Signal Cos. *will purchase 50.5 per cent of* Universal Oil's common for $121.8 million.

Rite Aid added 1 1/8 to 10 in active trading. The company said it knew nothing to account for the surge.

Inspiration Consolidated sank 2 1/2 to 35 3/4. Crane Co. said it might not make its previously contemplated offer for outstanding Inspiration common. Crane Co. advanced 2 to 48 1/4.

Great Western United advanced 3 3/4 to 27 3/4. The company granted an exclusive temporary option to an unidentified buyer to purchase the stock of its Great Western Cities land acquisition and development subsidiary.

The American Stock Exchange Market value index closed up 0.95 to 84.36, with th average price per share up 10 cents.

Most active was Buttes Oil & Gas, which gained 3/4 to 20 1/2 on 60,400 shares traded.

In Chicago, soybean and wheat futures declined, but a rally in the closing minutes produced small gains in corn and oats futures.

Soybean meal closed with a loss of about $2 a ton while soybean oil lost some 30 points.

The early weakness in grains was attributed to a government report issued after the close Friday dealing with cattle and calves on feed in the major producing states April 1. The total was down 31 per cent from a year earlier and, to the trade, it was a bearish report.

Some trade sources thought the rally in corn and oats could be associated with concern over flooding and wet fields in the Southern states.

Auto Imports Surge in U.S.

DETROIT, April 21 (NYT).—Foreign automobile manufacturers have punched a deep new salient into the U.S. market. It happened in the late 1950s and the late 1960s, and it is happening again. But this time the penetration is deeper than ever for a sustained period.

The imported cars' share of U.S. sales jumped abruptly from 16.6 per cent during the fourth quarter of 1974 to 21.1 per cent during the first quarter of 1975, then eased a bit to 19.9 per cent during the first third of April. Never before had the imports' slice of the pie amounted to 20 per cent for more than a single month. It had been that big only once—in August 1971. Since 1970 it has usually hovered around 15 per cent.

The imports are showing gains in absolute terms, too. During the first quarter of this year, 405,100 foreign cars were sold here, up from the year-earlier 366,300. Meanwhile, sales of U.S. makes were declining.

Although U.S. manufacturers are making cars more European-like, *spending billions to redesign* their models and retool their facilities to that end, the process is far from complete. In addition, what is considered a small car in America is not always a small or economical car by foreign standards.

A case in point is the 1975 Chevrolet Nova, a compact whose gasoline mileage is rated by the Environmental Protection Agency at 21 miles per gallon in highway driving. By comparison, the new Volkswagen Rabbit, a subcompact, gets a rating of 38 miles per gallon. Even Detroit-made subcompacts are generally not in the foreign cars' class for mileage. The subcompact Chevrolet Vega, for example, is rated at 28 miles per gallon in highway driving.

To Ford Motor president Lee Iacocca and other auto executives, the dramatic rise in sales of imports is a sign that some of the consumer demand pent up by the recession is finally breaking loose. The imports are said to be leading the way because, in today's climate, they are viewed as more sensible cars.

Company Reports

American Brands

arter	1975	1974
(millions).	947.7	760.3
millions)..	38.8	35.6
e	1.47	1.35

nerican Cyanamid

arter	1975	1974
(millions).	463.1	410.5
millions)	38.6	34.9
e	0.81	0.73

B.F. Goodrich

arter	1975	1974
(millions).	428.8	442.7
millions)..	3.4	6.9
e	0.21	0.45

UAL

arter	1975	1974
(millions).	552.9	522.2
millions)..	—8.6*	10.0
e	—	0.40

Dillingham

rter	1975	1974
(millions).	210.5	153.3
millions)..	2.7	1.7
e	0.20	0.12

Du Pont

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	1,597.0	1,613.0
Profits (millions)..	21.0	116.0
Per Share	0.39	2.37

Fruehauf

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	257.1	320.6
Profits (millions)..	2.4	4.0
Per Share	0.20	0.34

Kennecott Copper

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	330.8	381.3
Profits (millions)..	90.	33.7
Per Share	02.7	1.02

Nabisco

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	452.6	407.1
Profits (millions)..	11.5	9.9
Per Share	0.72	0.62

NCR

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	478.9	387.3
Profits (millions)..	14.3	12.1
Per Share	0.59	0.51

Phelps Dodge

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	184.1	260.9
Profits (millions)..	13.0	35.5
Per Share	0.58	1.73

Signal Cos.

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	402.8	405.4
Profits (millions)..	6.3	13.2
Per Share	0.30	0.56

Standard Oil Indiana

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	3,600.0	2,300.0
Profits (millions)..	146.2	219.0
Per Share	1.00	1.57

St. Regis Paper

First Quarter	1975	1974
Revenue (millions).	356.6	324.6
Profits (millions)..	21.1	14.6
Per Share	0.95	0.66

Zenith Radio

First Quarter	1975	1974*
Revenue (millions).	195.0	247.0
Profits (millions)..	3.4	8.9
Per Share	0.18	0.48

* Re-stated to reflect change to LIFO accounting.

can Gold Markets

April 21, 1975

	Open	Close	N.C.
	168.00	165.60	—4.65
	169.25	167.50	—3.00
kilo)	170.86	169.99	—3.49

rs per ounce.

nternational tock Indexes

			1975	
	Prev.	High	Low	
95.80	94.89	95.06	77.09	
127.87	128.82	128.82	106.47	
158.53	159.77	142.59	110.56	
337.60	339.00	339.90	146.06	
139.74	140.47	140.47	68.49	
103.07	101.97	103.26	25.98	
134.90	136.20	135.20	99.70	
353.15	350.77	369.48	269.85	
318.70	319.47	334.84	268.24	
4398.62	4421.44	4494.05	3527.04	
Closed	267.80	267.80	206.30	

(0) old.

EEC States to Seek Backing For Free Market Gold Sales

LUXEMBOURG, April 21 (Reuters).—Common Market finance ministers meeting here today agreed to consult the United States and other industrialized countries next month on EEC *proposals allowing central banks* to buy and sell gold on the free market.

Sir Douglas Wass, permanent secretary at the British Treasury, said the first discussion would be held by the central bankers of the leading industrialized countries at their next routine session at the Bank for International Settlements in Basel in May.

The aim is to get as broad an agreement as possible before the June meeting in Paris of the International Monetary Fund (IMF) committee charged with monetary reform, when the EEC proposal will be discussed.

The EEC position is that central banks should be able to buy and sell gold among themselves and on the market for an experimental period of two years, provided the stock of official monetary gold does not increase during this time.

Among the Nine, France is not keen on the proviso that monetary gold stocks not increase. It feels this could limit its scope for support buying on the market, should the gold price fall too low, EEC sources said.

As expected, the ministers today took no decision on Switzerland's request to participate in the EEC's joint currency float whereby members operate fixed exchange rates against each other and float together against third countries.

West German Finance Minister Hans Apel told reporters, "We will have to come up with some answers at our next session on May 20."

He said the main issues were political and it was difficult to discuss them today, particularly as British, French and Italian ministers were not present.

EEC officials said that France does not want Switzerland to take part in the joint float until the French franc returns to the system.

Durable Goods Orders Decline 3.6% in U.S.

WASHINGTON, April 21 (AP-DJ).—New orders for durable goods declined 3.6 per cent in March following February's 2.7-per-cent increase, the Commerce *Department reported today.*

Orders last month totaled a seasonally adjusted $35.67 billion, down $1.35 billion from an upward revised $37.02 billion in February. Last month's decline, the sixth in the last seven months, was due chiefly to decreases in orders for primary metals and machinery.

Send for the Free Booklet 'Stocks vs. Land—a Comparison'
No Investor Should Be Without It!
Clipping this Coupon Is Better than Clipping Coupons!

ase send me your detailed comparison of stocks vs. land.
me_____
ress_____
_____ Country_____

INTERNATIONAL PBL LIMITED
PBL INTERNATIONAL LIMITED
Representation throughout the Free World
Executive Offices
16 Berkeley Street
London, W1X 5AE, England

L is an international land research and investment advisory l consulting organization whose investment medium is ifornia, U.S.A., land.

OPPORTUNITY FOR INSTITUTIONAL INVESTORS
(Commercial Banks, Merchant Bankers, Trust Departments, Brokerage Houses).

impulsa
YOUR FUTURE IS OUR CONCERN
ESTABLISHED 1965
Brokerage House Member of the Mexico City Stock Exchange.
Ave. Insurgentes Sur 682-Ninth Floor
México 12, D.F. México

Ask about our commission-sharing program for your clients funds.

PRESENT AVAILABLE

	MEXICAN PESOS	U.S.DOLLARS
3-month Bank CD's	12.44%(gross)	8.50% (net)
6-month Bank CD's	12.99%(gross)	9 % (net)
12 to 24 month Bank Promissory Notes	14.20%(gross)	9.50% (net)

(available only in 80,000 US Dlls., or large amounts) from Financieras like Somex, Banamex, Bancomer, Aceptaciones, Comermex; Banation all with total assets over three billion pesos.
For information or transfer of funds, dial Telex No. 017-73919 (Att'n: Int'l. Department) or call at 536-3060 & 536-1455.

Republic National Bank of New York

Consolidated Statement of Condition
MARCH 31,

	1975	1974*
ASSETS		
Cash and due from banks	$ 163,119,582	$147,590,695
Precious metals	25,274,163	21,708,532
Investment securities:		
U.S. Government obligations	8,900,354	8,356,451
Obligations of U.S. Government agencies	56,850,049	58,152,357
Obligations of states and political subdivisions	132,755,071	50,188,385
Other	27,916,752	31,378,818
Total investment securities	226,422,226	148,076,011
Federal funds sold	85,000,000	35,000,000
Loans	546,484,678	418,924,631
Customers' liability under acceptances	82,630,953	35,382,481
Bank premises and equipment	13,000,509	5,784,156
Accrued interest receivable	16,352,050	12,581,410
Other assets	39,261,253	43,500,926
	$1,197,545,414	$868,548,842
LIABILITIES AND CAPITAL		
Deposits	$ 932,143,327	$701,817,512
Federal funds purchased	—	8,000,000
Other liabilities for borrowed money	3,422,287	12,003,215
Acceptances outstanding	82,848,623	35,626,140
Mortgages payable	2,673,035	1,803,098
Accrued interest payable	31,054,730	21,649,195
Other liabilities	9,055,511	7,042,515
Unearned income	10,886,268	6,158,717
Allowance for possible loan losses	8,594,274	5,964,597
CAPITAL FUNDS		
Capital notes	808,000	808,000
Convertible capital notes	—	14,980,000
Stockholders' equity:		
Capital stock	21,482,080	11,282,080
Surplus	43,602,511	14,841,090
Surplus representing convertible capital note obligation assumed by parent corporation	14,052,000	—
Undivided profits	36,922,768	26,572,883
Total stockholders' equity	116,059,359	52,695,853
Total capital funds	116,867,359	68,483,853
	$1,197,545,414	$868,548,842
Letters of credit outstanding	$ 38,049,155	$ 43,419,143

*Not including Kings Lafayette Bank, the merger of which was effective for accounting purposes June 30, 1974.

Fifth Avenue at 40th Street, New York, New York 10018
Member Federal Reserve System/Member Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation
New York • London • Nassau •
(19 offices in Manhattan, Brooklyn, Queens, & Suffolk County)
An affiliate of TRADE DEVELOPMENT BANK HOLDING S.A. Luxembourg
Capital Funds including minority interest in affiliated companies ..... U.S. $ 217,633,000
Total Assets ..... U.S. $2,136,521,000
(At December 31, 1974)
Affiliates and Representatives in:
Beirut, Buenos Aires, Caracas, Chiasso, Frankfurt, Geneva, Luxembourg, Manila, Mexico City, Panama City, Paris, Rio de Janeiro, Sao Paulo

BOARD OF DIRECTORS
VINCENT J. CARISTO, *President:* Caristo Construction Corp.
JOHN T. DePALMA, Chairman of the Board
CYRIL S. DWEK, *Executive Vice President*
EDWARD M. FULLER, *Senior Vice President:* Greenwood Mills, Inc.
RONALD O. GILBERT, *Vice President and Secretary (Retired):* Celanese Corporation
MORRIS HIRSCH, *Executive Vice President*
THEODORE W. KHEEL, *Partner:* Battle, Fowler, Lidstone, Jaffin, Pierce & Kheel
WILLIAM C. MacMILLEN, JR., *President:* William C. MacMillen & Company, Inc.
ALBERT RUBENSTEIN, *President:* Franklin Stores Corp.
HOLLIS K. THAYER
PETER WHITE, *President and Chief Executive Officer*
HONORARY CHAIRMAN
EDMOND SAFRA, *Vice Chairman and Managing Director:* Trade Development Bank, Geneva

New York Stock Exchange Trading

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
71⅝	46½	AbbLab 1.44	17	129	72	70	71¼	+ 1⅜
45¼	33¾	ACF In 2.40	8	60	40¼	39⅝	40	
10⅜	7	AcmeCty .50	6	21	8⅝	8¼	8¼	— ⅛
3⅞	1⅜	AdmDg .04e	10	128	3⅝	2⅞	3⅜	+ ⅜
10¼	7¾	AdmEx .77e		40	9½	9	9	— ⅜
3⅜	2¼	Adms Millis		1	3	3	3	— ⅛
8	3⅝	Addressog		924	8½	7½	8¼	+ ⅝
9⅝	7⅛	AdvInv .26e		69	9⅝	9⅝	9½	
26½	20	AetnaLf 1.08	7	269	21¾	21¼	21¼	
39¾	31	AetnaLf pf 2		18	35½	35½	35½	
7	4⅝	Aguirre Co	7	5	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
10½	6⅞	Ahmans .20	6	39	9⅛	9	9	
3⅞	1⅜	Aileen Inc	7	40	3	2¾	3	+ ⅛
73½	44¾	Al-Prd .20b	18	141	72¼	70¾	70¾	— ¾
18⅜	10⅝	AircoInc .90	5	176	18⅜	17⅝	18⅛	+ ½
2	1	AJ Industris		2	1⅞	1⅜	1⅞	
16½	10⅝	Akzona 1.20	15	49	16¾	16⅜	16⅜	+ ½
13	7⅞	Ala Gas 1.18	7	8	12	11¾	12	
15½	9	Alaska Intrs	14	552	16⅜	15⅜	15⅞	+ ½
17⅝	13⅞	AlbanyIn .60	5	5	17⅝	16⅞	17⅛	+ ⅝
7⅛	4⅝	AlbertoC 36	20	48	6½	5⅞	6⅛	+ ¼
16⅞	12¼	Alberisn .60	9	50	16½	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛
24⅝	18⅞	AlcanAl 1.20	6	469	24⅝	23⅞	24⅜	+ ½
10¼	7½	AlcoStd .48	4	51	10½	10⅛	10⅜	+ ¼
26¼	16⅝	AlconLb .24	24	26	24⅝	23	24¼	+ 1
5½	2⅝	Alexdrs .16e	8	20	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
6⅝	3⅝	Alison Mtg	16	9	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	
9⅝	6⅞	Alleg Cp .45e	2	272	9⅛	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
26⅞	20¾	AllgLud 1.80	3	32	25⅞	25¼	25½	— ¼
38⅝	31⅝	AllgLud pf 3		1	35¼	35¼	35¼	— ⅛
18½	12⅞	AllgPw 1.52	8	80	15⅝	15	15⅛	
7	4⅝	AllenGrp .40	5	8	6¼	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
38¼	27	AlldCh 1.80	7	173	37⅝	37¼	37⅜	+ ¼
13⅞	8⅝	AlldMnt .54	7	9	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	
15⅝	12½	AlldProd 1	4	9	14⅝	14	14⅛	+ ⅜
29	15⅞	AlldStr 1.50	6	43	28½	28⅛	28⅛	+ ½
4	2⅝	Alld Supmkt		9	3	2⅞	2⅞	— ⅛
10¼	6⅝	AllisChal .26	6	456	10⅜	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅜
8	5⅛	AllrtAut .56	7	17	7¼	7	7⅛	+ ¼
10⅞	7⅝	Alpha Pl .72	4	21	9⅛	8⅞	9⅛	
46⅝	27½	Alcoa 1.34	10	538	47½	45¼	47½	+ 2½
44½	26¾	AmalgSug 3	3	28	45¾	44½	45⅜	+ 1⅜
48⅞	28⅝	Amax 1.75	8	195	47⅝	46⅝	46⅝	— ⅛
117½	77	Amax pf5.25		7	114	113½	114	+ 7½
22¼	6	AMBAC .50	6	43	11⅜	10⅞	11⅛	+ ¼
5½	3	Amcord .24	5	224	5	4⅞	5	+ ¼
18⅝	13¼	Amerce 1.20	5	11	17¾	17½	17¾	+ ½
33¼	26½	Amrc pf2.60		x3	33	33	33	+ ¾
22⅝	15⅞	A Hess .30b	4	433	17⅝	16¼	17	+ ¾
54⅝	42¾	A Hes pf3.50		86	45⅝	44⅞	45⅝	+ 1⅜
16¼	7⅜	AAirFlit .44	11	92	16¼	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅛
10⅛	5⅛	Am Airlin	13	1788	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+ ⅜
9¼	3¾	A Baker .20		18	8⅝	8⅜	8¼	
40	30½	A Brnds 2.68	7	75	38¾	38	38⅝	+ ⅝
21¼	13⅛	AmBdcst .80	7	203	21¼	21	21⅛	+ ⅞
9⅞	5	AmBldM .36	7	28	9⅝	9	9½	+ ½
34½	28¾	A Can 2.20a	5	130	29⅞	29	29⅛	— ⅛
23¼	18¾	A Can pf1.75		6	22⅛	21¾	22⅛	+ ¼
3⅛	½	AmCen Mtg		3	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
18½	10¾	A Chain 1.20	6	5	18⅛	17⅞	18⅛	+ ⅛
28⅝	20⅝	A Cyan 1.50	8	369	27⅞	26⅞	27½	+ ½
13	8	AmDist .12p	23	9	8⅞	8¼	8¼	— ⅝
29½	16½	A DisTel .52	13	85	25¾	25	26	— ¼
4⅝	2¼	AmDualVt		2	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
19⅝	14⅝	AmElPw 2	8	630	19⅞	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
6⅞	3⅝	AFamily .24	5	218	6⅞	6¼	6⅞	+ ⅜
5⅛	3⅛	AmFin .20	13	8	4½	4⅜	4⅛	+ ⅛
14¾	11¾	AmF pf1.50		z20	12½	12½	12½	+ ⅛
24¼	20⅝	AGIBd 1.95e		70	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	
17¾	14⅝	AGenCv 1.32		33	16⅝	15⅞	16⅛	+ ⅜
11⅛	9	A Gnins .60	5	25	10⅛	10⅛	10¼	
22	16⅞	A Gin pf1.80		23	20⅛	20⅛	20¼	+ ⅛
11⅝	8⅝	AmHoist .70	5	245	13⅝	12¼	12¾	+ 1⅜
40⅛	27¼	A Home .88	26	780	37½	36⅞	37⅜	+ ¼
38	25⅞	AmHosp .30	29	72	36⅞	35⅝	36⅝	— ⅛
3⅞	1⅛	Am Invest		23	3⅝	3⅛	3½	
6⅞	3½	A Medicl .12	8	86	6¾	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
5⅝	1⅜	A Medicorp	6	125	4⅞	4⅜	4⅝	+ ⅛
6⅞	3⅜	Am Motors	18	354	5½	5⅜	5½	+ ⅛
38⅜	33	ANatGs 2.54	7	69	35⅝	34⅞	35⅜	+ ⅝
6⅝	3⅝	Am Seating	25	11	6⅝	6½	6½	+ ⅛
11¼	5⅝	AmShip .68b	129	105	9	8⅝	9	
19⅝	13⅝	A Smelt 1.50	4	435	19⅝	18⅝	19¼	+ ⅝
13⅞	8⅛	AmStand .80	6	85	13⅛	13⅜	13¼	+ ¼
54¼	47⅝	A Std pf4.75		6	53½	53	53⅝	+ ⅝
9⅝	6	AmSterll .28	12	169	8¼	7½	8⅛	+ ⅛
38	24½	AmStores 2	4	4	36⅞	36⅝	36⅝	— 1⅛
2⅛	3-16	AT&T wt		5011	19-32	¼	[illegible]	+3-32
51¾	44¼	AmT&T 3.40	10	1180	49⅝	48½	49⅛	+ ¾
56⅜	49	AmT&T pf 4		103	53	52⅝	52⅝	+ ⅜
45⅛	40⅞	ATT pfB3.74		31	43⅜	43⅜	43½	
46	39⅞	ATT pfA3.64		44	42⅝	42½	42⅝	
9⅝	8⅛	AWatWk .64	5	27	8⅝	8⅝	8⅞	
16½	14	AW4.1pf 1.43		z270	15½	15½	15½	
16⅞	8½	Ameron .90	4	24	16½	16⅜	16⅜	+ ⅝
5	2⅝	AmesD .10e	4	x77	4⅜	4¼	4⅛	+ ¼
15⅜	10⅝	Ametek 1	8	209	16⅞	16⅛	16⅜	+ 1½
17	9⅝	AMF In 1.24	15	222	17⅝	16⅝	17½	+ ⅞
22	15⅜	Amfac Inc 1	4	62	20½	19⅞	20	— ⅛
38⅝	23⅛	AMP Inc .37	30	331	37½	36⅝	37¼	+ ¾
9	6⅛	Ampco .40a	4	30	9	8⅝	9	+ ⅜
5¼	2⅝	Ampex Corp	5	108	5	4⅞	4⅞	
4⅝	1⅜	Amrep Corp	4	32	2½	2⅜	2⅜	— ⅛
31⅞	29½	Amstar 2.40	2	73	30⅝	29⅝	30⅛	+ 1
8⅝	7⅞	Amstr pf.68		2	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
56⅞	35¼	Amsted 3.20	7	115	57⅝	55⅝	57⅝	+ 2
7¾	5⅝	Amtel .32	4	22	7	6¾	7	+ ⅛
20¼	13½	Anacon 1.20	4	230	20¼	19⅞	20¼	+ ½
19⅞	14	AnchrH 1.20	8	101	19⅝	19⅛	19⅜	+ ½
26½	20⅛	AnderClay 1	5	92	26⅝	25	26	+ 1⅛
7½	4½	Angelica .12	7	23	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	
18⅞	13¾	AnsulCo .62t	5	168	18⅞	18⅝	18⅝	+ 1
11¼	9⅝	Apache .50	6	47	9⅞	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
10⅞	9½	ApcoOil .49t	4	47	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅜
2½	11-16	Apeco Corp		103	2⅛	2	2⅛	
10⅞	9⅛	APL Corp 1	6	167	16	17	17½	+ ⅜
14½	9	APL pfC1.06		7	14	14	14	
78½	72	ApPw pf8.12		z30	77	77	77	— 1
2½	1¼	Applid Mag		6	2⅝	2⅛	2⅜	+ ¼
85	48¼	ARA Sv 1.46	13	45	74⅞	73	78⅛	+ ⅛
10¼	6⅞	ArcataN .36	7	46	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
27½	19½	ArchrD .25b	15	298	28½	26⅞	28⅛	+ 1⅜
2½	1⅜	Arctic Entr		5	2⅜	2⅝	2⅜	
4⅞	2¼	Aristar	100	9	3⅛	3	3	
14⅞	11⅞	ArizPSv 1.36	6	114	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
6⅞	4⅞	ArkBest .44		62	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
26	20⅝	ArkLGs 1.70	7	82	25⅝	25½	25½	— ⅛
2¾	1⅛	Arlen RltyD		45	2⅛	2	2⅛	+ ⅛
7	5¾	Armada Cp	5	17	5¾	5⅝	5¾	— ⅛
34	23	Armco 1.60a	5	209	30¾	32	33¼	+ 1¼
30	23⅝	Arm pf 2.10		28	30	28⅝	28⅞	
53	43⅝	Armr pf4.76		z30	48⅝	48⅛	48½	— ⅛
25⅝	20⅛	ArmstCk .92	18	97	25⅝	26	25¾	+ ⅝
49½	45	ArmC pf3.75		z20	49	49	49	— ½
19⅝	10⅛	Armst Rub	6	27	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
12	10½	AroCorp 1	5	5	12⅛	12	12⅛	+ ⅜
6½	5⅝	Arvin .39r	10	42	7⅛	6⅝	7	+ ⅜
80⅝	62⅝	ASA Lt 1.40		167	69⅛	67⅝	68⅝	— 3
21	16½	AshlOil 1.50	4	142	19¼	18⅝	19	+ ½
31½	16⅛	AsdDrG 1.40	11	136	31⅝	30⅛	31⅛	+ ½
22½	17¾	AsdSpg 1.40	6	3	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
10¼	5¼	Athlone .40	3	154	10	9⅜	9¾	+ ⅛
5⅝	2½	Atico 1.50e	6	15	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
17¼	10⅛	AtlCyEl 1.50	7	40	16⅞	16⅜	16⅝	+ ⅛
95	73½	AtlRich 2.50	11	297	88⅝	86⅜	88	+ 1¼
169	109	AtlRch pf 3		2	150	149¼	150	+ 6
61½	52	AtlRc pf2.80		175	59⅝	58	59⅛	+ ⅞
2½	1⅛	Atlas Corp		243	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	+ ⅛
7⅛	3⅝	ATO Inc .20	5	61	7	6⅞	7	+ ⅛
49¼	27⅛	AutDat .20e	88	82	49⅝	48⅝	49½	+ ⅞
4⅞	1⅛	Autom Ind	6	54	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ¼
5⅝	2⅜	Avco Corp		474	4⅞	4¼	4⅝	+ ½
15-16	⅜	Avco Cp wt		17	11-16	⅝	⅝	—1-16
17¾	9⅝	AvcoCp pf		13	16⅞	16⅛	16⅞	
32⅝	21½	AveryPd .30	80	43	34⅝	32⅝	34⅝	+ 1⅛
8⅛	5⅛	Avis Inc	1	102	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+ ⅛
7⅝	4⅝	Avnetinc .34	3	139	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+ ⅜
40⅝	27⅞	AvonPd 1.48	20	520	38⅞	36⅝	37⅞	+ 1⅛
14⅝	12⅛	AztecO .10e	11	105	13⅛	13	13⅛	+ ⅛

B

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
19¾	13⅝	BabckW .80	7	218	19⅞	18⅝	19½	+ ⅝
7⅜	3	Bache .20e		65	6¾	6⅝	6½	— ⅛
8⅝	4⅝	Bakerln .20	9	639	8½	7⅝	8⅝	+ 1
43⅛	32	BakerOil .37	20	294	41¼	40	40⅛	— 1⅜
8⅝	6⅝	BaldDH .40a	5	14	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
19	11⅞	Ball Cp .60	9	26	18⅝	18¼	18½	— ¾
19⅝	15½	BalGE 1.96	7	69	19	18⅝	18⅞	
63½	45⅝	Balt pfB4.50		z100	53	52	52	— 1
17¾	11½	BanCal 1.34	9	15	17⅝	17	17⅝	+ ⅝
37½	25⅛	Bandag Inc	27	50	37½	36⅛	37½	+ 1¼
4	2⅛	Bangr Punt		16	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
17	10⅝	BangP pf 2		12	12	11⅞	11⅞	+ ½
11⅜	7¾	BanP pf1.25		80	9⅛	9⅛	9½	
31⅝	24½	BkofNY 2.20	5	13	30⅛	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
13½	9½	BkofVa .88	5	20	11¼	11⅛	11⅛	
42	31¾	BankTr 3	6	124	37⅝	36⅞	36⅞	+ ⅛
22⅝	19½	BarbOil .80e		92	23⅛	21⅝	23½	+ 1⅜
17¼	11¼	BardCR .20	17	310	17⅝	17	17⅛	
4⅛	1⅝	Barnett Mtg		8	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	+ ¼
10	6⅝	BasicInc .60	4	12	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	14½	BatesMf .20	3	313	20½	18	20½	+ 2½
24⅛	18⅝	Batemf pf 1		132	25¼	22¼	25⅛	+ 3
12⅛	4½	BathInd .40	14	3104	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅜
33⅛	21⅝	BauschL .60	14	353	30¼	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
49⅝	31½	BaxtLab .19	39	234	48⅛	46⅛	47⅝	— ¾
18	14½	BaySIG 1.80		2	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	
4⅞	3⅜	BaykCig .32		3	4½	4⅜	4½	+ ⅛
24	14⅝	Bearings .32	11	32	23⅝	23⅛	23⅛	— ⅛
21½	14⅛	BeatFds .72	12	367	20⅝	20½	20⅝	
37⅝	28	BectDick .40	20	490	35⅛	33⅝	34⅞	+ ⅝
12⅝	6⅞	BeechA .70	6	110	12	11⅝	12	
26½	15	Beker .28	5	413	26	25	26	+ ⅞
15¼	11¼	BelcoPet .60	2	57	14⅝	13½	14⅝	+ ⅝
15¼	12¾	Belden 1.20	6	6	15	14⅝	14⅝	— ¼
6⅛	5¼	BeldHe .30b	7	5	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
17⅞	10¼	BellHow .84	4	146	17⅝	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅞
18	13⅞	BemisCo 1b	4	20	16¼	15⅞	16⅛	+ ¼
52	36	Bendix pf3		88	53	51⅝	53	+ 1
51¾	38	Benef pf4.30		4	47½	47	47½	+ ⅝
27½	21½	Bnfl 5pf2.50		z140	25⅝	25⅛	25⅛	+ ¼
7⅛	3⅝	BenfStd Mtg		5	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
3⅛	2⅝	BengtB .07e		7135	2⅞	2¼	2⅝	+ ¼
5	2⅛	Berkey Pho		35	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
8½	2⅝	Best Prod	11	123	8⅞	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅛
38⅝	24¾	BethStl 2a	5	322	37⅝	36¾	37¼	+ ⅞
46¼	35⅝	BigThre .48	20	30	47⅞	46	47⅛	+ ⅞
35	20⅞	BlackDr .40	32	306	35⅛	33¾	35⅛	+ ¾
5¼	3⅞	BlairJhn .48	15	15	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
14½	10⅛	BlisLau 1.10	5	12	14½	14⅝	14½	
16½	10⅝	BlockHR .48	10	363	13⅛	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅜
26	12½	BlueBell .80	8	249	27½	26¼	27½	+ 1⅜
3⅝	1⅜	Bobbie Brks		11	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
24⅞	15⅛	Boeing .80	7	668	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ⅞
19	10½	BoiseCas .50	6	304	18⅞	18	18⅞	+ ⅞
22	15⅝	BkMont 1.50	6	7	20¼	19⅞	19⅞	— ⅛
24⅞	20½	Borden 1.20	9	331	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ 1
17⅝	13¾	BorWar 1.35		656	17¼	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅜
2⅞	1¼	Bormans	6	29	2⅝	2⅜	2½	
20⅝	15⅞	BosEd 2.44		42	19⅞	18⅝	19⅝	+ ⅝
90	70	BosE pf8.88		z450	80½	80	80	— ½
10⅝	10⅛	BosE pf1.17		85	10⅝	10¼	10¼	
8⅝	5	Braniff .20e	7	866	8⅛	8⅛	8½	+ ½
43½	36½	BriggS 1.60a	13	90	42⅝	41⅝	42⅝	
63⅝	46½	BristMy 1.60	16	82	60¼	59⅝	59⅝	+ ¼
41	33	BristM pf2		24	41	40⅛	40⅛	— ⅞
10⅝	4½	BritPet .40e	3	152	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	+ ⅞
13	12¾	BrkwyGls 1	7	57	16⅞	16¼	16¾	+ ½
17	11⅞	BklyUG 1.72	7	91	15⅝	14⅞	15⅛	—
11¼	9½	Brown Co	2	42	10¼	9⅝	10	+ ½
19⅝	13½	BwnGp 1.60	8	16	16⅞	16⅝	16⅞	+ ¼
7⅝	4⅞	BwnShrp .20	5	12	7⅛	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
8¼	5	BrwnFer .20	7	65	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
14½	9	Brunswk .40	8	1737	13¾	12⅝	13⅜	+ ½
14⅞	9¼	BrushW .40	5	11	13⅛	13¼	13½	+ ⅛
7	3½	BT Mt 1.15e		15	5½	5⅛	5⅛	
38½	28	BucyErie 1	16	378	39	37¼	38¾	+ 1
10¼	7⅛	BuddCo .80	6	40	9¾	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅛
5	4½	BudCo pf.60		1	5	5	5	
4¼	2⅝	BudInd .22t		4	3¼	3⅛	3¼	— ⅛
20	12	BuffFor 1.20	14	8	18½	18⅛	18⅛	— ¼
9⅝	7	BulovaW .70	6	98	8	7⅝	8	+ ⅜
22⅞	16½	BunkHil 1.92		19	19	18⅝	19	+ ⅛
7½	3¼	BunkrRa .40	24	52	6⅛	5⅞	6	— ⅛
14⅛	9⅛	Bunkr pf1.50		7	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	
25¼	14⅞	Burlind 1.20	8	93	25	24⅝	25¼	+ 1
42⅞	33	BurlNor 1.70	8	179	36	35⅝	35¾	
7⅝	6⅝	BurlNo pf.55		17	7⅝	7	7⅛	
25	11¾	Burndy .78	9	17	25	24⅝	25	
101¼	61⅛	Burrghs .60	27	363	99⅞	96⅛	99¾	+ 3½

C

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
5½	3⅝	CabCab For		12	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
21	15⅞	Cabot Cp .92	4	12	19	16⅝	19	+ ½
3⅝	1⅜	Cadence Ind		21	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
4⅝	2⅛	Caesars Wrl	6	50	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Cal Finanl		17	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
15¾	13⅝	CalP Ut 1.52	7	13	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	+ ¼
13⅝	7½	Callahn .15r	8	25	10¾	10⅝	10½	— ¼
3⅝	1⅝	Camrn Brn		20	2⅝	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
36¼	26¾	CamRL .60a	16	128	29	28⅛	28⅞	— 1⅛
33⅞	27⅝	CamSp 1.24	11	272	29⅞	29	29⅝	— ⅛
17⅝	13⅝	CdnPac .86e	7	76	16½	16¼	16⅜	+ ⅛
11⅞	7⅝	CanalR 1.10	9	6	11	11	11	+ ¼
41	22	CapCit Com	14	11	41¼	41⅛	41¼	+ ¼
26⅝	21⅝	Cap Hold .34	15	241	24	23⅝	23⅞	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Capit Mfg		19	2½	2⅜	2½	
38¼	28¼	Carbor 1.70	6	10	38¼	38	38¼	+ ¼
3	2	Carling OKe		1	2⅛	2⅝	2⅛	— ⅛
14⅝	10¼	Carlisle .88	4	11	12⅝	12¼	12¼	— ⅛
6¼	4⅛	CaroFrg .20	57	x11	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	— ⅝
17	11	CaroPw 1.60	6	252	14½	14⅝	14⅝	
25½	24⅝	CarP pf2.67		11	24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	— ¼
22⅝	15⅞	CarTec 1.60	5	60	22⅝	22⅛	22⅝	+ ⅛
13⅝	6⅞	CarrCp .52	34	389	13	12¼	13	+ ½
12⅛	10⅝	CarrGn .57e		6	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	— ⅜
24⅝	13⅝	Cart Hwl .60	11	276	22¼	21	22¼	+ 1
41¼	24⅝	CartHw pf 2		29	38	35¾	38	+ 2
9⅞	6⅛	CartWall .40	11	114	10⅜	9⅝	10⅜	+ ⅝
9⅛	6½	CascNGs .92	33	11	7⅞	7⅝	7⅝	
16⅝	13⅝	CastlCk .80b	5	98	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ¼
69½	48	CaterTr 1.80	15	389	68⅝	66¼	68	+ 2
58	28⅝	CBS 1.46	13	826	50	48½	50	+ 2
32½	20½	CBS pf 1		61	34	33	34	+ 1⅝
1¾	⅜	CCI Corp		27	1½	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
16	11⅝	Ceco Cp 1.15	5	9	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
36	25⅝	Celanse 2.80	7	257	35	33⅝	34⅞	+ 1⅝
49½	41	Celn pfA4.50		2	45⅝	45¼	45¼	
7⅛	3½	Cencolnc .20		268	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+ ⅛
10½	5	Centex .12	14	80	9⅝	9	9⅝	+ ⅝
17½	12½	CenHud 1.72	7	4	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
16	11¼	CenIlLt 1.60	8	54	15¼	15	15¼	+ ⅛
13⅛	9⅝	CenIlPS 1.20	8	58	11⅞	11½	11⅝	— ¼
17¾	14⅛	CenLaE 1.28	7	7	16	15⅝	16	
13⅝	10⅞	CeMPw 1.34	8	34	12	11⅞	11⅞	— ⅛
17	14⅝	CenSoW 1.16	9	110	15½	15⅛	15⅛	+ ¼
14⅝	10	CenSoya .60	9	x88	13¼	12¾	13¼	+ ⅞
20½	16½	CenTel 1.12	9	230	18⅞	18⅝	18⅞	+ ¼
18	6½	Centrn Data	11	169	18⅞	18	18⅞	+ 1⅛
15	11⅞	Cerro 1.20	7	47	13⅝	12½	13⅛	+ ⅞
11	6¼	Cert-teed .60		70	11¼	10⅞	11	+ ⅛
17½	11⅞	CessnaAir 1	6	411	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ¼
17⅝	10½	Champint 1	6	124	16⅝	15¾	16¼	+ ½
18¼	12⅝	Chml pf1.20		31	17½	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
12⅛	9	ChamSp .60	8	78	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
24⅝	7⅝	Chance .60	15	168	25⅝	24⅝	25⅛	+ 1
34⅞	17¼	CharlCo .40e	3	72	31⅝	30⅛	31¼	+ 1¼
25¼	18⅝	Chartr NY 2	5	44	24⅝	23⅝	24⅝	+ ½
9⅛	7	ChaseFd .60		60	7¼	7	7⅛	+ ⅛
38½	26½	ChaseM 2.20	5	2107	33½	32¼	32¼	— ⅝
8⅝	4¼	ChasT 1.73e		220	4⅞	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛
7	5⅛	Chelsea .40a	3	9	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
34	22⅛	Chemtn 1.10	6	275	33⅝	32⅝	33⅝	+ 1
39⅝	29½	ChmNY 2.88	6	256	37⅝	36⅝	37⅜	+ ¾
35	28	CheVa 1.80a	4	x6	33½	32⅞	33	— ⅝
69⅞	37⅝	Chesbg 1.36	24	115	64⅝	63⅝	64¼	+ 1⅛
35½	26	Chessie 2.10	7	122	35⅛	34⅝	34⅞	— ⅛
13¾	10¼	ChiEasll .65	5	8	13¾	13¼	13¾	
11¼	5⅝	ChiMilw Cp	2	160	7⅝	6¾	7	— ⅜
15	10	Chi Milw pf		5	11⅞	11½	11⅞	+ ⅞
31½	23¼	ChiPneuT 2	9	23	30¾	30⅝	30¼	+ ⅛
3⅝	2⅛	ChkFull .12r		13	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	
4¼	2⅝	Chris Craft		94	4⅛	4	4	— ⅛
11	5½	ChOft cvpf		7	10⅜	10	10	— ⅜
11¾	8⅛	Chromal .78	5	45	10⅝	10¼	10½	+ ⅛
11⅞	7⅝	Chrysler		544	11	10⅝	11	+ ⅜
2⅝	1⅜	Chrysler wt		42	1⅞	1⅝	1¾	+ ⅛
3⅛	1	Cl Mtg Gp		39	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
4⅞	2½	Cl Rlt Inv		14	3¼	3	3	— ⅛
21½	18¼	CinBell 1.60	7	3	20½	20	20¼	+ ¼
18⅝	14⅞	CinnGE 1.64	8	44	15½	15¼	15⅝	
104¼	94½	CinG pf9.30		z10	97	97	97	— 1
48½	40⅝	CinGE pf 4		z20	44	44	44	— ½
23¼	16⅛	CinMila 1.40	7	24	22⅝	22	22½	
36½	30⅞	CIT Fin 2.20	8	117	33¼	33	33	+ ¼
89⅝	83⅛	CIT pfB5.50		4	82½	82½	82½	— 3½
38	28⅝	Citicorp .88	14	931	37¼	36	37⅛	+ ⅛
45	36¼	CitiesSv 2.40	5	232	36⅝	36½	36½	
6	3⅛	CitzSR 1.17e	4	61	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	1⅝	Citizns Mtg		31	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	— ⅛
7⅝	4¾	Cityinvst .66	7	154	6⅞	6½	6⅞	+ ¼
1	7-16	City Inv wt		4	13-16	13-16	13-16	
18⅛	11¾	CityIn pf B2		71	16⅝	15½	16⅛	+ ⅝
2½	1⅛	City Strs		4	2¼	2¼	2¼	
32	22⅝	ClarkE 1.60	9	166	32¾	30⅞	32⅝	+ 1⅞
12⅞	7⅝	ClarkOil .50		107	13	12⅝	13	+ ⅜
5⅞	2⅞	CLC Am .24	4	25	5	5	5	
88⅝	66⅛	ClvCllf 2.60a	11	11	89⅝	88	89⅛	+ 1⅝
28⅝	23⅛	ClvElll 2.48	7	x126	26⅝	25¾	26⅝	+ ½
115¼	106½	ClevEl pf 12		z260	109¼	109¼	109¼	+ ¼
83	70	CIEIII pf7.56		z190	76⅛	76	76⅛	+ ¼
11⅝	6¼	CloroxCo .52	14	1482	11⅞	10	11⅝	+ 1⅝
5¼	3¼	CluetPea .30		159	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	6⅝	CMIInv Cp	317	47	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
5¼	2⅛	CNA Finl		74	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
10⅛	6¼	CNA pfA11.0		17	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
12	9½	CNA I 10.8a		15	10⅝	10⅝	10¼	+ ⅛
1⅞	½	CNA Larw		30	1⅛	1	1	
11⅞	6¼	CNAL pf2.18		6	7⅝	7¾	7⅝	
9⅝	5⅝	CoastSt Gas	3	331	8⅛	7½	7⅝	+ ⅝
20½	15⅝	CstSG pf1.83		16	19⅛	18⅞	18⅞	
15⅝	11½	CstSG pf1.19		5	14¼	14	14¼	+ ½
81½	53¼	CocaCol 2.30	24	278	79½	78⅝	78⅞	+ ¼
8⅝	4⅝	CocaBtlg .40	20	342	8⅞	7⅞	8⅛	+ ⅛
12½	6½	ColdwBk .36	8	13	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
3⅞	1½	Coleco Ind	46	43	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
30⅞	22	ColgPal .68	18	x396	30½	29⅞	30⅛	+ ⅜
51½	43½	ColgP pf350.		z200	49½	49½	49½	— 1¼
6¼	4⅝	CollinAik .40	7	243	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
5¼	2⅛	Collins Fd	17	28	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
36	24⅝	ColPenn .40	15	34	35⅝	35	35	— ⅜
20½	15½	ColonlSt 1.25	7	39	20⅛	20⅛	20⅛	+ ⅛
35½	23⅛	ColtInd 2	3	231	35¼	33⅝	35	+ 1⅝
52⅝	41½	Colt pf4.25		17	53½	52⅝	53⅛	+ ⅝
20⅝	16¼	Colt pf1.60		1	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	
27	22⅝	ColGas 20.6	8	78	26⅝	26½	26⅝	
55⅝	49⅝	ColGs pf5.62		33	52⅞	52	52½	— ⅝
9¼	2⅝	Colum Pict	25	1296	8⅝	7⅞	8½	+ ⅝
17½	12⅝	ColSOh 1.96	7	138	17⅝	17¼	17½	+ ⅛
5	1⅛	Colwel Mtg		4	3⅛	3	2⅝	— ⅛
16⅝	5	Combd Com	9	61	14⅝	13⅝	14¼	+ ⅝
43½	25⅝	CombE 1.80	12	169	43	41⅛	42⅝	+ 1⅛
35¼	25⅝	CmE pf1.70		20	36⅝	36¼	36⅝	+ ⅛
44½	29⅝	ComlSol 1.40	8	18	44	43½	43⅝	— ⅛
27⅝	22⅝	ComwE 2.30	8	94	24¾	24	24	— ⅜
90	78	ComE pf8.40		2	85	85	85	— 1
29⅝	25⅝	ComE pf2.87		23	26⅞	26¾	26⅝	— ⅛
23¼	19	ComwE pf 2		2	20¾	20½	20½	— ¼
22¼	17⅝	ComE pf1.90		20	20	19½	19½	— ⅛
18¼	16½	ComE pf1.42		12	16¾	16½	16½	— ¼
8⅞	5¼	ComwO .22t	19	5972	11⅝	10¾	11⅝	+ 2⅝
17	13¼	ComO pf1.72		367	19⅛	18	18⅞	+ 2⅛
21	9¼	Compugrp	8	224	23¼	20⅛	22	+ 1¾
4⅞	1⅝	Comput Scl	20	375	4⅛	3⅞	3⅝	+ ¼
38½	28⅝	Comsat 1	8	67	36¼	35½	35⅞	+ ⅝
7⅝	3¼	ConAgra		102	8⅝	8	8½	+ ½
21⅝	15¼	ConeM 1.20a	4	10	20⅝	20	20⅝	+ ⅝
16	10¾	ConnM 1.60	8	146	13	12¾	13	
20⅝	16⅞	Conrac .60	8	34	19½	18⅞	19⅛	— ⅝
12⅝	7½	ConEd .70e	5	567	12¼	11⅞	12¼	+ ⅝
53⅞	41½	ConEd pf 6		3	50	49⅝	50	
45½	36¼	ConEd pf 5		1	40¾	40¾	40¾	+ ½
18¼	12⅝	ConFds 1.35	7	334	13⅞	13½	13⅞	+ ¼
56½	43½	ConF pf4.50		5	50	49	50	+ 2
15⅛	9¼	ConFrgt .70	7	117	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ¼
27	21⅞	ConNGs 2.16	7	52	23⅛	22⅝	22⅞	— ⅛
15¾	9⅞	ConsuPow 2	9	138	14¾	14	14½	+ ¾
59½	49	ConPow pf 6		1	56	56	56	— ⅝
41	31½	CnPw pf4.50		z360	39	37½	37½	— ½
6¼	3½	Cont Air Lin	78	465	6⅛	5⅝	5⅞	+ ⅛
28⅞	24⅝	ConCan 1.80	7	217	26⅝	26	26½	+ ⅝
9½	7½	ContCop .80	2	36	9⅝	9⅛	9¼	+ ⅛
38	32⅛	ContCp 2.60	10	80	36¼	35⅝	36	
41½	36⅝	CtIC pfA2.50		2	39½	39½	39½	+ ¼
38	26⅝	ContlCp 2.20	6	142	34⅝	34	34½	+ ¼
10¼	6⅝	ContlP 1.37e		49	8⅝	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅝
3⅝	1⅝	Contl Rlty		83	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
53½	40⅝	ContOil 2	8	292	51½	50¼	50¼	+ ⅛
13⅝	10	ContTele 1	7	216	11½	11	11¼	+ ⅛
19½	10⅝	Control Dat		2243	20¼	19¼	20⅛	+ 1⅛
45	36½	CnDt pf4.50		z200	40	40	40	
26	19⅝	Conwood 2	8	9	26⅝	25⅞	26¼	+ ⅝
3⅛	1⅛	CookUn .26r		40	2⅝	2½	2½	
40	23⅝	Coopind 1.44	8	279	40	39¾	40	+ ¼
69	42	Copl pfB2.50		4	70	70	70	+ 1
9⅝	4⅝	Cooper Lab		98	5½	5¼	5⅛	
8¾	5⅛	CoopTR .60		13	8	8	8	— ⅛
12¾	10½	CopT pf1.25		4	11⅞	11⅛	11⅛	
10½	7½	Copeind .60	8	17	9	8⅞	8⅞	— ⅛
32⅝	17½	CoppRg .50a	4	112	31½	30⅝	30⅞	— ⅛
29	19⅝	CopwCp 1.80	4	12	28⅞	28½	28½	— ⅝
2⅛	1⅛	Cordura Cp	23	40	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
52½	28⅞	CornG 1.12a	36	153	48⅝	47⅝	48⅝	+ 1⅛
4	1½	Cousins Mtg		49	2⅝	2¼	2¼	
7⅝	4⅛	CowlesC .30	6	34	7½	7	7¼	+ ¼
20⅞	10⅝	CoxBdct .40	9	56	19⅝	19	19	
43½	32⅝	CPC Intl 2	11	343	43½	42⅝	43⅛	
48¼	26½	Crane 1.60	4	180	48⅝	45½	48¼	+ 2
6	4⅝	CreditF .42	10	29	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	— ¼
24⅞	14⅞	CrockN 1.66	8	58	24	23⅝	23⅝	— ⅝
11¼	7	CrompK .80	6	9	10½	9⅞	10⅛	+ ⅝
18¼	12½	CrouHin .70	7	11	17¾	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
23⅝	14⅝	Crown Cork	10	91	21¾	21	21	— ¼
34	24⅛	CrwZll 1.80a	7	163	34	33⅝	34	+ ⅜
60	51½	CrnZ pf4.20		z70	53	53	53	+ ½
16	7⅝	CTS Cp .50	8	64	16	15½	15⅝	+ ⅝
8	5½	Culligan .40	7	15	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	+ ⅝
23¾	15⅝	CumEng 1a	7	39	23½	22¼	22⅝	— ⅝
90	75	Cum pf7.50		z30	89	89	89	
5⅝	3⅝	CunnDrg .20	16	11	5⅛	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
12	10⅝	CurInc 1.65e		17	10½	10¼	10⅝	
11⅝	5½	CurtisW .40e	10	819	11½	10¼	11	+ ⅞
23½	15⅝	CurtisWrA 2		3	22	21½	21½	+ ⅛
27	18	CutlerH 1.60	6	110	26⅝	25⅝	26⅝	+ ½
24⅞	19⅛	Cyclop 1.40a	2	81	28⅝	20¼	20⅜	+ ⅞
31	22	Cyprus 1.40	6	178	31	30	30⅝	+ ⅝

D

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
16⅝	9⅝	Damon .20	15	446	19⅝	18¼	19⅛	+ 1⅝
6¼	4¼	DanRiv 1.0p	6	73	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	15½	DanaCp 1.36	6	22	25⅝	25¼	25¼	— ⅜
24⅝	12½	Dartind .60b	8	362	23⅞	23	23¼	+ 1
29	20½	Dartind pf 2		303	28	26⅝	28	+ 1¼
31⅝	8⅝	Data Genl	22	302	33⅝	32¼	32⅝	+ ⅞
14¼	9⅝	DaycoCp .58	4	21	10	9⅝	9⅞	+ ⅛
13½	6½	DaytHud .60	8	35	10⅞	12½	12⅞	+ ⅜
16	12	DayIPL 1.66	8	57	14½	14⅛	14½	+ ⅛
110½	102	DPL pf12.50		z70	105	103	105	
71⅛	62½	DPL pf 7.70		z50	67	67	67	+ ½
12	5⅝	DeanWit .50	14	94	11⅛	10½	11	+ ⅜
43⅝	34⅝	Deere 1.80	7	880	42¾	40⅝	42⅝	+ 1¾
11⅞	9	DelmaP 1.20	6	132	10¼	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
25¼	20⅝	DelMon 1.30	6	56	23⅝	22⅝	22⅝	— ¼
41⅝	25⅝	DeltaAir .60	8	604	36⅞	35⅝	36⅝	+ ⅞
4½	1⅝	Deltec Intl		7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
8	3½	Deltona Crp		44	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
18⅜	16⅜	DennnMfg 1	5	12	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅝
16	6⅝	Dennys .20	12	497	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅝
39¼	22	Dentsply .80	19	115	38⅝	37½	38	+ ⅝
13⅞	5⅝	Deseret .25	18	99	12⅞	12½	12½	— ⅛
7⅝	5⅜	DeSotoIn .40		28	7⅝	7	7⅝	+ ¼
13⅝	8⅝	DetEdis 1.45	8	268	11⅝	11	11	
87½	65	Det E pf9.32		z10	78	78	78	— 2
71	53	Det E pf7.68		z1890	59	58	58	— 1⅛
65⅛	50	Det E pf7.36		z290	55	54	54	— 3
55¼	42⅝	Det E pf5.50		4	50¼	49½	49½	
12¼	7⅝	Dexter .36	7	12	11½	11⅛	11⅛	+ ¼
11⅝	6¼	Dial Finl .54	7	26	9¼	9⅛	9⅛	
31½	24⅝	DiamInt 2	7	101	30½	29¼	30⅛	+ ½
39⅝	21¾	DiamSh 1.60	6	249	38⅝	37⅝	38¼	— ⅛
45	27	Dia Sh pfC 2		31	43⅞	43⅝	43⅝	— ⅝
20	14	Dia pf D1.20		72	19⅝	19	19⅝	+ ¼
9⅝	6½	DickAB .40	7	9	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
11⅝	7½	Dictaphn .60	7	46	8⅝	7⅝	8⅛	
18⅝	12½	Diebold .46b	8	168	14	13⅝	13½	— ⅛
5½	3⅝	DiGiorg .08p		67	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
108½	45⅝	Digital Eqpt	27	203	104½	101½	104	+ 1½
7⅝	4⅝	Dillingm .40	5	33	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
34	24	Dillon 1.20b	13	2	32⅝	32⅝	32⅝	+ ⅛
51½	21¼	Disney .12b	26	688	48⅝	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅝
8½	5⅛	Disston .12	5	7	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	
3⅝	1⅜	Diversld In	17	126	2⅞	2⅝	2⅝	
3¼	1⅛	DivMtg .83e		31	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	7	DrPepor .30	26	165	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
56½	41⅝	DomeM .80a	13	117	47¼	44⅝	45⅞	— 1⅝
24⅝	17⅝	Donnelly .56	15	88	22⅞	22⅝	22⅝	— ⅛
13⅛	8¼	DoricCo .20	5	24	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ⅛
11⅝	6¼	DorOliv .10e	6	10	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ¼
6	3⅝	Dorsey .10	7	7	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
39	25⅝	Dover 1.20	8	28	38⅝	37⅝	38	+ ⅝
86⅞	53¾	DowCh 1.40	13	588	82⅝	80¼	81⅛	+ ¾
4⅞	3	DPF Inc		12	4⅝		4⅝	
36¼	26¾	Dravo 1.60	8	4	36	35½	36	
55¾	38⅝	Dresser 1.40	10	242	55⅝	54⅛	55	+ ½
56⅝	48⅝	Dres pf 2.20		64	56½	55⅝	56⅛	+ 1¼
51	36½	Drssr pfB 2		44	50	50	50	+ ½
17⅝	14⅝	DrexBd 1.44		8	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ¼
8	3⅝	Dreyfus .45e	14	31	7⅛	7	7⅛	
15	10⅜	Duk Pw 1.40	7	181	13⅝	13¼	13⅝	
71¼	55⅝	Duke pf8.75		8	65½	65	65	
25⅝	24½	Duke pf2.69		6	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— ⅛
30¼	18⅝	DunBrad 1	28	186	29¼	28½	29⅛	+ ⅝
2⅞	1⅝	Duplan Cp		14	2⅛	2¼	2⅛	— ⅛
126¼	87⅝	duPont 5.50e	15	170	123¼	121½	122⅞	+ ⅞
62	57	duPnt pf4.50		2	60¼	60¼	60⅛	
17⅝	12⅝	DuqLt 1.72	6	97	15⅝	15⅛	15⅜	
24	21	Dq 4.1pf2.07		z50	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅜
24	20	DuqLt 4pf 2		z100	22	22	22	
28¼	24	DuqL pf2.75		z600	26½	26	26	
19⅝	5⅝	Dymoln .40	6	145	11½	10⅝	11⅛	+ 1⅛

E

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
22¼	14⅝	EagIP 1.04b	6	18	21⅞	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
13	7¼	EascoCp .50	5	70	11½	11½	11½	+ ⅛
6¼	3¼	EastAir Lin	17	1143	6⅛	5⅝	6⅛	+ ⅝
38⅝	24	EastGasF 1	8	389	38⅛	37⅝	38	+ ⅝
13¼	8⅝	EastUtl 1.50	8	7	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
106¼	63	EasKd 1.56a	26	568	104¼	101½	103½	+ 1⅞
27⅝	19⅝	Eaton 1.80	6	84	26	25⅝	25⅝	— ¼
27⅛	18⅝	Echlin .42	16	65	24⅝	24½	24⅝	— ⅛
27¼	14⅝	EckrdJk .30	21	42	26½	25⅝	25	
14⅛	6⅝	Eckd NC .28	11	32	14½	10⅝	14½	+ ⅜
31¼	17⅝	EdisBro 1.40	8	2	32	31⅞	31⅞	
16	10	EG&G .12	16	113	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	
2⅝	1⅛	Elect Assoc	10	15	2⅝	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
19⅝	11¼	EDS .55e	17	225	19⅛	18⅝	19⅛	+ 1
2⅝	1⅝	El Mem Mg	5	88	2	1⅞	2	
6½	4⅝	ElMM pf 1K		2	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
9⅝	7½	Elgin Natl	11	1	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
6⅞	2⅝	Elixir Ind	14	405	7	6⅞	6⅞	+ ⅛
13⅝	10¼	ElPaso 1.10	5	105	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ⅜
28	19⅝	EltraCp 1.60	6	8	26¼	26⅛	26¼	— ⅛
35⅞	23½	EmerEl .75	22	480	36⅝	34⅝	35⅞	+ 1⅝
58⅝	26¼	EmeryA .96	38	53	47	47⅝	47⅝	— ⅛
10⅝	8¼	Emeryln .40	6	3	9¼	9⅝	9⅛	+ ¼
20⅝	15⅝	Emhart 1.20	6	60	19⅞	19	19⅝	+ ⅛
3⅝	1⅜	EMI Lt .19e	9	157	3½	3⅝	3⅝	— ⅛
13¼	10⅝	EmpDE 1.28	9	8	13	12⅞	12⅞	
15	10	Empire Fnl	14	30	14⅝	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	5	Empire Gas	4	3	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
19⅝	14⅝	EnglhM .48a	5	199	19½	19	19⅝	+ ¼
118½	94	EngM pf4.25		2	120	120	120	+ 1⅛
7	4⅝	EnnisB .32a	4	C	7	6⅛	6⅛	
19½	14½	Entex 1.20	6	8	17⅝	17⅝	17¼	+ ⅜
28	8⅝	Envirotech	14	256	21⅝	19½	21⅝	+ 2⅛
11¼	8½	Equimrk .88	4	12	11¼	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
28⅞	21½	EquitGs 2.60	6	22	28⅛	28⅛	28⅛	+ ⅛
18⅝	11½	EquitLf 1.69e	8	91	15¼	14½	15	— ½
30⅝	24⅝	Esmark 1.40	5	127	27⅞	26½	27¼	+ ½
5¼	3⅛	Esquire .32	3	32	4⅝	4⅛	4⅛	— ⅛
5½	3⅛	Esterline .30	8	14	4⅞	4¼	4¼	
35½	23⅛	Ethyl 1.20a	5	35	34⅛	34⅛	34⅛	+ ⅛
46¼	34⅝	Ethyl pf2.40		7	45½	44⅝	45⅛	+ ⅝
6	2⅞	Evans Prod		145	5	4⅝	4⅞	+ ⅛
14⅝	10	ExCellO 1	6	29	13½	13⅛	13¼	+ ¼
20¼	16	Excisr 1.68a		18	17	16⅞	16⅞	+ ⅛
79⅝	65	Exxon 5.15e	6	253	78¼	77¼	77½	— ¾

F

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
7⅝	4½	Fabrge .40	7	97	5⅝	5¼	5⅜	⅛
46⅝	17	FairCam .80	9	226	44¼	42⅝	44	+ 1⅛
7⅛	4⅝	Fairind .30	6	785	7⅝	6⅝	7½	+ ⅞
9⅝	8	FairmtF .60	6	19	9	8⅛	8⅛	— ⅛
3⅞	1⅜	Falstaf Brw		28	3	2⅞	3	+ ⅛
10½	6⅛	Fansteel .40	5	3	9	8⅝	8⅝	
6¼	4⅝	FarWst Fnl		9	5⅝	5¼	5¼	
5⅞	3⅝	Farah Mfg		28	5⅝	5¼	5⅝	+ ¼
6⅞	2⅞	Fedders Cp		101	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
12⅝	9¼	FederalCo 1	7	11	12½	12⅛	12½	+ ⅛
19⅝	13½	FedMogul 1	8	81	15	14¼	14⅝	+ ⅛
19⅝	14⅝	FedNMt .68	8	832	17	16⅞	17	+ ⅛
25⅛	15⅝	FedPap 1.50	4	17	24	23⅝	24	— ⅛
16½	12⅞	FPap pf1.20		8	16½	16	16½	+ ⅜
6⅝	3⅝	Fedsign .30	5	62	6⅝	5⅞	6⅛	+ 1
47⅝	29⅝	FedDSt 1.16	17	211	46¼	46⅛	46⅛	+ ¼
29¼	15¼	FerroCp 1	7	29	27⅛	28⅛	28⅛	— ⅛
14⅝	10⅝	Fibrebrd .60		20	11¼	11	11⅛	
4⅝	2⅝	Fidelity Fin	5	8	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
31	25⅝	FidelUn 2.40	7	17	31	30⅛	30⅛	
18⅝	7⅝	FieldcrMil 1	25	52	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	+ ⅝
12	6¼	FltrolCp .60	6	34	11⅝	11⅛	11⅛	+ ⅛
12	7½	FinlFed .52t	5	29	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
10¼	10⅝	Firestn 1.10	6	59	17⅝	17⅛	17⅝	+ ⅜
12¼	9⅛	FstChar .37t	7	298	11	10⅞	10⅞	— ⅛
22⅝	16⅝	FstChic .90	8	165	22⅛	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
43¼	35¼	FstlnBn 1.10	13	112	41⅝	40⅝	41⅝	+ ⅞
19⅝	12⅝	FstMiss .24	4	246	18⅝	18⅛	18⅜	+ ⅝
31⅝	24½	FstNBo 1.38	7	27	31¼	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
24¼	18½	FstNStBn 2	7	6	24	24	24	— ⅛
20	13¼	FstPa 1.32	6	44	16½	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
5½	2⅞	FPaMt 1.47e	8	8	3⅞	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
9½	6⅝	FstUnR .96b	10	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	
6	4⅛	FstVaB .45e	8	60	5½	5	5	— ⅝
16½	11⅝	FWisCp 1.76	16	47	15⅝	16¼	16⅛	+ ⅛
35⅝	19¼	FischM 1.10	10	64	35⅛	34¼	34⅝	+ ⅛
15¼	9¼	FishFds .40	7	31	14⅛	14⅛	14⅛	— ⅛
10½	4⅝	FishrScl .20	8	254	10⅛	10	10⅛	+ ⅛
16⅝	7⅝	FleetEnt .24	37	150	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	
13½	10⅝	Fleming .70	8	3	12⅞	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
12⅞	7⅛	Flexvan .62t	5	187	10¼	10¼	10⅛	+ ⅛
17	11	Flintkot 1.16	7	58	16⅛	15½	15⅞	+ ⅜
56	41½	Flin pfA4.50		240	50¾	50¼	50¼	+ ½
25⅝	15⅝	FlaE Coast	7	13	23	23	23	
11⅞	8½	FlaGas .80	4	37	11⅝	11½	11⅝	
27⅞	13⅞	FlaPow 1.95	6	273	19⅝	19⅛	19⅛	— ⅛
23¼	15⅝	FlaPwL 1.36	8	130	21¼	21	21⅛	— ⅛
22¼	18	FlaStl 1.50	3	4	21⅞	21¼	21¼	— ⅛
31¼	15	FluorCp .40	15	397	31½	29⅝	31	+ ½
78	55	Fluor pfB 3		1	79	79	79	+ 1½
17	10⅝	FMC .92	7	242	17⅝	17	17⅛	+ ⅛
29½	25	FMC pf2.25		9	29⅝	29	29	— ½
6¼	4¼	Fd Fair .20	7	23	5	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
8¾	5½	FooteCB .80	5	4	8¼	8	8¼	+ ¼
38½	32⅝	FordM 2.40	10	511	37⅝	36¼	37¼	+ ⅞
14⅞	10⅝	ForMcK .88	5	70	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	+ ⅛
25⅞	19¼	FMK pf1.80		7	25¼	25⅛	25⅛	— ⅛
16	13⅝	FtDea 1.24a		26	14⅝	14½	14½	+ ¼
26	13⅝	FtHowP .48	14	70	24½	23¼	24½	+ 1⅛
32¼	23	Foxboro .60	12	86	32½	32	32	— ⅛
28⅝	13¼	FrnklnM .40	17	1080	29⅞	27¼	27¼	— ⅝
31⅛	22⅞	FreepM 1.60	5	477	30⅝	26¼	27	— 3¼
19¼	14	Frueht 1.80	9	165	17⅝	16⅝	17⅛	+ ⅝
6⅝	3¼	Fuqua Ind	6	257	6⅛	5½	6⅛	+ ⅜

G

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
6½	2⅝	Gableind 1t	4	3	5⅝	5½	5½	— ¼
2⅝	15-16	GAC Corp	6	18	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	7⅝	GAF Cp .52	5	256	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅝
16⅝	13	GAF pf 1.20		7	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	
25¼	19¼	GamSk 1.40	4	3	23¼	23½	23½	— ⅛
35	23	Gannett .52	22	103	35	34½	34⅝	+ ½
27	17¾	GardDen .76	19	345	27½	26½	27	+ ½
13	6⅝	Garfinkl .96	7	22	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ⅝
17¼	11½	Garlock .88	6	26	17¾	17¼	17½	+ ¼
12¼	8⅝	Gas Svc 1.20	7	28	12⅝	12	12⅝	+ ⅝
3⅝	1¼	Gateway In		3	2¼	2⅝	2⅝	
5⅝	2⅞	GCA Corp	6	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
9⅝	5⅝	Gemini Cap		12	9¾	9½	9⅝	+ ¼
13¾	11	GeminiIn 1a		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	+ ¼
9⅝	7⅝	GnAInv .24e		35	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+ ⅛
43¼	31½	GnAOil .80b	8	74	38	36¼	37¼	+ 1⅛
35⅛	26½	GATran 1.80	7	238	32⅝	31¼	32⅛	+ ⅞
46	36⅝	GATn pf2.50		13	41	39	41	+ 1⅝
11½	7⅞	GenBanc .80	5	18	10¾	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
11⅝	7¼	GnCable .72	6	217	11⅝	11	11⅝	+ ⅝
14	10½	GenCig 1.20	7	20	13⅝	13¼	13⅛	— ⅛
20	7½	G Cinma .44	10	121	20¼	19⅝	19⅞	+ ⅛
6½	2⅝	Gen Develpt	5	10	5½	5¼	5½	+ ⅛
42½	19	Gen Dynam	8	136	40¼	39¾	39¾	— ⅞
49½	32⅝	GenEl 1.60	15	733	45½	44½	45⅝	+ 1⅞
26	18⅝	GnFood 1.40	10	139	24	23¼	23⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	12½	GnGth 1.14e	19	93	18⅛	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅝
9⅝	4⅝	GenHost .40	1	25	8⅝	8	8¼	+ ¼
11¼	5	GenInst .27t	8	246	11⅝	10¾	11	
31½	24½	GnInstr pf3		5	31	30⅛	30⅛	— ⅛
13¼	6⅝	GenMed .20	12	105	14⅛	13⅛	14	+ 1
48⅝	40⅝	GenMill 1.20	13	79	46	44¼	45⅛	— ⅛
45⅞	31⅛	GnMot 3.15e	13	874	42	41⅝	41⅞	+ ¼
68⅝	59	GnMot 5pf 5		5	64½	63¼	64½	+ 1
51¼	45⅝	GMot pf3.75		1	49	49	49	— ½
8⅝	4⅝	GenPort .80	25	96	6⅛	6¼	6½	
14½	10⅝	GPubUt 1.68	6	x208	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
10⅝	5⅞	G Refra .20e	5	112	11¼	10½	11¼	+ ¾
37½	23⅝	GnSignal .76	13	42	38	36⅝	38	+ 1¼
4⅝	2⅛	Gen Steel	5	37	4½	4¼	4¼	— ⅛
22⅝	16⅝	G TelEl 1.80	10	518	20¾	20½	20⅝	+ ⅛
15	12½	GTFl pf1.25		y100	14¼	14¼	14¼	— ⅛
15¼	10⅝	G Tire 1.16b	4	67	13⅞	13½	13⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅞	Genesco Inc	15	75	3½	3¼	3¼	— ⅛
35½	23¼	GenuPts .64	23	46	35½	34¾	35⅛	+ ⅛
41½	25⅝	GaPac .80b	14	126	40¾	40	40⅝	+ ⅝
67½	58	GaPw pf7.72		z20	64½	64½	64½	+ 1½
18	12¼	GerberPd 1	9	238	17¾	17	17⅝	+ ⅛
158⅝	127½	GettyO 1.50e	11	182	159¾	155	159¾	+ 4¾
18	16⅝	GettO pf1.20		3	17	17	17	
5⅝	4⅛	GF Bus .32a	4	25	5⅝	5⅝	5½	— ⅛
14½	10	GlanPCem 1	8	27	13½	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅝
11⅝	7½	Glb Finl .73t	5	49	9½	9¼	9⅝	— ⅛
7¼	3	GiddLw .20e	5	47	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	8	GiffdHill .52	4	5	10½	10⅝	10½	
33⅞	21¼	Gillette 1.50	11	205	33⅞	33	33½	+ ⅝
8½	4¼	Ginos Inc	10	414	8	7½	7⅝	+ ½
8	4⅝	Gleason Wk		19	7⅝	7¼	7⅝	+ ⅜
16⅝	12¼	GlobeUn 1	5	81	13⅝	12¾	13⅛	+ ⅝
13⅝	9½	GoldWt Fin	7	4	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
19	13¾	Goodrh 1.12	5	205	18⅝	17¾	18⅛	+ ⅜
19⅝	12¾	Goodyr 1.10	8	554	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ ¼
15⅛	6½	GorJwlA .32	8	72	15½	14¾	15	+ ⅛
22¼	16	Gouldln 1.20	6	129	24	22½	23⅝	+ 1¼
19¼	13⅝	Gould pf1.35		24	17¾	17	17¾	+ ⅝
29⅝	22⅝	Grace 1.60	7	107	28⅞	28⅛	28⅝	+ ½
15¼	7⅝	GrandUn .80	10	31	14⅝	14⅛	14⅝	— ⅛
18⅝	13¼	Granitv 1.50	3	17	18¼	17⅞	17⅞	— ⅛
7⅛	1⅝	Grant WT		129	4½	4⅛	4¼	
11¼	6¼	GrayDrg .50	5	49	11½	11	11⅛	+ ⅛
10⅝	7½	GtAtlPac	8	154	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	+ ⅛
17½	16⅝	GtLkDr 1.20	9	4	15¼	15¼	15⅝	— ⅛
12½	10⅜	GtNoIr 1.10e	13	4	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	+ ⅛
38⅛	28⅝	GtNorN 1.80	4	229	37¾	36⅝	37⅜	+ 1⅛
17⅝	14⅝	GtWnFin .44	7	312	15⅝	15⅛	15⅛	— ⅛
28⅞	20¼	GtWU 2.92e	1	191	27¾	24¼	27½	+ 3¾
16¼	15	GtWn pf1.88		1	16½	16½	16½	— ⅛
19½	13⅝	GrGiant 1.08	7	5	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
13⅛	10½	Greyhd 1.04	8	180	11½	11¼	11⅛	— ⅛
2⅝	1⅜	Greyhnd wt		22	1⅞	1¾	1⅞	
3¼	1	Groller Inc		20	2⅝	2⅛	2⅛	
16	10	Grumm .60	6	156	16⅝	15¼	16⅛	+ ⅜
12	6¼	Guerin .20e	8	3	10	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Guard Mtg		29	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
8⅝	6¼	GlfLfHld .50	5	153	7⅝	7	7	— ¼
4	1⅞	GulfMtg Rlt		14	2¼	2⅝	2⅛	— ⅛
22	17⅝	GulfOil 1.70	4	414	19⅞	19½	19⅝	— ⅛
17¼	11⅝	GlfRes .50e	3	398	17	16½	17	+ ⅜
23¾	17	GlfR pfA.20		1	23½	23½	23½	+ ½
21	15⅝	GlfR pfB1.30		24	20¼	20	20⅛	— ¼
13⅝	10⅝	GlfStUt 1.12	7	182	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
35½	23½	GlfWnInd 1a	5	535	36¼	35	36	+ 1
5¼	3⅝	GlfWInd wt		1122	5	4⅝	5	+ ¼
61½	45	GlfW pf 3.87		10	62½	61½	62¼	+ 1½
65⅝	56¼	GlfW pf5.75		1	64½	64½	64½	+ 1½
3⅝	1⅝	Gulton Ind	16	15	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛

H

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
17¾	10½	HallFB .50	14	44	17⅝	17¼	17½	— ¼
13⅛	11	HallPrt .40a	5	7	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
142¼	115	Hallibtn 1.20	21	341	142½	138	140	+ 1⅛
16¾	12⅛	HamrlP 1.30	4	47	16⅝	15⅞	16	— ⅝
5⅛	3⅛	Hammond		7	13	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝
7	3⅝	Handlmn .40	16	84	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	+ ⅛
25⅝	20⅛	HandyH .80	5	17	24⅝	24⅝	24½	+ ¼
8⅞	6⅛	HanesCp .68		26	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
44⅝	34½	Hanna 1.35	18	22	44	42½	42⅝	— 1⅝
28	14⅝	HarBrJ 1.20	8	43	27⅝	26	26	— 1¼
5⅝	3	Hardees	22	194	5⅝	4⅝	5	+ ⅛
36⅝	25⅛	Harnisf 1.80	5	193	38⅛	35⅝	38	+ 2⅝
16⅛	8	Harrahs .22	18	39	15	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
27⅝	14½	Harris 1.20		124	19¼	18⅛	18⅛	— ⅝
14½	10	Harsco 1b	5	20	14⅝	14¼	14⅛	— ⅛
9⅝	5¼	HartSMx .60	7	119	8⅝	8⅝	8½	— ⅛
15	6¾	HarteHk .20	10	42	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
17¼	14¼	HattSe 1.44a		3	16⅝	16¼	16⅝	+ ⅛
20⅝	16½	HawlEl 1.68	8	42	20¾	20⅛	20⅝	+ ⅝
10½	7⅛	HayesAlb 1	6	5	9½	9½	9½	
4½	2½	Hazeltine		8	3⅝	3	3¼	+ ⅛
9⅝	5⅝	HCA M .50e	5	103	10⅝	9⅝	10½	+ 1¼
13½	5½	Hecks .12	9	133	14⅝	14	14⅛	+ 1⅛
20⅝	13¼	HeclaM .50t	13	70	17	16½	16½	— ⅝
9½	6⅝	Hellem .45a	7	47	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	
49½	38½	HeinzH 1.28	12	90	49¼	49	49½	+ ⅝
4⅝	2¼	Helene Curt	6	1	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	— ⅛
30½	23	HellerInt .84	10	15	25⅝	25⅛	25⅝	— ⅛
11⅞	5⅛	HelmeP .60		26	11⅝	11¼	11⅝	
36⅜	26	HelmrhP .30	9	41	31⅝	30⅝	31⅛	+ ⅜
37¼	21⅝	Hercules .80	14	646	30⅝	29⅝	29⅞	+ ½
19⅝	10⅝	HershFd .80	12	149	20	19⅝	20	+ ⅝
27	20⅝	Hesston .40	6	182	26½	25	26	+ 1⅛
28	25⅝	Hesin pf1.60		73	27⅝	26½	27⅝	+ 1
40½	20½	Heubin 1.70	16	186	42⅝	40½	42⅝	+ 1⅝
109	56⅝	HewlPk .20	34	286	108¼	101½	107¾	+ 5¼
7	3½	High Voltg	10	93	6	5⅝	5⅝	+ ⅛
22⅝	12½	Hillenbd .48	9	16	22½	22¼	22½	— ⅛
23⅛	11⅝	Hilton Htl 1	11	72	23½	22½	23⅛	+ ⅞
3⅝	2⅝	HMW Ind	4	12	3⅝	3⅛	3⅛	— ⅛
21	11½	Hobart .80	13	74	21⅛	20¾	21⅛	+ ⅜
13¾	8½	HoernW .72	5	12	11⅞	11⅝	11⅞	+ ⅛
5¼	2¼	Hoff Elctrn		25	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
12⅝	5⅞	Holiday .35	11	258	12	11⅝	12	+ ⅛
33⅝	22½	HollySug 3a	2	192	32⅝	30⅝	32⅝	+ 1⅞
49	34½	Homestk 1a	15	414	45	43⅝	43⅞	— 1⅝
36⅛	20⅝	Honywll 1.40	8	453	30	29	29⅞	+ ⅛
15⅛	12⅝	HoovBll 1.28	7	50	16⅝	15¾	16⅝	+ 1
4½	1⅛	Horizon Cp	5	19	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
16¾	7⅝	HospAff .40t	11	11	15¼	15¼	15⅛	— ⅛
21	8⅝	HospCpA .20	12	121	20⅝	20	20½	+ 1
10⅝	5⅞	HostInti .36	7	338	9⅝	8⅞	9⅝	+ 1
9⅝	7¼	Houdall .80a	5	46	10	9⅝	9⅝	
24½	22	Houd pf 2.25		1	24	24	24	
11⅞	6	HousMif .60	7	33	11⅝	11¼	11⅛	+ ⅛
9½	3½	HouFab .10e	11	136	8⅝	7⅝	8⅝	+ 1
18½	11⅞	HouseFin 1	6	339	15½	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅝
42	26¾	HouF pf2.37		4	33⅝	33¼	33⅝	— ⅛
26⅝	20⅝	HousLP 1.56	8	167	22⅝	21⅝	22	+ ½
40	29⅛	HouNGs .80	10	60	35	34⅝	34⅝	
12¾	4½	HowJohn .20	13	409	12⅝	12	12¼	
14½	10⅝	Howmer 1	7	24	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	9⅝	Hubbrd 1.60	8	24	13¾	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
19½	13⅝	HudsA 1.60	5	2	18½	18½	18½	— ⅛
5	3	HughHat .40	17	8	4½	4⅝	4½	+ ⅛
91½	61½	Hughs Tl .50	18	132	87	86⅝	88	— ½
10⅛	4⅝	Humana	8	75	10¼	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅜
17⅝	11⅛	HuntCh .24	17	90	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
15½	6⅝	HuttnEF .48	7	53	14	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
19⅝	14½	Huyck .40	15	99	18⅝	17⅝	18⅛	+ ¼
7⅝	4½	Hydromt .24	4	27	6⅝	6½	6½	

I

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
4¼	1⅝	ICN Pharm		47	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
29	23⅝	IdahoP 1.96	8	x28	28⅝	27⅝	27⅞	— ⅛
16¾	11¼	IdealBasic 1	8	97	18¼	18	18	— ⅛
78¾	51	Ideal pf4.75		1	77½	77½	77½	— 1¼
5⅝	2⅝	IdeaToy .10t	5	150	5⅝	5	5⅛	+ ⅛
17½	5¼	IDS Rl 3.23e	2	837	6⅝	5⅝	6⅛	+ 1⅛
15⅛	10⅝	IllCent 1.30	4	517	14½	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
73	62	IllCent pfA6		19	66¼	64	64⅝	— ¼
35¼	27⅝	IllCen pf3.50		13	34½	33½	34	
23½	17½	IllPowr 2.20	9	77	21¼	20⅝	21	
25¾	17	IllToolW .50	14	4	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	
10½	7½	ImpCpAm	5	577	9⅝	9	9⅛	— ⅛
34½	28¼	INA Cp 2.10	8	104	33⅝	33⅝	33⅝	+ ⅛
18¾	14⅛	INA Inv 1.59		15	17	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
5	2¼	Income Cap		27	4⅝	4½	4½	
9⅛	7½	IncCCu .93e		2	9	9	9	+ ⅛
19¼	14¼	IndianGas 2	8	6	19	18¾	19	+ ⅛
20½	13	IndplPL 1.82	10	9	18⅞	18⅛	18⅞	+ ⅛
15⅝	10	IndlNat 1.20	18	43	13¼	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
8	5⅝	Inexco Oil	81	121	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
82	61⅛	IngerR 2.48	14	52	81¼	80⅛	81½	+ 1¼
51½	38	IngR pf2.35		15	50⅛	50	50¼	
30⅝	21⅝	InlCon 1.40a	5	8	30¼	30⅛	30¼	— ⅛
44⅛	32½	InldStl 2.40a	5	171	43⅝	43⅛	43⅛	
7⅝	5⅛	Inmont .40	4	46	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	
8	5⅝	Insilco .70	5	91	7	6⅞	7	
13	10½	Insll pfA1.25		2	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	— ⅝
40½	27½	InsplrCop 2	9	90	38	35⅝	35⅞	— 2½
3⅝	1¼	Instit InvTr	4	5	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
7½	4½	Intepon .28	6	25	6⅝	6¼	6¼	— ⅛
33¼	18⅝	Interco 1.46	5	67	34¾	33⅝	34⅝	+ 1⅛
2⅝	1⅜	Intercntl Div	5	21	2	1⅞	1⅞	
34⅝	27	Interlake 2a	3	37	34	32⅞	34	+ ⅝
224¼	157¼	IBM 6	17	559	215¾	210¼	213⅝	+ 4⅝
34	23⅛	IntFlav .29r	38	437	33⅝	33	33⅛	+ ⅞
27	19¾	IntHarv 1.70	5	243	26⅛	25⅞	26⅛	+ ⅛
10¼	6½	IntHold .68e		108	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
48½	30⅞	IntMinl 1.28	7	304	45⅝	45⅝	46½	+ ½
11⅞	6½	Int Mining	5	44	8½	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
26	17⅝	IntMulti 1.36	7	4	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅛
28⅝	16¼	IntNick 1.40a	7	141	27⅝	27	27	— ⅛
48	34⅝	IntPaper 2	8	408	47⅝	45⅝	47	+ ⅝
6½	2⅝	IntRect .12e	5	63	5½	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
21⅞	14⅝	IntTT 1.52	6	680	20⅝	19⅝	20	
61½	43	IntTT pfE4		z100	61	61	61	+ 1
45	33⅝	IntTT pfH4		41	41½	41½	41½	
47¼	34½	ITT pfJ4.50		6	45	44⅝	44⅝	— ⅛
43	31⅞	IntTT pfJ4		4	40⅝	40½	40½	— ¼
43½	32⅝	IntTT pfK4		9	40⅝	39⅛	40⅛	+ 1
28½	21	ITT pfN2.25		43	26⅝	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅝
53	37⅝	IntTT pfO5		3	49⅝	49⅝	49⅝	+ ⅛
10½	11⅞	Intrpce 1.20	7	30	19	18⅝	19	+ ½
15½	8⅝	IntrpubGp 1	6	25	16½	15¾	16¼	+ ¾
10⅝	5	IntrBrd .05e	8	22	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	11⅝	IntrsPw 1.40	8	9	13⅝	13½	13½	
4⅛	3	IntrstUn .24	3	27	4	3⅝	3⅞	
20	12⅝	Iowa Beef	3	13	20	19⅝	20	+ ⅝
12⅝	8⅝	Iowa El 1.30	19	29	10⅛	10⅝	10¼	— ⅛
16⅞	10⅝	IowaIlG 1.56		9	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
20⅝	16⅛	IowaPw 1.84	7	26	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
17⅛	14⅝	IowaPS 1.52	7	35	16⅛	15⅝	16⅛	+ ⅛
5½	2⅝	Ipco Hosp	8	58	4⅝	4½	4½	
19⅛	13½	ITE Imp .72	8	97	19	18⅝	19	
13⅝	5½	Itek Corp		178	11½	10¾	11¼	+ ⅝
17⅞	8½	IU Intl .85	4	210	12½	12⅛	12¼	
32	22½	IU Int A		1	30¾	30¾	30¾	

J

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
13¾	8	JamesF .68	8	27	11⅛	10⅝	11	
14⅝	9½	Jantzen .70	4	18	12⅝	12¼	12⅝	
10⅝	5⅝	JapanF .90e		134	9⅝	9½	9⅛	+ ⅛
34½	28⅜	JeffPilot .60	14	129	33⅝	33	33½	— ⅛
105¼	101	JeC pf 13.50		z30	101⅝	101⅝	101⅝	— 1⅝
87	71	JerCe pf9.36		z100	75	74⅝	74⅝	
75	58	JerCe pf8.12		z240	66	65	66	
73	60	JerCen pf 8		z100	65	64½	65	+ 2
25⅞	17½	JewelC 1.20	8	47	21¼	20⅝	21	— ½
5	2⅝	Jewelcor	3	44	3⅝	3½	3⅝	+ ⅛
36¼	22¾	JimWalt .80	9	121	36¼	35⅝	35⅝	— ⅝
40½	28	JimW pf1.60		37	40⅝	39¾	39¾	— ⅛
17⅝	14	JHanS 1.52e		4	16⅝	16	16	
21¼	18	JHanl 1.88e		36	19	18⅝	18⅝	— ⅛
24¼	19⅝	JhnMan 1.20	8	205	21¼	20½	21¼	+ ⅝
98⅞	72¼	JohnJn .80a	33	316	93¾	91½	92¾	+ 1⅝
11½	8	JohnCon .80	12	75	11¼	10⅝	11⅛	+ ⅛
26⅛	20½	JhnCont pf 2		1	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	+ ⅝
14¼	5	JonLogn .40	12	87	13⅝	13⅛	13¼	+ ⅛
55	50¼	JonLau pf 5		z200	55	54½	55	+ 1⅝
31	24⅝	Jorgen 1.50b	4	9	30	29½	30	+ ¼
19½	11½	Jostens 1	8	12	19½	19⅛	19⅜	+ ⅛
64⅝	42¼	JoyMfg 1.60	12	139	62¼	60¼	62½	+ 1
5⅝	3¼	Justice Mtg		12	3¼	3⅝	3⅝	

K

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
32	12⅝	KaisrAl 1.20	5	465	30⅝	29⅝	30¼	— 1
64	42⅝	Kai 66pf4.75		3	57	55½	55½	— 3½
7⅝	4⅝	KaisCem .50	7	20	6½	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
27½	21½	KaiCe pf2.50		2	25	25	25	— 1
14	11	KaiCe pf1.37		9	11⅝	11¼	11¼	— ⅝
14⅝	9⅝	KaneMill .20	3	16	13⅛	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
24⅞	18⅞	KCtyPL 2.20	8	61	23½	23¼	23⅝	+ ⅛
17¼	10¼	KC Souln 1r	5	5	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ⅜
11	9	KC Sou pf 1		z600	9⅝	9	9⅝	+ ⅜
16⅝	11⅛	KanGEl 1.56	7	36	16	15⅞	16	+ ⅛
17	14⅝	KanNe 1.32b	6	8	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
18⅝	15⅛	KanPLt 1.52	6	12	16⅝	16⅛	16⅛	— ⅛
4⅝	2⅝	Katy Ind	5	29	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	9⅝	Kty pfB 1.46		8	13⅛	12⅝	13⅛	+ ⅝
9¼	3	KuafBd .04p		514	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ½
17	9¾	Kauf pf1.50		2	14¼	14	14¼	+ ¼
11⅞	8⅝	Kaweckl .40	6	4	9⅝	9⅝	9⅞	
15	9⅝	KayserR .60	14	3	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
6½	3⅝	KeeneCp .20	6	94	6	5⅝	6	+ ⅛
8¼	4⅝	Keller .50	6	11	7⅝	7⅛	7⅝	+ ⅛
17½	14	Kellogg .60	17	296	17⅝	16⅝	17¼	+ ⅝
9⅝	6⅝	Kellwood .80	5	16	9	8⅝	8⅝	— ¼
35⅝	27	Kennmt 1.40	6	13	35⅝	35¼	35⅝	+ ⅜
41	31⅝	Kennect 2.60	7	816	39¼	37⅝	38	— 1
18¾	13⅝	KyUtll 1.74	10	18	15⅝	15½	15½	
85¼	60	KerrMcGe 1	17	325	81¼	79	80½	+ 1⅛
20	15	KeystCon 1a	2	6	19¼	19	19¼	
20½	9⅝	Kidde .80	5	95	20⅝	19¾	20⅛	+ ⅜
42⅝	25	Kid pf A2.20		6	42¼	40½	42¼	+ 1⅜
34¼	24¼	KimbCl 1.60	8	137	34	33⅝	34	
9¼	5½	KingDSt .40	9	40	8⅝	8½	8⅝	
16⅝	11¼	KirschCo .90	8	44	14½	14⅛	14⅛	— ½
25½	15⅝	KLM Airlin		2	23⅝	23⅛	23½	
28½	14¼	KnigtRId .54	12	78	27¼	26⅝	27⅛	— ⅛
9⅝	4⅝	Koehrg .30p	7	96	9¼	8½	8⅝	+ 1⅛
27⅝	20	Kosh pf2.75		5	26⅝	26	26⅛	+ 1⅛
55	36½	Koppers 2.40	6	59	53½	52	52½	— ⅛
		Koracrp Ind	7	19	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
41⅝	34¼	Kraftco 1.92	12	151	39⅝	39	39½	+ ¼
29½	20⅝	KresgeS .24	32	717	28¼	27⅝	27⅝	— ⅛
12⅝	8⅝	Kroehler Mf	18	11	11⅛	10⅝	10⅝	
24	15⅝	Kroger 1.36	7	x64	22½	21⅝	22¼	+ ⅝
7⅝	4½	Kysor .40	4	21	7	6½	6¾	+ ¼

L

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
17½	12⅝	LacGas 1.56	8	5	16½	16¼	16⅛	— ⅛
12½	8¼	LaneBry .72	7	7	10¼	10⅛	10¼	+ ⅛
15	6¼	Latrobs .10r	6	4	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
6¼	3½	LearSieg .28	5	378	6⅝	6½	6⅝	+ ⅛
24⅞	17¾	LearS pf2.25		39	24⅝	24¼	24½	+ ⅛
27⅝	12⅝	Leaswy .60b	11	67	27½	26⅝	27¼	+ ⅝
13¼	8½	LeedsN .50	7	24	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+ ⅛
12¼	7¼	Leesona .60	3	18	11⅝	11⅛	11½	+ ⅛
13⅝	9	LehPCt .80	7	9	11⅝	11½	11½	— ⅛
1⅝	1⅛	LehVal Ind	8	6	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
15	6⅝	LV In pf1.50		1	12	12	12	+ ½
12¼	8½	Lehmn .72e		77	11⅝	11	11⅝	+ ⅛
8¼	2⅝	Lennar Crp	23	21	7¼	7	7¼	— ⅛
21	11¾	Lenox .72	11	28	20⅝	20¼	20⅝	
6⅝	4⅝	LevFd Cap		6	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
12⅝	11	LevFin .75a		4	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
26¼	13	LeviStra .48	8	213	26⅝	25⅛	26¼	+ 1¼
4⅝	1⅝	Levitz Furn	17	308	4⅛	3⅝	4	+ ⅛
4½	2¼	LFE Cp	7	17	4½	4⅛	4½	+ ⅛
22¼	13⅝	LOF .80	9	197	16⅝	15⅝	16¼	+ ½
55⅝	48½	LOF pf4.75		7	52½	51½	51½	— 1
5⅞	3⅝	LibbMcNL	5	49	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
11½	7⅛	LibrtyCp .40	5	4	10½	10⅝	10½	— ⅛
4¼	1⅛	Librty Loan		2	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
6½	4	LibrtyLn pf		1	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
31⅝	25⅝	LiggMy 2.50	9	30	30⅝	29⅝	29⅝	— ⅛
88	74	LiggM pf 7		z30	81	81	81	— 1½
79⅝	57½	LillyEli 1.10	27	406	70½	69	69⅝	— ⅛
33½	24	LincNat 1.60	10	172	30¾	30¼	30½	— ⅛
66	49	LincNl pf 3		21	62¾	60½	60½	— 2½
18½	13⅝	LincPl 1.74a		11	17⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ¼
2⅝	1⅛	Lionel Corp	10	29	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
7⅝	3⅛	Littonln .13t		184	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	+ ⅛
9⅛	4⅝	Littn ptc pf		2	8	7⅝	7⅝	
27¼	23½	Littn cv pf 3		1	26¼	26⅝	26½	— ⅝
16½	10⅝	Litton pfB 2		7	15½	15	15¼	— ⅛
3⅝	1⅝	LMI		4	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+ ⅛
7½	3⅝	Lockhd Airc	5	713	8⅝	7½	7⅝	+ ⅝
21⅝	14½	Loews 1.20	6	148	21½	20⅝	21⅛	+ ⅝
7⅝	4¼	LomaFin .36		x60	6⅝	6	6	— ⅛
20½	15⅝	LomN 3.10e	6	50	17½	17½	17½	— ⅝
9¼	5⅛	Londonf .40e	5	2	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+ ⅛
15	9⅝	LoneStInd 1	6	172	14	13⅝	13⅝	
62	50	LoneS pf4.50		1	58⅝	58⅝	58⅝	
28	22⅝	LoneSG 1.60	7	231	26⅛	25⅝	26⅛	+ ⅝
14⅝	10⅝	LngIsLt 1.50	7	200	14⅝	13⅝	13⅝	— ⅛
43	40	LIL pf 4.35		z70	43	41⅝	41⅝	— 1⅛
116	104	LIL pfN 13		z840	105¼	105	105¼	+ 1⅛
76	44	LoneDrg .68	32	11	73	72	72½	— ¼
7⅛	2⅝	Loral Corp	9	560	7⅛	6⅝	7⅛	+ 1
29½	21⅝	LaLand 1.12	7	446	22½	21⅝	21⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	8⅝	LaPcif .20	9	282	13⅝	12⅝	13¼	+ ⅝
22	17½	LouisGs 1.84	10	2	20	19⅝	20	+ ⅛
13½	8⅞	Lowenst .40	5	28	11⅝	10⅝	11⅝	+ ⅛
17⅞	9	LTV Corp	2	1628	19⅛	18	19	+ 1¼
25⅞	12	LTV Cp AA		x19	24½	23½	24¼	+ 1⅛
72¼	48	LTVCp pf 5		139	72	71¼	71⅝	— ⅝
51	35¼	Lubrizol 1	19	748	48½	47	48⅛	+ ⅛
14½	8	LuckyStr .64	12	38	14⅛	13⅝	14	+ ⅛
11⅞	8⅛	Ludlow 1.08	6	26	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
29⅞	22½	LukenSt 1.60	5	40	30	29	29¾	+ 1
18⅝	13½	LykYng .75e	1	155	18	17¼	17⅝	+ ¼
34½	26⅝	Lykes pf2.50		49	34½	34⅛	34⅛	— ⅛
5⅝	3½	LyncCSy .40	9	22	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛

M

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
8⅝	6¼	MacAF .60b	5	15	8⅝	7⅞	7⅞	— ¼
3⅛	1¼	MacDonel	5	8	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	— ⅛
5	2⅝	Macke .30	7	6	4	4	4	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	Macmill .25	6	111	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	— ⅛
23	15⅝	Macy 1.10	8	57	22½	22¼	22	+ ⅛
9⅝	7⅝	MadFd .60e		35	9	8⅝	8⅝	
6¼	3¼	MadSq Gar		12	5	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	MagicCf .32	27	97	5⅛	4⅝	5⅛	+ ⅛
7⅝	3⅝	Magvox .15p		18	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	— ⅛
17	11½	Mallory 1	8	6	16	16	16	+ ⅜
25⅝	16¼	MalHyd .44b	14	2	24⅝	24½	24½	— ¼
4⅝	2	Manhat Ind		11	4⅛	3⅞	4	
12½	9	Manowr .88	4	16	12⅝	12⅛	12½	+ ⅛
37⅝	25¼	MfrHan 1.72	7	381	37¼	36	37⅛	+ 1⅛
39⅝	27⅝	MAPCO .70	17	48	37¼	36⅝	37	— ⅛
11⅝	5⅝	Marthn Mf	6	95	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
38	31	MarO 1.80a	5	311	31⅝	31	31¼	+ ¼
27⅝	13⅝	Marcor 1	8	382	27½	26½	26⅞	+ ⅝
54	38½	Marcr pf A2		41	53⅝	53⅛	53⅝	— ⅛
13⅝	8⅝	Maremt .40	15	223	13⅝	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
18⅞	14¼	MarMid 1.80	6	111	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
27	16⅝	MarionL .48	17	61	25⅝	25	25	— ⅛
58	4	Marlen 1.60	21	86	56⅝	55½	56	+ ⅝
29	13⅝	Marley .60	11	24	28½	28	28⅝	
10	6⅝	Marcit .50e	5	13	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	
17	6⅝	Marriot .37t	21	211	16⅝	15⅝	16½	+ ⅝
26⅝	15⅝	MarshF 1.24	11	17	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	+ ⅛
17½	15⅛	MartMa 1.30	5	103	17½	17¼	17¼	+ ⅛
45¼	30	MascoCp .32	9	x74	43⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
25¼	16½	Masonite .54	40	1741	25¼	24¼	25	+ ⅝
17⅝	13⅝	MassyFer 1	5	47	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	
11⅝	7¼	MasMt 1.37e	7	33	10⅝	10¼	10⅝	— ⅛
16¼	11⅝	MasCp 1.58e		29	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
12⅞	10⅛	Masinc 1.02		55	11⅛	11	11⅛	— ⅛
8⅝	12	MatsuE .29e	10	5	17⅝	7⅝	17⅝	+ ⅝
40⅝	22⅝	MayDSt 1.60	13	101	39⅝	39¼	39⅝	— ⅛
25½	20	MayD pf1.80		1	24⅝	24⅝	24⅝	— 1¼
18¾	14⅝	MayerOs .92	6	10	18⅛	17⅝	18⅛	+ ⅛
5⅝	3⅝	MayaJW .28	9	8	4⅝	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
29⅝	19⅝	Maytg 1.30a	18	45	29½	29	29½	+ ⅝
8⅝	5⅝	MBPXL .20e	4	7	8⅝	8	8⅛	+ ⅛
60⅝	27⅝	MCA Inc 1	8	164	57	55⅝	56⅝	+ 1⅝
12¼	7⅝	McCord .96	5	10	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
4½	2⅝	McCrory Cp		23	3⅛	3	3	— ⅛
84⅝	59⅝	McDer 1.20	9	196	80⅝	79⅝	79⅞	+ 1⅝
50⅝	26⅝	McDonalds	29	857	49⅝	48⅝	49⅛	+ ⅝
12½	8⅝	McDonD .40	5	387	13¼	12½	13⅛	+ ⅝
16⅝	11½	McGEd 1.50	16	388	17	16⅝	17	+ ⅛
11¼	6	McGrwH .56	9	139	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
19½	13	M GH pf1.20		9	9	19	9	
2⅝	1¼	McGrg Don		1	1⅞	1⅝	1⅝	— ⅛
48½	29⅝	McIntyre	12	z370	47	45½	46½	+ ⅛
22⅝	10⅝	McKee .80a	7	12	22⅝	21⅝	22¼	+ 1
27⅝	16	McLean .72	7	20	25⅝	25¼	25⅝	— ⅛
17½	13¼	McLoutt 1.60	4	72	15⅝	15⅛	15⅝	+ ⅛
10	7½	McNeil .80	6	11	9⅝	9¼	9⅛	+ ⅛
17¼	13⅝	MeadCp 1.20	4	79	16¼	15⅝	16	+ ¼
35	29½	Mea pfA2.80		1	31⅝	31½	31½	— ⅛
20	13	Medusa 1.40	8	2	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
3⅝	1½	MEI Cp	7	60	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+ ⅛
14⅞	6⅝	MelvilSb .48	14	255	14⅝	14	14⅝	+ ⅝
8⅝	2⅝	Menasc .12t	7	65	9	8¼	9	+ ⅝
54⅝	28½	MercStr .80	15	9	53½	52	53⅝	+ 1⅝
80	57½	Merck 1.40	27	345	76	75⅛	75⅝	— ⅝
11⅝	6⅝	Meredith .70	4	5	10⅝	10¼	10¼	
17	10¼	MerrLyn .60	9	x478	16⅝	16	16½	+ ⅝
26⅝	18⅝	MesaPet .05	58	254	22⅝	20½	22⅛	+ 2⅛
11	7	Mesabi 1.04e	10	98	11	10½	10⅝	— ⅛
16⅝	12¼	MGM 1	6	113	14	13⅝	13⅝	
11⅝	5¼	Metrom .50	9	300	11¾	11	11⅝	+ ⅝
14⅝	8½	MGIC In .10		478	14⅝	13¼	13⅝	
12⅝	8½	MichGs 1.10	8	6	11⅛	11	11	
18⅝	14⅝	MhTube 1.20	5	x11	18⅝	17⅝	18	
13¼	8⅝	Microdot .60	5	148	13⅝	10⅝	13⅜	+ 1⅝
17⅝	9⅝	Microw .79t	8	13	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
14	10¾	MidC Tl 1.04	7	4	12	11⅞	11⅞	
15⅝	12½	MidSUt 1.25	6	182	13	12⅝	13	
17⅝	10¼	MidldRoss 1	5	77	17⅝	17¼	17⅝	+ ½
24⅞	17½	MilesLb 1.28	8	38	23	22½	23	
8⅝	4¼	MiltBrd .35a	6	67	8½	8	8⅛	— ⅛
58⅝	43	MinMM 1.35	21	879	55¼	54⅝	55¼	+ 1⅝
18½	13¾	MinnPL 1.46	9	16	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
12¼	9¼	MirroAl .96	7	7	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
13⅝	9	MissnEq .29	6	57	10	9⅝	9¾	— ⅝
21⅝	16½	MissRiv 1.20	4	59	21¾	20⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
14¼	10⅝	MoPac pf 1		7	14⅝	14½	14½	
20	14⅝	MoPlCe 1.60	6	10	18⅝	18⅛	18⅝	+ ⅛
11¼	8	MoPSv .84b	6	8	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	— ⅛
43½	34½	MobilOl 3.40	4	472	39⅝	39	39⅝	— ⅛
4⅛	1½	Mobil Home		23	4⅛	3⅞	4⅛	+ ⅛
14⅛	8⅝	Mohsc 1.20	14	22	13	10⅝	12⅝	+ 1⅝
3	1⅝	Mohk Data		98	2⅝	2½	2½	+ ⅛
12⅝	8⅝	MohkRub 1	7	1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
22¼	14⅝	Molycrp .40	5	99	20½	19⅝	19⅞	— ⅛
34½	25¼	Moly pf2.30		1	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅝
19½	9	MonarchM 1	5	13	17⅝	17½	17⅝	+ ⅛
9¼	5⅝	Mongrm Ind	4	184	9⅝	9⅛	9⅛	— ⅛
11⅝	7⅝	MonrEq .44	12	251	10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	+ ⅜
67⅝	41	Monsan 2.40	7	339	65⅝	65⅛	65⅛	+ ⅛
75	48	Mons pf2.75		5	73¼	73	73⅛	— 1⅛
30	25	MonDU 2.08	7	25	25	25⅝	25⅝	— ⅛
25⅝	22¼	MonPw 1.80	8	127	23⅝	22¾	22⅝	— ⅛
23	19⅝	MonSt 1.80a	4	24	22½	21¾	21⅝	— ⅛
7½	4⅝	MONY .72e	10	54	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
60⅝	27⅝	MoorMc 1.60	5	98	59⅝	58⅝	59½	+ 1⅛
65⅝	57⅝	Morgan 1.80	14	397	65⅝	64⅝	64⅝	— ⅝
18⅞	13½	MorrsKn .88	5	24	16⅝	16⅝	16½	
3	1½	MorseEl Pd	8	25	2⅝	2½	2½	
4⅞	2¼	MorseSh .20	8	151	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	— ⅛
4½	3⅝	MtgeTr Am		8	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+ ⅛
14½	11⅝	MorNor .68	7	132	13	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
57⅝	33¾	Motorola .70	25	247	55⅝	53⅝	54⅞	+ 1
33⅝	25⅝	MtFuel 1.20	16	305	33⅝	33	33	+ ⅛
19⅝	16⅝	MtStTel 1.52	8	34	17⅝	17¼	17⅛	+ ⅛
7¼	4⅝	Munford .36	5	7	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
5⅝	3⅝	Munfd pf.40		4	5⅝	5½	5½	— ⅛
14¼	11	Munsng 1.08	59	25	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	10¼	MurphC 1.20	6	37	13½	13⅝	13⅝	— ¼
21⅝	15½	MurpOil .60	4	131	18⅝	18¼	18⅝	+ 1¼
16⅝	13	MurryOh 1	4	2	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
15⅝	12⅝	MutlOm 1.32		11	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
7⅝	4	MyersL .60	8	216	7	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛

N

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
35½	22¼	Nabisco 2.30	11	90	33	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅝
30⅝	17	NalcoCh .60	21	76	29⅝	28⅝	28⅞	— ⅝
9⅝	4⅝	NarcoScl .60	8	30	9¼	9	9⅛	+ ⅛
22⅝	15	NashuaC .60	6	38	17	17	17	
13⅝	7⅝	NatAirl .50	6	791	14	12⅝	13⅝	+ 1⅛
12⅝	7⅝	N Avia .09e		82	12½	11⅝	12½	+ ¼
13⅝	9½	NatCan .53	4	137	11⅝	11⅛	11⅝	— ⅛
24⅝	19⅝	N Can pf1.50		1	21½	21½	21½	
45½	29⅝	N Chem .25	32	349	44⅝	44	44⅝	— ¼
8½	5⅝	NatCityL .90		10	7⅝	7	7	+ ⅛
37⅝	29⅝	NatDef 2.32	5	12	37⅝	37	37½	+ ⅞
16⅝	13⅝	NatDist 1.20	6	97	15⅝	15⅝	15⅝	+ ⅛
65	64½	NDst pf 4.25		z100	67	67	67	
22⅝	18⅝	NatFuelG 2	6	9	21⅝	21	21⅝	+ ⅛
14⅝	8⅝	NatGyp 1.05	8	51	10	10⅝	10	+ ⅛
5	1⅝	Nat Homes		57	4⅛	4	4⅛	+ ⅛
6⅝	3⅝	NatInd .25	3	105	6⅝	6	6	
9	8⅝	NatInd pf.60		23	10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	+ 1⅛
12⅝	9½	NMnd pf1.25		1	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
2⅝	⅝	NatMtge Fd		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
38⅝	9⅝	Nat Semicn	24	463	34⅝	33	33⅝	+ ⅝
9⅝	6⅝	N Svcind .72	6	21	8⅝	8¼	8⅝	
16½	11⅝	N Stand .90	4	33	15	14⅝	14⅝	
42⅝	32⅝	NatStl 2.50a	5	129	42⅝	42⅝	42⅝	+ ⅛
7½	2⅝	Nat Tea		119	7⅝	7	7	
47⅝	30⅝	Natoma 1.20	4	1417	52½	49⅝	52	+ 4½
30⅝	14½	NCR Cp .72	9	639	31⅝	29⅝	31¼	+ 1½
11½	6⅝	Neptune .40	7	29	11⅝	11⅝	11⅛	+ ⅛
16½	15⅝	NevPw 1.50	5	18	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
22⅝	20⅝	NevP pf2.30		z900	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	13	NEngEl 1.78	7	103	16	15⅝	15⅝	
13½	8⅝	NEngGE 1.28	6	11	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+ ⅝
27⅝	22⅝	N EngT 2.36	9	76	23	22⅝	23	
7-32	1-64	NEngTT rt		219	1-32	1-64	1-64	
10⅝	8¼	Newhall .40	8	203	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
25⅝	18¼	Newmt 1.60	5	229	25⅝	24	24⅝	— ⅛
77½	63⅝	Nwmt pf4.50		2	75½	77½	77½	+ ½
22⅝	16⅝	NYSEG 2.20	6	50	20⅝	19⅝	20	— ⅝
91	75⅝	NYSE pf8.80		z10	80⅝	80⅝	80⅝	+ ⅝
23½	19½	NYSE pf2.12		1	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	
11⅝	8⅝	NiaMP 1.18	6	267	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
37	29	NiaM pf 3.60		z210	35	34⅝	34⅝	— 1
13	11	NiaShr 1.03e		20	12½	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	11¾	NL Ind 1	5	235	16	15⅝	16	+ ⅛
19½	13⅝	NLT Cp .60	6	556	19⅝	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅝
70	59⅝	NorflkWn 5	6	109	69	67⅝	67⅝	— 1⅛
15⅝	12⅝	Norlin 1.25	3	13	14½	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
15⅝	10⅝	Norris 1.92	6	28	17⅝	17⅝	17⅝	+ ⅛
33	24¼	NoACoal .80	11	46	32	31⅝	31⅝	+ ⅛
10⅝	6½	NoAMt 2.01e	4	277	7⅝	6⅝	6⅝	— ⅛
19¼	12⅝	NoAPhl 1.20	6	37	18	17⅝	17⅝	— ⅛
3⅝	2⅝	NoCAir .10e	4	73	3¼	2⅝	2⅝	
1⅝	10-15	NoCeAir wt		12	1⅝	1	1⅝	
9	6⅝	NoestUt 1.02	6	202	8⅝	8	8⅝	
11½	8½	NoCenGs .68	7	11	10¾	10¾	10¾	
22⅝	17⅝	NorIllGas 2	8	28	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
24½	19½	NoIlG pf1.90		1	21⅝	21⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛
16⅝	13⅝	NIndPS 1.36	8	16	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
60½	57½	NNGs 3.10a	5	203	58⅝	58⅝	58	+ ⅝
94⅝	91	NoNG pf8.48		z70	93⅝	92⅝	92⅝	
22⅝	15⅝	NoStPw 1.84	9	64	22⅝	22	22	
4⅝	2⅝	Northgt .30e	8	43	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
29⅝	22¼	Northrp 1.60	5	93	26⅝	25⅝	25	+ ⅝
30	23½	Nrthp pf1.45		3	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
19¼	11⅝	NwstAirl .45	6	1070	19⅝	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅝
40¼	34	NwtBnc 1.60	9	70	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	+ 1⅛
19¼	13⅝	NwE ct1.20e	5	33	19⅝	19⅛	19⅝	+ ⅛
30⅝	18⅝	NwtInd 1.20	3	198	30⅝	29⅝	30⅛	+ ⅝
14⅝	8½	NwstInd wt		37	14½	14	14⅛	+ ½
90	39	NwInd pfA5		19	91	89½	91	+ 3
90	40	NwInd pfC5		1	90	90	90	
62½	49½	NwIn pf4.20		37	60⅝	60⅝	60	+ 2⅝
12⅝	9⅝	NwNL 1.31e	7	21	9⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+ ⅛
45	34⅝	NwtSH 2.40a	9	4	44⅝	44⅝	44⅝	
28⅝	20½	Norton 1.70	6	24	27	26⅝	27	+ ⅝
19¼	10⅝	NortSim .40	10	225	18	17⅝	17⅝	
44	25¼	NortS pf1.60		10	30⅝	30⅝	30⅝	
19½	10⅝	NucorCp .28	4	17	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝	+ ⅛
27½	18½	NVF 5.40t	2	133	27⅝	26⅝	27⅝	+ 1⅛

O

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
9⅝	5½	Oak Ind .40	3	8	8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	— ⅛
10⅝	7¼	Oakite P .84	7	5	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
18⅝	12⅝	OcciPet .50e	3	1006	14½	14⅝	14⅝	— ⅛
51	42	OccidPt pf 4		19	45	47⅝	47⅝	— 1
49¼	40¼	OccIP pf3.60		33	47⅝	46½	46⅝	— 1⅛
27¼	23⅝	OccIP pf2.16		4	25⅝	25⅝	25⅝	
20½	13½	OgdenCp 1	4	231	19½	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅝
31	23	Ogdn pf1.87		8	29⅛	29	29	
16⅝	12⅝	OhioEd 1.66	12	466	14⅝	14½	14⅝	+ ⅛
106	99½	OhE pf 10.76		z230	100⅝	99⅝	100⅝	+ 1
50	43	OhEd pf4.40		z90	45½	44	44	— 1
112	105	OhPw pf 14		z320	107⅝	107⅝	107⅝	
75	70	OhPw pf8.04		z10	72⅝	72⅝	72⅝	+ ⅝
13⅝	10⅝	OKC Cp .80	3	21	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	
22⅝	17⅝	OklaGE 1.40	9	53	18⅝	17⅝	18⅛	+ ⅛
23½	17⅝	OklaNG 1.40	7	23	21⅝	21⅝	22	+ ⅛
22⅝	14⅝	OlinCp 1.30	4	58	21⅝	20⅝	21⅝	+ ⅛

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
18	13⅝	Olinkraft 1	5	55				
10⅝	7⅝	Omark .38	4	4				
18⅝	7⅝	Oneida .76	5	5				
12⅝	10	Opelika 1		[illegible]				
11⅞	7⅝	OrangR 1.20	8	11				
8½	3⅝	Orange .12	12	161				
33	24¼	OtisElv 2.20	6	27				
20⅝	11	OutMar 1.20	10	18				
14⅝	9	OvernitT .80	6	17				
12⅝	8¼	OverShip .15	4	34				
38⅝	25¼	OwenCn .68	22	273				
40½	32	OwenIll 1.72	7	262				
13	7¼	Oxfrdind .44	3	6				

P-Q

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
14	11½	PacAS 1.20a		19				
23½	19⅝	PacGas 1.80	7	380				
19	14⅝	PacLtg 1.48	7	42				
21	13⅝	PacPetrl .75	9	50				
18⅝	14⅝	PacPw 1.60	8	361				
15½	12⅝	PacTT 1.20	8	21				
75	69	PacTT pf 6		z90				
9⅝	6½	PacTin .80e	4	7				
6⅝	2¼	Paine Webb	12	185				
13	8¼	PalW pf1.30		1				
4	2⅝	PalmBc .25	4	11				
9¼	3	Pamida Inc	13	441				
8⅝	2	PanAm Air		373				
33½	27¼	PanhEP 2	6	16				
9⅝	6⅝	PaprcR .60b	5	98				
17⅝	8⅝	Pargas .50	7	3				
18⅝	12⅝	ParHan 1.12	6	101				
11½	11	Parker Pen	7	5				
25	14	Pasco Inc	9	353				
12⅝	6½	Pavl me .20	8	54				
21⅝	9½	PeabGa .88r	14	64				
2⅝	1⅛	Penn Cent		42				
7⅝	3⅝	PennDix .34	5	27				
3⅝	1⅝	Penn Fruit		1				
68½	36½	Penney 1.16	26	389				
53	45	PaCo pf4.62		3				
20	15⅝	PaPwLt 1.80	6	156				
120	105	PaPLt pf 13		z130				
82	79	PaPL pf8.70		z80				
80	79	PaPL pf8.40		z20				
52	44⅝	PaPL pf4.50		z130				
26⅝	17⅝	Pennwlt 1.36	9	82				
42	31	Penwl pf2.50		1				
21⅝	17	Pennzoi 1.20	5	149				
80	68½	Pennz pfB		4				
27⅝	22	Pennz pf1.33		1				
6⅝	3⅝	PeopDrg .20	12	14				
36	30½	PeopGs 2.48	6	115				
65⅝	48⅝	PepsiCo 1.40	18	156				
28⅝	16	PerkElm .28	30	149				
23⅝	16⅝	PetInc 1.40	6	9				
14½	11	PetInc pf 1		1				
11⅝	6¼	PeterPl .80	20	7				
64⅝	34	PetrieStr .80	23	76				
17¼	8⅝	Petrolan .44	7	53				
19⅝	16½	Petrlm 2.01e		18				
38⅝	24	Pfizer .76a	18	327				
39⅝	29	PhelpD 2.20	9	109				
14¾	11⅝	PhilaEl 1.64	7	126				
93	74	PhilE pf9.50		z240				
84	67	PhilE pf8.75		z60				
68⅝	57	PhilaEl pf 7		z50				
39	32½	PhilE pf3.80		z520				
21⅝	14⅝	PhilSub 1.30	7	22				
56½	48⅝	PhilMorr .96	18	599				
5⅝	2	Philips Ind		23				
9⅝	5⅝	Phil Ind pf 1		1				
46¼	37	PhilPet 1.60	8	285				
6	3⅝	PhilVnH .40	32	28				
18⅝	7⅝	Pickwk 1.29t	8	25				
14½	9¼	PiedNG 1.28	5	2				
6¼	2⅝	Pier 1 Imprt	17	16				
37½	36	Pillsbry 1.80	10	85				
23⅝	19⅝	Pion Cp 1.20	8	37				
18¼	11⅛	PitneyB .60	9	317				
16¾	13½	PittFrg .80b	13	4				
60	36⅝	Pittston .88a	9	345				
27¼	12½	Pizza Hut	13	78				
4⅝	1⅝	Plan Resrch	9	65				
4½	2½	Playboy .12	8	10				
16⅞	6⅝	Plessey .93e	6	1084				
7¼	3⅝	PneumS .40e	11	29				
31⅝	15	Polaroid .32	38	6951				
18¼	3⅞	Ponderosa	21	2852				
14⅝	8⅝	PopeTa .60b	7	9				
18½	13⅝	Portec 1b	4	50				
17⅝	12⅝	PortGE 1.38	7	34				
39¼	23⅝	Potlath 1.40	7	156				
13¼	10	PotmEl 1.16	8	150				
56¼	50	PotEl pf5.50		z120				
45	35½	PotEl pf4.04		z100				
34⅝	26⅝	PotEl pf2.44		5				
28⅝	24	PPGInd 1.70	7	68				
12⅝	6	Premier .32	8	101				
14⅝	10	Premr pf.90		2				
100⅝	78½	ProctGam 2	23	212				
8⅝	6½	ProdRsh .30	6	16				
32½	18⅛	Proler 1.40	2	58				
6	4	PSA Inc	10	66				
15⅝	12¼	PSvCol 1.20	7	79				
16⅞	12	PSvEG 1.72	6	174				
107½	104	PSE pf 12.25		z50				
76¾	64½	PSEG pf7.80		z170				
78	65	PSEG pf7.70		z100				
52	42½	PSEG pf5.05		z250				
15⅝	12½	PSEG pf1.40		5				
34⅝	29⅝	PSvInd 2.56	9	37				
43	38	PSInd pf3.50		z50				
18	11⅝	PSvNH 1.64	7	134				
17¼	11⅝	PSvNM 1.20	9	24				
9½	3	Publckr .19t	9	204				
3⅝	2⅝	Puebloln .20	7	x32				
4½	2⅝	PR Cem .12		4				
25⅝	18⅝	PugSdP 2.16	6	18				
49⅝	38	Pullmn 1.70	9	146				
12⅝	7¼	PurexCp .88	8	154				
3	1⅛	Purita Fash		61				
29⅝	17⅝	Purolatr .96	18	72				
18½	12⅝	QuakOat .80	10	150				
30¼	28⅝	QukOat pf 3		2				
20	15	QuakStO .64	11	46				
6¼	4	Questor .25r		1				
17⅝	14¾	Questr pfA 2		2				

R

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
43⅛	36	RalstonP .90	14	1032	38⅝			
5⅝	2⅛	Ramada .12	14	541	5			
16	7⅝	Ranco In .92	6	9	9			
8¼	5⅛	RapdAm .50	9	37	4⅞			
27⅝	18¼	Raybest 1.50	4	35	26⅛			
11⅝	7¼	Raymlnt .40	5	64	10⅝			
40¼	25¾	Raytheon 1	10	238	40¼			
19	10⅝	RCA 1	11	928	16⅛			
52½	39	RCA cvpf 4		10	48⅝			
48½	33½	RCA pf 3.50		z30	39			
3⅝	1¾	vlReadg Co		8	3			
3⅝	1	vlReadg 1pf		1	3			
3⅝	1	vlReadg 2pf		1	2¾			
21⅝	16⅝	RdgBate .25	8	879	23⅛			
4½	1¾	Redman Ind		9	3⅞			
12½	7⅝	ReeceCp .74	10	15	12⅝			
25⅝	16¼	Reed Tool	11	314	24⅝			
19	15⅝	Reeves 1.80	6	6	18⅝			
14	10¼	ReichCh .60	4	301	14⅝			
7	4½	Rellab St .60	7	3	6⅛			
15⅝	10¼	RelianEl .90	6	86	15⅝			
47	35	Relian pf 3		6	46⅝			
28	19½	Relia pf1.60		1	27½			
8	4⅝	ReliaGrp .40		31	6			
16¼	12⅝	ReG pfC2.60		20	13¾			
18¾	13¼	ReG pfB2.20		3	16			
3⅝	1⅝	Republic Cp	5	230	2⅝			
12	8⅝	RepFinS .80	5	34	11			
3⅛	1⅛	RepMtg Inv		36	2¼			
35⅞	22⅞	RepStl 1.60a	3	146	35			
9¼	4⅝	ResrvOil .12	9	1016	10⅝			
16⅝	10⅝	RetailCred 2	9	7	16⅝			
37¼	17⅝	RevcoDS .32	16	21	32⅝			
12	6¼	RevCop .25e	4	245	11⅝			
70⅝	47⅝	Revlon 1.2u	18	40	69⅝			
3⅝	2⅝	Rexham .20	5	21	3⅛			
20⅝	12⅝	Rexnrd 1.32	6	35	19⅝			
30⅝	22⅝	Rexn pf2.36		9	30⅝			
56⅝	40½	Reylnd 2.88	8	141	56⅝			
63	62½	Reyln pf2.25		10	68⅝			
22⅝	14⅝	ReynMet 1a	3	272	21⅝			
53	44½	ReyM pf4.50		6	51⅝			
13	5½	RevSac .50a	10	27	12⅝			
12¼	10¼	Richardsn 1	4	12	10⅝			
23⅝	10⅝	RichMer .64	11	481	23			
14⅝	10½	Richmnd .80	6	128	14½			
13⅝	10¼	RiegelT 1.20	5	16	13⅞			
10¼	8	RioGran .40	4	55	11			
9¼	7½	RioGr pf.80		28	9			
9½	4⅝	Rite Aid .16	15	2081	10¼			
20⅝	11½	RivianF .90	11	10	20			
14½	9	Robshaw .20	15	13	11⅞			
16¼	13¾	Robrtsn 1.30	6	10	15¾			
15⅝	10½	Robins .24a	13	440	10½			
15⅝	10¼	RochG 1.24b	8	23	13⅝			
12⅝	10⅛	RochTel .76	8	54	10⅞			
8	4½	Rockowr .44	10	19	7⅝			
24	18⅝	Rockwlint 2	6	79	19½			
58	50	RkInt pf4.75		1	52			
21	17	RkInt pf1.35		9	17			
74⅝	46⅝	RohmH 1.28	15	90	75			
10⅝	7⅝	Rohrlnd .40	6	64	8½			
18⅝	14¼	Rollinsin .25	14	36	18			
7¼	4⅝	Ronson .28	10	34	7¼			
13⅝	9⅝	Roper 1.10		38	11⅛			
25¼	18	RorerA .90	13	106	24¼			
44⅝	27⅝	Rosario .40b	14	251	36¼			
12⅝	8⅝	RoyCCol .64	13	38	12⅝			
38⅛	24½	RoylD 2.71e	3	77	35⅝			
5¼	2⅝	RoyInd .45t	9	37	4			
5⅝	3¼	RTE Cp .16	5	19	4⅝			
20½	14	Rubbrm .36	25	30	28½			
16¾	11	Rucker .20	9	460	19⅝			
10⅝	5⅝	RussTog .76	15	48	9⅞			
7¼	3⅜	Ryder Sys		1044	6			

S

—1975— High	Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
30½	25	SabineR .56	9	17	27			
5¼	1½	Safegrd Ind	24	18	2⅝			
45⅞	34⅝	Safewy 1.80	13	209	45¾			
7⅝	3	Saga Corp	8	56	7⅝			
56¼	34¾	StJoeM 2.20	6	192	56⅞			
12⅝	8⅞	StJoLtP 1.12	11	13	11⅝			
27¾	22¼	StLSaF 2.50	5	21	25⅝			
11⅝	9½	StPauls .46a		11	11			
37½	19⅝	StRegP 1.40	6	323	28			
5	3½	Salant .24b	5	33	4½			
13⅝	10¼	SanDGs 1.20	6	47	11⅝			
4⅝	2½	SandAs Asso		116	3⅝			
14½	8¼	Sangamo .70	6	16	13½			
9½	3⅝	SJuanR .60t	5	16	6⅞			
30⅝	23½	SFeInd 1.80	6	110	27⅝			
26¼	18⅝	SanFeInt .30	11	385	24⅝			
9⅝	6⅝	SargWel .40	8	251	10⅛			
5¼	3⅝	Saul RlEst	4	36	3⅝			
8¼	6½	SavehE .56r	4	25	6⅝			
11⅝	9	SavnEA 1.34		1	10½			
3½	1⅝	Sav A Stop		16	3⅛			
5	3	SavOnDr .18e	9	47	5			
7	1⅝	SavinB Mch	24	122	5⅝			
4⅝	2¼	Saxon Ind	11	40	3⅝			
3⅝	2⅛	SCA Svc	6	108	2⅝			
5⅝	3⅝	Schaefer Cp	13	10	4⅝			
67¼	46½	ScheraPl .88	26	705	40⅝			
27⅝	15½	SchlitzBr .48	15	100	23⅝			
80¼	67	Schlumb .40	31	503	83⅝			
14⅝	9	SCM Co .80	4	185	10⅝			
7⅝	4⅝	SCOAInd .48	5	37	6⅝			
15⅝	8⅝	ScotLFd .54	4	18	14⅝			
15¼	9⅝	ScottFetz 1	8	23	14⅝			
12	8¼	ScottFor .80	6	119	18⅝			
18⅞	12¾	ScottPap .48	9	217	18			
13⅝	5	Scottys .10	14	77	10⅝			
14¼	8⅝	ScovilMfg 1	7	107	14¼			
34½	25½	Scovil pf[illegible]		7	33⅝			
6	4	ScudDuoV[illegible]		14	[illegible]			
8¼	7¼	Scud pf[illegible]		50	8⅛			
17⅝	10⅝	SeaCont .20	4	36	14⅝			
31½	25⅝	SeabCL 2.30	4	171	29⅝			
5⅝	3⅝	SeabWA [illegible]	11	44	5⅝			

[illegible] (Continued on [illegible] page)

هكذا من الأصل

هكذا من الأصل

New York Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

Stocks and Div in $	Sls. P/E	100s.	High	Low	Last	Net chge
Seagram .80	14	57	30¾	30	30¾	
Seagrv .25e	9	29	5⅝	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
SealdPw .72	7	5	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
SearleG .46	17	521	24½	23⅞	23⅞	
Sears 1.60a	20	499	66⅝	65⅜	65⅝	+ ⅛
Seatrain Lin		55	2	1⅞	2	
Sedcolnc .10	10	85	31⅞	30½	30⅞	+ ⅛
SvcColnt .10	5	22	6⅛	6	6⅛	
Servomi .40	5	26	9⅛	8¾	8⅝	
Shakespre .28	7	8	5¾	5⅜	5⅜	+ ⅛
Shapell .10	6	78	10¾	10⅛	10⅜	+ ⅛
ShellOil 2.60	5	156	44¾	43⅞	44½	+ ⅛
ShellT 1.16e	3	2	26⅝	26⅝	26⅝	+ ⅛
ShellNGl .56	4	24	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	+ ⅛
ShellNGl pf 3		6	31	30¼	30¼	
ShllGl pf1.40		1	14	14	14	
ShllGl pf1.25		2	14½	14½	14½	+ ⅛
SherwW 2.20	7	42	48	47½	48	+ ⅛
Shr W pf4.40		x200	70	70	70	+ 2½
SierrPac .92	6	49	10	9⅝	10	+ ⅛
SignalCo .50	6	305	17⅝	16½	17½	+ ⅛
Signal pf2.20		8	36	36	36	+ 2
Signal pf I		10	16¾	16	16	+ ⅛
SignodeCp 1	11	8	36¼	35½	35½	+ ⅛
SimPrec .12	11	167	7	6⅝	6⅞	+ ⅛
Simm .88a	9	167	13⅝	14½	13⅝	+ ⅛
SimpPat .30	20	231	12	11¾	12	+ ⅛
SingerCo .60		1018	13½	12	13½	+ ⅛
Singr pf3.50		31	33⅝	33	33⅝	+ ⅛
SkaggCo .60	10	27	21½	20¾	21¼	+ ⅛
Skelly 1.20a	6	3	56¾	56	56	— ½
SkilCorp	26	5	9⅜	9¼	9⅜	
Skyline .24	64	241	23⅝	22	22½	+ ⅛
SmithAO .40	85	45	8½	8⅛	8½	+ ⅛
SmithIntl .24	14	291	9⅝	9¼	9⅜	+ ⅛
Smithkline 2	14	45	53⅜	53	53⅜	+ ⅛
SmithTr .45	5	12	10⅜	10⅛	10⅜	+ ⅛
Smucker .80	9	4	15¾	15½	15½	
SolaBas .60	4	22	8¾	8½	8¾	+ ⅛
Sonesta Int	8	5	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
SonyCp .20b	28	1030	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	+ ⅛
SooLin 4.50e	5	53	30½	30	30½	+ ⅛
SOS Con .24	5	12	7¼	7	7¼	+ ⅛
SCarEG 1.48	8	106	14⅝	14½	14⅝	
SoJerin 1.56	7	3	13½	13¼	13½	
Southdown	3	37	9⅞	9½	9⅝	
Sdwn pf1.80		13	18½	18½	18½	
SoestRkg .80	7	35	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	+ ⅛
SoenPS .4e	4	3	6⅜	6¼	6⅜	
SoCalE 1.68	4	239	17⅞	16¾	17¼	+ ⅛
SouthCo 1.40	7	2071	11	10¼	10⅝	— ⅛
SoInGE 2.28	7	19	26	25⅜	25⅝	
SoNRes 1.65	8	98	48⅜	47	47	— ⅛
SoNETl 2.84	9	14	30¾	30¼	30⅛	
Sou Pac 2.24	9	7	30⅜	30	30⅛	+ ⅛
Sou Ry 2.12	9	122	33¾	32½	33¼	+ ⅛
SouRy pfA 3		5	33½	33½	33½	+ ⅛
SouUGs 1.60	7	13	25¾	25¼	25¼	+ ⅛
Southld .40b	14	277	24½	24⅛	24⅛	+ ⅛
SwstFor .20	4	28	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
SwtFl pf1.50		10	17¼	16⅝	16⅝	— ⅛
SwstPSv 2.50	8	79	19¾	19½	19¾	+ ⅛
Sowrlen .20	4	4	7⅜	7⅜	7⅜	+ ⅛
SperryHut 1	7	17	9⅛	8⅞	8⅞	+ ⅛
Sperry H pf 3		11	32½	32½	32½	+ ⅛
SperryR .76	11	564	40⅝	38⅝	40⅜	+ ⅛
Sprague El	4	101	10¼	10¼	10¼	
Spring M .75	11	24	9⅜	9⅜	9⅜	
StaunRD 1.10	11	169	17⅞	17½	17⅞	+ ⅛
StdOil 2.60	10	265	35¾	35½	35½	
StaleyMfg 2	6	56	32¾	29	31	+ 2⅛
StPacif 1.92a		x32	21¾	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
StdBrands 2	17	76	67½	66¾	67¼	+ ⅛
StdPalm .32	32	25	48½	48¼	48½	+ ⅛
StdOilCal 2	4	481	25⅜	25	25⅜	+ ⅛
StdOilInd 2	6	1012	40⅜	39⅞	40⅛	+ ⅛
StOilOh 1.36	18	277	62	61	61½	+ 1⅛
StdPress .40	3	31	7	7	7	
StPrud .66b	8	4	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
Standex .52	4	3	9	8⅞	9	+ ⅛
StanWks .96	9	38	19	18¾	18¾	— ⅛
Stanray .60	6	1	7¼	7¼	7¼	— ⅛
Starrett 1	6	1	17¼	17¼	17¼	— ⅛
StarMut Inv	2	94	24¾	24¾	24¾	
StaMS 1.10e		16	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	+ ⅛
StauffCh 2.20	8	200	68	66½	68	+ 1½
Sterchl .46	9	4	6⅝	6½	6⅝	
SterDrug .70	15	253	20½	20	20⅛	
Sterndnt .12	9	276	14⅝	13⅞	14¼	+ ⅛
StevensJ .80	5	370	14	13¾	14	+ ⅛
StewWa 1.92	7	19	24½	23¾	23⅞	— ⅛
StokVC pf 1	5	23	18	18	18	+ ⅛
StokVC pf 1		2140	12¼	12	12¼	+ ⅛
StoneWeb 2	9	19	49⅞	48⅜	49	+ ⅛
StoneCon .60	3	6	10⅝	10¾	10½	+ ⅛
Stop Shop 1	5	25	15	14¾	14⅝	+ ⅛
StorerBdg 1.80	8	19	17	16¾	16¾	+ ⅛
StrkRite .70	7	21	9⅝	9½	9⅝	+ ⅛
StuWor 1.32	16	24	20¼	20	20⅛	+ 1
StuWr pfB 5		1	55	54	55	+ 1½
StW pfA1.40		10	22½	22	22½	+ ⅛
Suave Shoe	5	30	2⅝	2½	2½	
SubnPro .88	4	25	13⅜	12⅝	12⅞	— ⅛
SuCrest .20a		13	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	
Sun Chm .40	10	15	11⅝	11½	11⅝	+ ⅛
SunOil 1r	4	50	30	29¾	29¾	— ⅛
Sun O pf2.25		69	33	32⅛	32⅝	— ⅛
Sunbeam 1	10	61	19	18½	19	+ ⅛
Sundstrd .80	7	132	21¼	20¾	20⅞	
Sunds pf3.50		5	39	39	39	— ⅛
SunshjMn .48	12	35	11¾	11⅝	11⅝	— ⅛
SupValu .90	8	17	23¾	23⅝	23⅝	
Supr Oil 1.40	11	21	177½	171½	173¾	+ 3⅝
SuprmkG .20	5	34	4½	4⅜	4½	
Superscpe	3	30	13½	13	13¾	+ ⅛
SutroMt .25e	10	28	5⅝	5⅜	5⅝	
Swank .48	5	15	5⅝	5½	5½	
Sybron .72	11	53	19⅝	19½	19⅞	+ ⅛
Sybrn pf2.40		1	37½	37½	37½	+ 1
Sydnan Don	33	20	5¾	5⅛	5⅛	+ ⅛
TaffBrd .60	8	44	24	23¾	24	+ ⅛
Talcott Nat		17	31⅛	31½	31⅝	
Talley .60	6	52	12⅛	11⅞	12⅛	+ ⅛
Talley pfB 1		16	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
TampaE .96	9	112	13⅜	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
Tandy Corp	13	294	36⅛	34⅝	35½	+ 2⅛
Tappan .20		23	6½	6¼	6½	+ ⅛
Technicolr	5	23	6½	6¼	6½	
Technicon	16	16	13½	13⅛	13⅛	— ⅛
Tektronx .20	12	76	24½	24	24½	+ ⅛
Telecor .25	5	14	4¾	4¾	4¾	+ ⅛
Teledyn .32t	6	198	16⅛	15⅞	16⅛	+ 1
Teledyn pf 6		5	51½	50¾	50¾	— ⅛
Telesrmpt		396	5½	5¼	5⅜	— ⅛
Telex Cp		182	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
Tenneco 1.60	5	610	22	21¾	22	
Tenneco wt A		120	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	— ⅛
Tennc pf5.50		2	80½	80	80	— 1⅜
TeseroP .40		3	1265	16¼	15⅜	16 — ⅛
Texaco 2a	4	657	25	24½	24⅝	+ ⅛
TxCom .90	13	7	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜	— ⅛
TexETr 1.70	9	266	32¼	31⅝	31¾	+ ⅛
TexGat 1.76	6	27	28	27⅝	27¾	
TexgpH 1.20	7	141	22	21	21¾	+ ⅛
TexInd .1b	13	32	13⅜	12⅝	12⅝	— ⅛
TexInst 1	7	520	106⅜	104¼	105¾	+ 1⅞
Texas Intl	6	571	7½	6¾	7⅛	+ ⅛
TexOGs .01b	9	x201	17⅜	17⅛	17⅜	
TexPLd .70a	13	5	27½	27¼	27½	+ ⅛
TexUt 1.24	9	139	19¾	19⅜	19¾	+ ⅛
Textl Ind		125	5¾	5½	5¾	— ⅛
Textron 1.10	7	317	19⅜	19	19⅜	+ ⅛
Textr pf2.08		2	26¼	26	26¼	+ ⅛
Textr pf1.40		16	20⅜	19¾	19¾	
Thiokol .70	4	223	14⅛	13¾	14⅛	+ ⅛
ThomBet .72	18	20	36⅛	35¾	36	— ⅛
Thomlin .40b	12	7	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+ ⅛
Thom Ind .80	24	28	21¾	21¼	21¾	+ ⅛
ThrlftDp .40	11	22	6⅛	6	6⅛	+ ⅛
TI Corp 1	12	123	15⅜	14⅞	15⅜	+ ⅛
TidwatnA .60	9	177	39½	38⅝	39½	+ 1⅛
Tigerin .40a	11	x260	13⅞	13½	13¾	+ ⅛
Timelnc 2	9	45	45½	44¾	45½	+ 1⅛
Timken 1.40	10	142	37	36¼	36¾	+ ⅛
Timkn 1.80a	a	57	31⅞	31½	31⅝	+ ⅛
Tish Rlty		104	12½	12¾	12¼	+ ⅛
ToledoEd 2	6	28	16½	16¼	16¼	
Tomkins .40	4	31	7	6¾	6¾	
ToolRol .40b	8	29	8½	8¼	8¼	
TraneCo .96	11	x178	21¾	20¾	21⅜	+ ⅛
TranUn 1.56	14	42	31	30¾	31	+ ⅛
Trans W Air		83	11½	10	10⅞	+ ⅛
TWA pf 2		19	13⅞	13¼	13¼	
TransAm .16	7	285	3	2¾	2¾	— ⅛
Transam .59	14	443	8⅞	8¾	8⅝	
Trainc 1.68a	12		19½	19⅜	19¼	+ ⅛
Transco .80	12	120	8¾	8½	8½	+ ⅛
Transcn .45	5	37	6	6	6	
TranOh .20r	4	8	6½	6¼	6¼	
Tranwy 1.40	5	67	15⅝	15¼	15⅜	+ ⅛
Travlns 1.20	7	128	21¾	21¼	21½	+ ⅛
Traveler pf 2		8	30½	30¼	30½	— ⅛
TRE Corp		54	6¾	6½	6¾	+ ⅛
TriCon 1.25e		81	19⅜	19⅛	19⅛	
TriSou Mtge		22	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
Trialnd .90a	4	3	14¾	14¾	14¾	+ ⅛
TrianPfc .40	10	22	10¼	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
TrinInd .80	5	44	18¼	17¾	18¼	+ ⅛
Tropica .20e	19	76	22⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+ ⅛
TRW In 1.20	6	149	19¾	18¾	19¾	+ ⅛
TRW pf4.50		7	51	50¾	51	+ ⅛
TRW pf4.40		5	56	54	56	+ 1½
TucsonG .96	7	127	10	9⅞	10	
TwinLab .40	11	370	11⅝	10⅝	11⅜	+ ⅛
TwinCty .60	10	222	12⅝	12	12⅛	+ ⅛
TylerCp .60	4	17	19½	19¼	19¾	— ⅛

U - V

UAL In .60a	5	726	21⅞	20⅝	21½	+ ⅜
UAL pf.40		1	21½	21½	21½	+ 1⅜
Uarco 1.20a	3	10	19⅜	18⅞	19⅜	+ ⅛
UGI Cp 1.32	6	4	12½	12¼	12½	
UMC Ind 1	5	239	9½	9⅜	9½	
UMET Tr		5	2¼	2¼	2¼	+ ⅛
Unarco .50	3	28	10⅛	10	10¼	+ ⅛
UnIllI .60e	9	2	31½	30¾	30¾	— 1
UniNV 2.95e	7	2	45¾	45¼	45⅝	
UnBanc .84b	6	88	8⅞	8½	8½	— ⅛
UnCamp 2	10	84	63½	61¾	63½	+ 2
UnCarb 2.40	7	824	63⅜	62½	63½	+ ⅜
UnCom 1.33	6	26	10	9⅞	9⅞	— ⅛
Union Corp	16	24	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	
Un Elec 1.28	8	249	11	10⅞	11	+ ⅛
UnElI 2.70 .8		1	22	22	22	+ 1
UnEl pf3.50		x50	33	33	33	
UnEl pf2.72		27	24	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
Un Fidelity	9	14	3½	3⅛	3⅛	
UnOCal 1.98	4	147	35⅜	35¼	35⅜	+ ⅛
UOCa pf2.50		51	47	45¾	45¾	— ⅛
UPacCp 2.80	13	237	74¾	73¾	74¼	+ ⅛
UnPac pf.47	1		12¾	12¾	12¾	+ ⅛
Unions Inc	5		2¼	2¼	2¼	— ⅛
Unirovl .70	5	129	8	7⅞	7⅞	
Unirvsl pf 8		x250	79½	78¾	78¾	— 1¼
UnitAircft 2	7	158	45⅝	44⅝	45¼	
Unitairpf 8		50	114	110	113½	+ 2
Unit Brands		147	4⅞	4½	4¾	+ ⅛
UnBrnd ptA		20	6¼	6	6¼	+ ⅛
UFinCal .20	5	71	6¾	6½	6⅝	— ⅛
UnGasP .60	6	297	8½	8¼	8⅜	+ ⅛
Uniflow .22	5	26	21¾	20¾	21⅜	+ ⅛
Unitin pf.42		3	5¾	5½	5½	
Unitlan .10		5	3¾	3¾	3¾	
UJerBk 1.04	7	8	10¾	10¾	10¾	
UnMM 1.40	4	52	13⅞	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
Un Nuclr		179	11½	11⅛	11½	+ ⅛
UnitPk Min		26	2	2	2	— ⅛
UnitRets .40	3	86	8⅞	8½	8¾	— ⅛
USFidG 2.48	14	112	33⅝	32¾	33⅛	+ ⅛
USFoS 1.50e		51	16¼	16⅛	16⅛	+ ⅛
USGyps 1.60	11	70	18¾	18¼	18⅜	+ ⅛
USGy pf1.80		6	24½	24	24	
USHome	24	155	6½	6⅛	6⅜	+ ⅛
USInd .30r	9	30	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
USLeasg .24	9	30	10⅜	10¼	10⅜	— ⅛
US Rlty Inv	28	5	3⅜	3¼	3⅜	
US Shoe .95	6	51	10⅝	10⅛	10⅜	+ ⅜
USSlI 2.80	5	703	69¼	68½	69½	+ 1⅜
USTobac .90	12	85	19¼	18⅝	19⅛	+ ⅛
UnitTel 1.08	8	223	13⅝	13	13⅜	+ ⅛
UnitTel wt			34	⅝	½	
UnTel 2pfI.50		2	17⅞	17⅞	17⅞	
UnTel pfI.50		7	21¾	21¾	21¾	
Unitrade Cp	7	17	6¼	6¼	6¼	
UniverCp 1	3	68	24⅜	23	24⅜	+ 1⅜
UnivLeaf 2	7	30	35⅞	35	35⅜	— ⅛
UOP .90		72533	17⅞	17½	17⅝	+ 3½
UpJohn .96	19	498	45⅜	43¾	44⅝	+ 1⅝
USLIFE .20	6	139	13½	12⅞	13	
USlifeF .96a		15	9⅝	9⅜	9½	+ ⅛
USM stp1.20	4	16	17½	17¼	17⅜	+ ⅛
USM pf2.10		4	24½	23¾	23¾	— ⅛
UtahIntl 1	21	390	68⅞	67¾	68¾	+ 1⅛
UtahPL 2.36	8	28	28	28	28	
UV Ind 1b	3	70	22⅞	22½	22½	— ⅛
UV In pf5.50		2	56½	56½	56½	
UV In pfI.26		1	26	26	26	— ⅛
Varian .20	9	315	9⅝	9⅜	9⅝	+ ⅛
Veeder 1.72	6	12	24⅞	24½	24½	
Vendo Co		4	3¾	3¾	3¾	
Venlco .20	22	111	4⅝	4½	4⅝	+ ⅛
VestSec 1.25		7	12⅝	12½	12½	
Veico Offsh	4	164	29⅝	28½	29⅜	+ ⅛
VFCorp 1	10	411	8	7⅞	8	+ ⅛
Viacom Int	11	411	8	6½	7⅝	+ 1½
VicCmp .50	10	55	5½	5½	5½	+ ⅛
VicGen .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicJnsn .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicSteel .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicSvce .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicSyst .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicTech .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicTele .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicTrans .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
VicUtil .50	10	55	5¾	5½	5⅝	+ ⅛
Vlasic Fd	7	1	7¾	7¾	7¾	
Vornado Inc	16	33	6½	6¾	6⅝	
VulMat 1.80	6	18	31¾	30¾	31⅜	+ ⅛

W - X - Y - Z

Wachova .76	8	49	16⅜	16⅛	16⅜	+ ⅛
Wachovi Rt		130	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
Wahlgren 1	11	12	13¾	13¾	13¾	
WBrA 1.40a	0	100	33½	33¼	33½	— ½
WallBus .55	10	9	24¾	24	24⅜	+ ⅛
WallMur .60	4	22	8⅝	8	8⅛	
WalMart .12	21	2	19¾	19½	19⅝	+ ⅛
Wangl .60a	12	227	15	14	15	+ ⅛
Ward Foods	46	31	8	7¾	7¾	— ⅛
Warnaco .80	6	10	8¼	8¼	8¼	
Wrnc pfI.50		7	17¼	17¼	17½	
WrnerCo .50	9	12	8½	8¼	8½	— ⅛
WrnComm .40	6	154	15	14⅝	15	+ ⅛
Warn S 1.20	8	31	18¼	17¾	17⅞	— ⅛
WashGs 1.88	6	21	16½	16½	16½	
WashStl 1a	3	5	15	14¾	15	+ ⅛
WasWat 1.52	9	41	18⅜	17⅞	18⅜	+ ⅛
Waste Mgmt		38	7⅞	7⅝	7⅞	+ ⅛
Watkul .60a	13	13	21¼	21	21	
WayGos .40	16	4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
WayG pfI.60		2	14	14	14	
Wean Unit	9	5	4⅝	4½	4⅝	— ⅛
Wealthrd .40	6	30	7½	7½	7½	+ ⅛
Webb Del E	10	135	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	+ ⅛
WellMcL .60	5	34	8¾	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
WellsCorp	7	54	10¼	10	10¼	+ ⅛
WellFgo .60	7	84	18½	18	18⅜	+ ⅛
WellFAM .90e	25	25	5⅝	5½	5½	
WescoFF .60	7	6	11¼	11¼	11¼	
WstcTr 1.80	7	7	21½	21⅛	21½	+ ⅛
WFPP pf4.50		x90	48	47¾	47¾	— ⅛
WstPtPep 2	y	5	31¼	32½	33	
WstPurL .54	9	41	8⅝	8½	8⅝	+ ⅛
WstInc 1.40	7	85	24½	23½	24¼	+ 1⅛
WnCo NAm	5	414	13⅜	12¾	13	+ ⅛
Wnpac Ind	6	40	7⅛	6¾	6¾	— ⅛
WnPubln .88	5	21	14	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
WUnion 1.40		57386	14¼	13¾	14¼	+ ⅛
WnUn pf4.60		1	40½	40½	40½	+ 1
WnUn pf4.50		1	43	43	43	+ ½
WstgEl .97	40	549	14⅝	14¼	14½	+ ⅛
Wstvco 1.40	5	99	29⅝	29¼	29½	+ ⅛
Weyerhr .80	7	474	37¼	36½	36⅞	
WhelFry .40	8	143	15⅜	15	15⅜	+ ⅛
WhelP 1.05e	2	12	24⅞	24½	30⅜	+ 1⅛
WhelPit pf 5		1	47½	47½	47½	— ⅛
Whirlpol .80	36	293	25½	24¾	25¼	+ ⅛
WhtCon .80	5	231	16⅛	15¾	16	+ ⅛
WhtfC pf 3		18	33½	32⅝	32⅝	— ⅛
WhitaM .40e	3	129	9	8¾	8¾	+ ⅛
Whitaker	9	584	3¼	3⅛	3¼	+ ⅛
WickesCp 1	7	178	11¼	10¾	11⅛	+ ⅛
WiebdtSt .28	9	31	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
WilmsCo .60	9	312	36½	35½	36⅛	— ⅛
WilmsCo wt		111	51⅜	50¾	51¾	+ ⅛
WinDix 1.32	13	166	38½	37½	37¾	+ ⅛
Winnebago		100	5¾	5⅜	5⅜	
WiscEl 1.92	0	83	25¼	24⅞	24⅞	— ⅛
WisE pfB.90		2160	99½	99	99½	
WiscPS 1.32	8	13	14½	14	14	
Wlco 1.20	6	88	25⅜	24¾	24½	— ⅛
WolvrW .05e	7	25	2¾	2½	2½	+ ⅛
Womelco .56	7	67	12¼	11⅝	12	+ ⅛
WoodsCp .48	7	86	14⅜	13¾	13¾	+ ⅛
Wolwth 1.20	8	314	17	16½	16¾	+ ⅛
World Airw	3	52	6	5⅞	6	
Wrigly 2.40a	3	6	60	59¾	59¾	— ⅛
Wurlitzer		6	5	5	5	
Wyly Corp		49	3½	3¼	3½	+ ⅛
XeroxCp 1	18	883	75	73	73⅝	+ ½
Xtra 2.67t	4	87	10⅝	10	10¼	+ ⅛
Yates Ind		34	10	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
YngSDr .60a	6	11	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	— ⅛
ZaleCorp .76	7	160	16¾	15¾	16¾	+ ⅛
Zale pfA .80		1	13	13	13	+ ⅛
Zapata	3	88	25½	25¼	25¼	— ⅛
Zayre Corp	35	77	5	4¾	4⅞	+ ⅛
ZenithRad 1	90	1662	22½	21¾	21¾	+ ⅜
Zurn Ind .28	9	101	8½	8	8⅛	+ ⅛

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Midday Indicated Prices

Dollar Bonds		
Air France 9½-82	99¾	100¾
Amax 8-76	100½	101½
Amax 8¾-86	97¾	98½
Asahi 10¼-80	102½	103¾
ASEA 8½-86	91	92
Ashland 8-87	88½	89½
Aust.I.D. 10¼-81	102	103
Aust-Swiss 8-81	92	93
Bk Tokyo 7¾-76	99¼	100¼
BFCE 9-82	98¾	99¾
Barclay Bk 8¼-86	87½	89½
Bergen 8-87	91¼	92¼
B.N.P. 9½-81	100	101
Borregaard 8½-86	93	94
Burlingt 7¾-87	87½	88½
CN PTT 8-86	93¼	94¼
Carlsberg 8¼-86	97	98
Carrier 8-87	88½	89½
C. Lafarge 8¾-86	93¼	94¼
CN Rhone 10-80/87	101½	102½
Cons Food 7½-91	82	83
Conoco 8-86	92¾	93¾
Cons Tel 8¼-86	90¾	91¾
Copen Coun 7¾-87	82¾	83¼
Copen Tel 8½-86	91½	92½
Cor

American Stock Exchange Trading

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
6⅞	4¾	AAR Cp .20	4	3	5	5	5	
5	3½	AAV Cos .25	3	2	4½	4½	4½	—⅛
1⅜	1⅛	Acme Haml	10	3	1¼	1¼	1¼	—⅛
1⅝	⅞	Acme Prec	4	1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
4	1⅜	Action Ind	6	8	3	2⅞	3	—⅛
1⅞	¾	Adam Russl	8	5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
11⅝	6	AdobeO .05e	10	70	10⅞	10⅛	10⅛	—⅜
3¼	2	A&EPlast P	4	8	2¾	2¾	2¾	—⅛
1⅛	½	Aegis Corp	6	76	1	15-16	1	+1-16
6⅝	2⅛	AeroFlo .15e	17	3	5⅞	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
1⅞	1¼	Aeronca Inc		5	1¾	1¾	1¾	—⅛
3	1¼	AffilCap .08t	8	1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
4¼	3¼	Affil Hsp .20	10	2	4⅝	4⅛	4⅝	+⅛
7¾	5¼	AffilPub .34e	5	18	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	
3⅜	2	After Six .10	4	3	3¼	3⅛	3¼	+⅛
2	1	AIC Photo		2	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
2⅝	1½	Alkon Ind	4	20	2⅜	2¼	2¼	+⅛
10	4⅞	AirbFrt .62e	9	139	10½	9¾	10½	+⅝
6½	3½	AirpxEl .10e	4	2	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
48	15¾	AjaxMag 1a	7	20	48	38½	48	+2¼
25	17	AlanW 1.25e	2	6	21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+⅛
6⅛	2⅞	Alaska Airl	7	84	5⅜	5⅛	5⅜	+⅛
1⅜	⅞	Alba Waldn		1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
11⅞	5⅝	Alcolc .12e	7	23	11⅞	11	11⅞	+⅜
5½	3⅝	Alleghy Airl	6	83	4½	4⅛	4¼	
2⅞	1⅜	AllegA wtO		21	2	1⅞	2	+⅛
6¼	3¼	Alleg Cp wt		16	6⅛	5⅞	6⅛	+⅛
6	4½	AllanTr .24e	2	3	5½	5⅜	5½	+⅛
2¼	1⅜	Allied Art	13	1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	—⅛
16⅞	13¾	AlldThr 1.30	7	2	16	15⅞	15⅞	—⅛
1⅞	⅝	Alpha Ind		40	1¼	1	1	+⅛
3⅝	1⅜	Altamil Cp	3	46	4⅛	3⅝	4⅛	+⅜
⅞	9-16	Altec Corp	9	26	13-16	¾	13-16	
7-16	3-16	Altec Cp wt		2	⅜	⅜	⅜	
5	2¼	Altec Crp pf		1	4½	4½	4½	
8⅝	6½	AllerFds .50	4	13	8½	8¼	8½	+⅜
51	42⅝	Alcoa pf3.75		z200	45¼	45¼	45¼	—½
9¼	3⅝	AMAX wt		65	8¼	8⅛	8½	
4⅝	1⅝	Amco Ind	3	4	3⅝	3¼	3¼	—⅛
4⅛	2½	AHessLL wt		26	2⅝	2½	2½	—⅛
14⅝	9⅛	AmBusP .32	9	1	14	14	14	
⅜	3-16	ACenMtg wt		2	¼	¼	¼	
5½	2¾	Am Fletch		5	3¼	3½	3¼	+⅛
13-16	¼	AmFltch wt		3	⅜	⅜	⅜	
15⅝	9⅝	A GarPd .30	8	28	15⅝	14⅝	14¾	—⅜
10¾	3¾	Am Int Pict	4	13	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+⅜
5⅝	3½	A Israel .27r	3	9	4½	4⅜	4⅜	—⅛
3½	3	A Kitchn Fd	5	5	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
12¾	7¾	AMaizeA .40	5	64	12½	11¾	12	—⅛
12⅝	8⅛	AMaizeB .40	5	17	12⅛	11½	11¾	—⅛
39½	27	Am Mf 2.70e	4	2	35⅞	35⅞	35⅞	+⅛
6⅝	1⅞	AmMot Inns		49	6½	6	6⅛	—⅛
34½	27½	AmPetrof 2	4	29	33½	33⅜	33½	—½
3⅞	2⅝	A Plan 1.02t		5	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	+⅛
3⅛	2⅝	Am Prec .15	5	2	3	3	3	—⅛
3⅛	1⅝	Am Rlty Tr		8	3	2⅞	3	+⅛
4	2	A SafEq .11t	6	18	3⅛	3	3	
3¼	2¾	A Techin .12	23	24	3	3	3	—⅛
2¼	1⅛	AmTrain Sv		5	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
18⅛	4⅝	AMIC Cp	6	29	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	—½
3½	1⅝	AndreR .06e	25	2	3¼	3¼	3¼	
2⅜	1⅛	Anglo C .12e	5	14	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
8⅛	4¼	Anixter 1.6	3	147	7⅝	7¼	7½	—⅛
7⅝	2⅞	Anthony .30t	6	78	7⅛	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
2⅜	1⅛	Applid Data	10	6	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
19¾	12⅝	Aquit Ca .30	18	57	18½	18	18½	+⅜
7¼	5	Ariz CL .10e		11	5¾	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
6⅛	4½	ArzCol pf.48		3	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
2⅞	1⅛	Armac Ent		21	2⅜	2¼	2¼	
18¼	6¾	Armin Cp	5	64	18⅝	18	18	—⅛
5½	2¾	Arrow Elect	3	9	4¼	3⅞	4¼	+⅛
6⅛	3¼	Arundel .47t		22	5½	5⅛	5½	+⅜
7⅝	4¾	Arwood .20e	3	15	7⅛	6⅝	7	+½
12	6⅝	Asamera .25	8	375	11⅛	10⅝	11⅛	+1⅛
6	4⅝	Aspro .40b	5	3	5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	
1⅝	1	Astrex Inc		7	1½	1½	1½	
4⅛	2⅞	Atalnta .42e	7	4	3⅝	3½	3½	—¼
1	½	Atco Ind	27	1	13-16	13-16	13-16	—⅛
1¾	¾	ATI Inc	2	10	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
9½	6¼	Atl Richt wt		63	7⅞	6⅞	6⅞	
8¼	6	Atlas CM B	6	11	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	+⅛
1⅛	½	Atlas Cp wt		13	1⅛	1	1	—⅛
21	12⅞	Augatinc .15	17	24	20	19⅞	19⅞	+⅛
13⅝	10⅛	Austral Oil	9	255	14⅛	13¾	13½	—⅛
8	4⅛	AutoTrn .58t	19	9	5⅞	5⅛	5⅞	—⅛
4⅞	1⅝	Auto Bldg	20	7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+⅛
3⅞	1⅛	Autmat Rad	23	13	2½	2⅜	2½	+⅛
6	5⅛	AutmSvc .20	6	5	5⅜	5¼	5¼	—⅛
32½	21⅜	AutoSw .84a	11	1	32¼	32¼	32¼	+¼
17¼	9⅛	AVC Cp .82t	5	47	18	16⅝	17¼	+1½
3⅞	2	AVEMC .14		4	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
20¾	16⅝	Avondl 1.20b	8	27	21	20⅞	21	+⅛
4¼	3½	Aydin Cp	5	36	4½	4	4¼	
		B						
7½	4½	BadgrMt .50	7	1	7	7	7	
14½	11⅞	BanFd 1.12e		4	13	13	13	+¼
7½	4⅝	BanstrCll Lf		279	7⅜	6⅞	7⅛	+⅛
3⅛	1⅞	Banner .04	4	5	3⅛	3	3⅛	
2¼	1⅛	Barclay .02e	6	45	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	—⅛
3⅛	1⅞	BarcoCa .10	6	8	3⅛	3	3	
5⅛	3⅝	Barry R .28t	6	2	5	5	5	+⅛
7½	4⅛	BarryWr .40	5	4	5⅝	5½	5½	—⅜
1⅝	1⅛	Bartell Med		3	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	+⅛
3⅜	2½	Barth Sp .20	9	1	2¾	2¾	2¾	—⅛
2⅛	1⅜	Bartons Cdy	13	5	2¼	2	2¼	+¼
1⅞	1¼	Baruch Fost	7	10	1⅝	1½	1½	
1⅞	1⅛	Barwick ET		40	1¼	1⅛	1¼	
6	4¼	BasinPel Cp	5	156	6¼	5⅝	6¼	+½
2⅜	1⅜	Bell Ind .08	4	24	2¼	2⅛	2¼	
7-16	⅛	BenSlMg wt		5	5-16	5-16	5-16	
5	1⅜	Benrus Crp	7	28	4¼	4	4	—⅛
3½	1⅝	Berg Ent		7	3	2⅞	3	+⅛
⅜	⅛	BergRlt wt		1	3-16	3-16	3-16	
5½	2¼	Berg Bruns	13	19	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	—⅛
12⅝	9¼	Brg B pf1.15		3	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	
2⅛	1⅛	BernzOmat		2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+⅛
5⅝	2½	BervenC .12	18	42	5⅝	5½	5½	
2⅞	1⅝	Bethlem Cp	8	4	2¾	2¾	2¾	—⅛
1⅞	1	Beverly Ent		28	1½	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
10½	5¼	Bic Pen .36	11	104	11⅛	10¼	11	+1¼
20¼	12¾	Big Ber 1.12	4	7	19	18½	18½	—⅛
5⅝	3⅛	BigVSu .05e	5	x4	5⅛	5⅜	5⅜	+⅜
12¼	9¼	BinkMf 80a	5	2	12⅛	12⅛	12⅛	
10¼	5⅝	BinnySm .60	11	13	10½	10⅛	10½	+⅝
4⅞	3½	Blessings	4	3	3⅛	3½	3½	
2⅞	1½	Blount .08	6	2	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	+¼
2½	1¾	Bluebird Inc	3	22	2	1⅞	1⅞	
5¼	3⅝	Bodin Ap .40	4	7	4⅝	4½	4⅝	
8¼	5	BoltBer .20e	4	23	8	7⅝	8	+⅛
10	4½	Bowne .20	8	9	9⅝	9	9⅝	+⅜
16½	9⅞	BowVall .10	28	31	16⅝	16¼	16¼	—⅛
20¼	7⅞	Brad Ragan	10	139	19¼	18⅞	19¼	+1
16½	6½	BradfCm Sy	31	28	15½	15	15¼	+⅜
3¼	1⅞	Branch .05e	6	5	3	3	3	
8⅝	3⅞	BraniffAr wt		77	7½	6¾	7¼	+¼
14⅜	10	Brascn A 1b	3	32	14	13⅜	13⅜	—¼
13⅛	10	BraunEn .52	6	2	12⅞	12⅞	12⅞	
3⅞	2⅛	Breeze Corp		5	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	—⅛
26¼	19¼	Brewer 1.20	3	27	24	23¾	23¾	—⅛
7⅞	4 1-16	BATob r.21e	7	1	7½	7½	7½	+½
1½	11-16	BroDart Ind	34	4	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
2⅜	1⅜	BrodySt .05e		1	2	2	2	+⅛
9	4	Brooks P .20	8	1	7	7	7	—⅛
3⅝	2¼	BrownCo wt		37	2½	2½	2½	
13⅞	8¼	BrnF B .52b	9	38	13	13	13	—⅛
5⅛	4½	BrwnF pf.40		3	5	5	5	
2¼	1½	BTU Eng	5	17	1⅝	1½	1⅝	+⅛
2⅞	1¾	Buehler Cp	5	1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	—⅛
9¾	7¼	Bundy 1.08		10	9¾	9⅝	9¾	+⅜
2⅝	1⅛	Burgess Ind	10	3	2½	2⅜	2½	
9¾	5¾	Burnsint .60	9	97	10	9¾	10	+¼
6	3⅞	Bush Univ	10	1	4⅞	4⅞	4⅞	
10	6	Butlerint .58	4	35	9⅛	9	9	—⅜
21½	14¼	Buttes G Oil	6	604	20⅝	19⅞	20½	+¾
		C						
5	1⅝	Cablcom Gn	9	16	5	4⅞	5	+⅛
3	1⅞	Cagles In A		2	3	3	3	+⅛
11	6¼	Caldor .15b	8	159	11⅞	11	11⅝	+1¼
7⅞	3⅝	Calcomp	5	149	6⅞	6¼	6½	+¼
8¼	5	Camco Inc	8	38	7⅞	7½	7½	—⅛
4 9-16	2⅞	CaChbA .25e	5	31	4 3-16	3 15-16	4	—⅛
18⅛	9⅞	Campin .40b	4	6	17¼	17	17	—⅛
3 7-16	1¾	CdnExp GO	21	21	3½	3¼	3½	+¼
5⅝	2⅛	Cdn Homstd	28	28	4 15-16	4⅝	4⅝	-1-16
14	11	CdnInP 1.28	5	15	13⅞	13⅜	13⅞	+⅜
10⅞	5⅝	Cdn Javelin	74	65	7⅛	6½	6⅝	—⅜
3⅝	2 13-16	CdnMarc .15	7	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	
3¾	1 13-16	Cdn Merrill	23	4	2¾	2¼	2⅜	—⅛
9½	6⅝	Cdn Occidnt	18	3	9½	9⅜	9½	+⅛
36⅝	21½	Cdn SuprOil	10	3	35¾	35½	35½	—¾
2⅜	1⅞	Canoga .10e	6	12	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+⅛
2⅝	1⅛	Capehart Cp		11	1⅝	1½	1½	—⅛
31½	18	Carb Ind .60	6	55	31¼	30	31	+⅞
4⅞	2¼	Caressa .20	6	17	4	3⅞	4	
77	57	Carnat 1.20b	17	86	74	72½	74	+1½
12⅝	8⅞	CaroPipl .84	6	7	11½	11¼	11½	+½
56	47½	CaroPL pf 5		z160	50	49¼	49¼	—1¼
1¼	⅜	Carr wt		9	1	1	1	
2	1¼	Carrols Dev		29	1¾	1⅝	1¾	
13⅝	10½	CastlAM .88	3	1	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	
15½	11⅜	CastlFd 1.20		6	13½	13½	13½	—⅛
1⅝	1⅛	Castleton In		76	1½	1⅜	1½	
4⅝	2⅛	Castlwd Int	5	5	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	+⅛
13¾	6¼	Cavitron Cp	16	197	14¼	12⅞	14¼	+1¼
4⅝	3¼	CentSec .20e		15	4½	4½	4½	—⅛
2½	1⅜	Certified Cp	3	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
9-16	¼	Certron Cp		5	½	½	½	—1-16
1¾	1	Celec Corp	8	19	1¾	1⅝	1¾	
4⅝	3	ChadMill .40	5	2	4	4	4	
4⅝	2⅛	Champ Hom		423	4⅛	3⅞	3⅞	—⅛
4½	1⅞	Chartr Med	6	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	—⅛
12⅝	8⅛	CHB Fd .57t	3	11	9¼	9	9¼	+⅛
3¼	2⅝	CHC Cp .30t	6	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
2⅜	1⅝	Chem Exp		10	2⅜	2¼	2¼	
2⅛	1¼	ChicUnl .40t	21	19	2⅛	2	2⅛	
8⅛	7⅛	Chieftn Dev		5	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	+⅛
9⅝	2⅞	Child World	8	5	8⅞	8⅝	8⅞	+⅛
2	11-16	Christian Co		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
3⅞	⅝	Cinerama		1	2⅜	2⅜	2⅜	
7½	5¼	Circle K .30	6	10	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—¼
13⅝	8½	CK Petrolm	7	26	10½	9⅞	10¼	+⅜
2	1½	Clark Cons	3	4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅜	
6⅝	4	Clark Gr .30	7	5	6½	6¼	6½	
6⅛	2⅝	Clarkson .16	6	7	6		5	
6⅝	5⅛	Clausng .62e	5	29	6	5⅝	6¼	+1¼
3	1¼	CMI Corp	15	9	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	—⅛
7	2½	CMI Inv wt		9	4½	4¼	4¼	—⅛
3	1⅛	CMT In Inc	4	1	2½	2¼	2¼	
9⅝	3	Coachmn In		88	[illegible]	[illegible]	8	
6½	4⅛	Cof Mat .24b	5	25	4	4⅝	4	+⅜
9⅝	6¼	ColeNat .60	4	5	8¼	8¼	8¼	+⅛
9⅛	5¼	Coleman .44	19	18	9	8		
3	2⅛	Colon Coml		13	3⅜	3¼	3¼	+⅛
14¾	7	Cmbustn Eq	9	62	14⅝	13	14⅛	+⅞
3⅝	2¼	Com Grp .12	4	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
12⅝	8¼	ComlAlll .30	9	66	12	10¾	11⅞	+1½
[illegible]	11⅛	ComlMtl .60	2	8	14	14⅛	14	+⅝
8¼	4¼	CoPsycC .20	7	2	7⅝	7⅝	7⅝	
19½	14½	ComSv 1.62b	7	3	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
1½		Compac Cp		10	1	1	1	
7⅛	3	Compo Ind		2	5	5	5	—⅛
7⅛	9-16	CompuDyn		10	1	15-16	15-16	+1-16
1⅜	⅝	Comput Inv		16	1	1	1	+1-16
6⅛	2	Condec Crp	4	148	6¼	6	6	
1⅜	1	Conroy Inc		1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
9⅝	5⅝	Con Oil Gas	10	134	7½	7⅛	7½	+⅜
7¼	5	Cons Ret .60	6	12	7⅜	7⅛	7⅜	+¼
1	¾	Cont Mater	25	2	1	1	1	+1-16
14⅝	10	Cook Ind .40	3	71	15⅝	14⅝	15	+½
4¾	2	Cooper Jar	25	5	3½	3½	3½	+⅛
4¼	2⅜	Cordon Intl		144	4	3¾	4	+⅜
22⅜	19½	Corenc 1.20a		5	20¾	20⅜	20⅜	—⅛
19¾	14½	CorrBlk 1.06	9	1	19	19	19	
2⅝	1⅛	Cosco Inc		2	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
2⅝	1	Coft Corp	27	8	2½	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
15-16	¼	Cousins wt		3	½	½	½	
13¼	4⅝	CoxCbl Com	24	41	14¼	12⅝	14¼	+1½
3⅝	2	Craig Corp	3	63	3	2¾	3	+⅜
5¼	2½	CramrE .11t	3	2	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	—¼
7	4⅛	Creole Pet 1	5	105	8	7½	8	+⅝
36⅛	19⅝	Cross AT .84	15	18	35	34⅛	34½	—¼
5	3¼	Crown In .20	3	1	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	+⅛
5	3	CRS Ds .10e	4	19	5⅛	5	5⅛	+¼
7⅝	3¾	CrutcR .50e	10	41	6	5⅝	5	—⅛
12⅝	8¼	CrystlO .30e	5	49	11	10	10½	
8¾	7½	CSE Cp .40a	3	12	8⅛	7⅝	7	
5⅝	3½	Cubic Cp .20		48	5½	5	5½	+⅜
8⅞	6¼	CW Tran .50	3	3	8½	8⅜	8⅜	—¼
		D						
4	1⅞	Damon Cre	5	3	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—⅛
4⅝	2¼	Damson Oil	15	41	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	—⅛
30½	20	Daniell .28b	9	12	29½	29⅜	29⅜	+⅛
43	27½	Dat Dcumt	5	6	39⅝	39⅛	39⅛	—⅛
4⅝	2⅛	Dataprod	5	51	4⅝	3⅞	4	+⅛
8⅞	5⅞	DayMin .10e	12	44	6⅝	5⅞	5⅞	—¼
⅝	¼	DCL Inc		7	½	½	½	
9	5	Del Labs .20	5	2	7¾	7⅝	7¾	
¼	5-16	DeltaCp Am		41	11-16	⅝	⅝	—⅛
7⅝	5⅝	Delta Fd .54	11	2	7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—⅛
14⅝	7⅜	DTalEz .20e	7	83	12½	11½	12	+½
2⅞	½	DeRose Ind		8	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	
1¾	1	Designer Jw		2	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	
6⅝	2½	Dev Cp Am		1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
24½	18½	DiamM Drll	7	124	24	22⅝	23⅝	+⅝
3½	1⅝	Diebold VC		34	3	2⅞	2⅞	
6¼	4⅝	Digicon Inc	7	6	5½	5½	5½	+⅛
1½	7-16	Diodes Inc		3	15-16	15-16	15-16	+1-16
17	12⅝	Diversey .70	6	7	16⅞	16⅞	16⅞	—⅛
7⅞	5½	Dixilyn Cor	5	100	7½	7	7⅜	+⅛
28⅛	17¼	Dome Petrl	11	46	26⅜	26	26⅜	+⅛
7⅝	4½	Donkeny .20	3	9	6⅛	6	6	+⅛
9⅝	5¼	DowneyS .30	5	6	8¾	8½	8¾	+⅛
15⅛	12	DrexUtl 1.20		1	13⅝	13⅝	13⅝	—⅛
8½	4⅝	Driver Harr	4	1	7½	7½	7½	—⅛
9⅛	4½	DrsFair .40	6	30	9⅞	8⅞	9⅞	+⅛
1⅞	½	Dunlop .07e		7	1 5-16	1¼	1¼	—1-16
23⅝	11⅝	DuplxPd .60	3	37	22	21⅞	21⅞	+⅛
7½	4½	Dur Tst .25b	8	18	7⅛	6⅞	7⅛	+⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Dynictn .05g	9	18	3	2⅞	3	
4¼	2⅛	Dynell .14t	8	3	3	3	3	—¼
		E						
18½	8⅛	E Systm .80	9	60	18¾	17⅝	18¾	+⅜
1⅝	¾	Eagle Cloth	11	12	1¼	1⅛	1¼	+⅛
6⅛	2⅝	ErlSchelb .36	22	5	5⅛	5	5⅛	+⅛
11⅛	8⅞	Earth R .60	5	37	11⅛	11	11	
25¾	18½	EasonO .10r	10	85	24⅞	23⅞	24½	+⅜
20⅞	14½	Estn C 1.10a	4	6	19⅝	19¼	19¼	—¼
7⅞	3½	Ecodyne	10	12	7⅛	7	7	—⅛
23½	17	Edgiton .50r	2	2	17⅜	17⅜	17⅜	
2⅜	1	Edmos Cp		4	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
6	2⅝	Edo Corp	10	5	5⅝	5⅝	5½	+⅛
9½	4⅛	Edwrds .30a	6	28	9	8⅝	8⅝	
3⅝	2½	Egan Mc .20	4	1	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
6	3½	ElrnhP .20a	5	86	6⅝	5⅝	6⅝	+⅞
2⅝	1⅝	Elcor Chm	7	59	3⅛	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
3⅛	¼	ElAudD .27t	4	13	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	
11½	8⅛	Electrog .80	6	5	10⅝	10⅛	10⅛	—⅛
2¼	1	Elect Assist	4	10	2	2	2	
9⅛	5⅛	ElecEmo .32	5	7	9⅝	9¼	9⅝	+⅜
15⅝	9	ElectricA 1	7	4	15⅝	14⅝	14⅝	—⅛
11⅝	7	ELT Inc	5	12	11	10½	11	+½
6⅝	4½	ErnstEC .40	4	2	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
5½	2⅛	Espey Mfg	26	167	6	5¼	5⅞	
4⅞	2⅞	Esq Rad El	4	3	4½	4½	4½	
5⅛	2½	EssexC .03e	6	59	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+⅜
4⅛	2⅛	Etz Lav .09e	2	1	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	+⅛
4⅜	3¼	Euthenc .15t	5	40	5⅛	4⅞	4⅞	+⅛
6⅞	4⅛	EvanAr .10b	6	5	6⅝	6⅛	6⅝	—⅛
5⅝	2⅞	Executone		3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅞	—⅛
		F						
3½	1⅛	Fab Ind	12	23	3¼	2⅞	3⅛	
4⅝	3¼	Fabien .40b	7	3	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	
9⅝	4⅝	FabriCtr .06	7	22	10	9⅝	10	+⅜
3⅞	2½	Fairfld Nob	6	14	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
8¼	5¼	Fair Ch .20e	4	3	7⅛	7⅝	7⅝	—¼
25⅝	16¾	FalconS .40	4	99	24⅝	23½	23⅞	+⅞
4⅛	1½	Fam Dol Str	27	22	3	2⅞	3	—⅛
2½	1⅛	Family Rec	14	10	2⅜	2½	2⅝	
3⅛	⅞	Fash Fabric		11	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	+⅛
2⅝	1	FDI Inc .01e		5	2	2	2	
3⅛	2	Fed Resrces		98	2½			
23⅝	17⅞	FedMart .60	6	7	22⅛			
11½	8⅛	Felmat .12e	7	23	9⅛			
6	3⅛	Felsway .32	4	32	6			
3⅜	2	Fibrebrd wt		3	2¼			
11⅛	4	FidelcG .36e	8	32	10⅞			
2	5-32	FidelcGr wt		1	1			
1⅝	⅝	Film Cp Am		8	1			
5⅝	2⅝	Filmways	7	178	5⅝			
15⅛	5⅛	FinSanB .30	6	28	10⅛			
6	3⅛	FinGen .36b	9	15	5¼			
4⅝	2½	FstDenv Mtl		11	3			
⅝	⅛	Fst Denv wt		15	⅛			
9⅝	6⅜	FstSL Sh .48	5	1	7⅛			
4⅛	1⅞	Fst Va Mts		9	2⅛			
13⅝	4⅝	FischrP .48t	13	43	13⅛			
3⅝	1⅞	FlagsInd .12	7	1	2⅞			
4	1⅜	Flagstaff	6	14	4			
16⅝	6½	Flight Safty	11	50	15⅛			
1⅝	1¼	Fla Capital	4	10	1¼			
4⅝	2¼	FlaRck .10e	7	3	3⅞			
13⅝	8⅛	Flowers .32	7	3	13⅞			
19⅝	10¼	FluKeJ .72t	8	3	18⅞			
21⅝	11⅝	Fly Dia. Ol l	12	178	20⅛			
5⅝	3¼	Foodrm .15e	3	3	5			
8⅝	5	Foote Mini	5	3	7½			
30	25⅞	Foote pf2.20		2	29½			
72⅝	57½	FordCan 5e	4	z700	67⅞			
4⅝	3	Forest City		1	3⅝			
3⅝	1⅝	Forest Labs		29	3⅛			
9⅝	5	FoxStaP .36	8	18	8⅞			
3⅞	2	Franklin Rl		8	2⅞			
7⅞	4	FrankNu .32	8	14	8			
10⅝	7⅝	Frantz .36e	3	2	9⅛			
34	21⅝	Fresnlo .80b	4	36	27¼			
10⅝	6⅝	Frialfeme	9	54	10⅛			
13⅝	6½	Frialtronic	20	40	9⅛			
5½	3⅝	Frontier Air	4	71	5⅛			
2⅛	1⅛	FrontAir wt		19	2⅛			

(Continued on next pa

Toronto Stocks

Closing Prices April 21, 1975

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
1250	Abby Glen	305	300	305	—5
6874	Abitibi	$10⅝	10½	10½	
2275	Acklands	$14⅝	14⅝	14½	
1070	Acres Ltd	$8⅛	8	8⅛	
5523	Agnico E	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
1900	Agra Ind	$5⅝	5¾	5⅝	—⅛
3731	Alta Gas A	$12⅝	12¼	12¼	—⅛
35	Alta Nat	$20	20	20	
1300	Algo Cent	$14½	14	14¼	+½
500	Alminex	$5¼	5⅝	5¼	+¼
2575	Argus C pr	$15⅛	15	15	
730	Atco A	$18½	18	18½	+½
2945	BP Can	$12⅝	12	12⅞	
7100	Banister C	$7½	6⅞	7	+¼
5747	Bank N S	$43⅞	43	43	—⅜
1025	Baton B	$7⅜	7⅜	7¾	
7511	Bell Canad	$47	46⅝	46⅞	+⅛
65	Beth Cop A	$10⅝	10	10⅝	
1330	Block Bros	315	310	315	+5
4178	Bovis Cor	120	113	118	—2
3000	Braior Res	135	135	135	—5
200	Bramalea	$5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
6800	Brameda	87	84	87	+2
4200	Brenda M	455	450	455	+5
1778	BC Forest	$16	15¾	16	
5000	BC Phone	$12	11⅞	11⅞	+½
4450	Brunswk	435	425	435	—5
2100	Budd Auto	$6½	6½	6½	+¼
10	Burns Fds	$11	11	11	
3560	Cad Frvw	$14	13¾	13¾	—½
6075	Cal Pow	$24⅞	24⅝	24⅝	+⅛
2350	Camflo	$12¾	12½	12⅝	—⅛
2000	Campau A	$5⅞	5⅞	5⅞	—⅛
2330	Can Perm	$17⅝	17½	17½	—⅛
2500	C Tung	330	320	330	+10
565	C Cablesy	$14¼	14¼	14¼	—⅛
1700	Cdn Cel	$5½	5⅝	5½	+¼
9751	C Imp Bank	$24⅞	24½	24½	—⅛
9439	C Ind Gas	$7	6⅝	7	+½
5992	Cdn Tire A	$45⅞	45½	45⅞	+⅜
19150	C Utilies	$9½	9	9¼	—⅛
600	Canbra	315	315	315	
75	Candel Oil	$8⅝	8¼	8¼	
6535	Cassiar	420	390	420	+40
5175	Celanese	440	435	440	+10
4420	Chieftan D	$8⅝	8¼	8⅝	+⅛
40	CHUM	$6½	6½	6½	
3000	Coch Will	110	106	107	—3
1760	C Holiday I	310	310	310	+5
15200	Con B'dg	315	309	310	+10
2700	C Rambler	172	172	172	
1050	Con Distrb	$5¼	5	5	
4230	Cons Gas	$15	14⅞	14⅞	—⅛
2300	Craigmt	440	435	435	—5
600	Crush Intl	$6⅞	6¾	6¾	—⅛
1780	Denison	$46⅝	46	46	—½
8600	Dicknsn	$8⅝	8¼	8¼	—⅛
7375	Dofasco	$24¾	24⅝	24⅝	—¾
650	Dom Store	$17	17	17	+⅛
250	Do Port	$22	22	22	—⅛
2400	Dylex L A	$7½	7⅜	7½	
3510	East Mal	380	370	375	—25
1050	Electro A	410	410	410	—15
400	Emco	$7	7	7	
8550	Falcon C	$6¾	6⅝	6¾	
932	Falcon	$35⅝	35	35⅛	+⅛
300	Fed Ind A	400	400	400	
1350	Francana	$10⅞	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
200	Fraser A	$20⅛	20½	20⅛	+1½
100	Fruehauf	$7½	7¼	7¼	+¼
1100	Gnt Mascot	64	64	64	—1
2300	Gibraltar	$5⅝	5¼	5¼	—⅛
12	Goodyear	$12½	12½	12½	
1025	Gt Oil Sds	$7⅜	7	7	—⅜
5100	GL Paper	$20¼	20	20	—½
402	Gt W Life	$62½	62½	62½	
201	Greyhnd	$16	15¾	15¾	—¼
592	Guar Trst	$6¼	6⅛	6¼	
2600	Hambro C	230	210	225	+15
4600	Hawker S	$5⅛	5	5	—⅛
1291	Hayes D A	475	465	465	
2900	Houston O	140	139	140	+3
6245	H Bay Co	$18	17½	18	+⅜
1937	Huron Erl	$24	23½	23½	
3230	IAC	$19⅛	18	19	
500	Int Mogul	250	260	260	—9
11017	Intpr Pipe	$13¼	12	13½	
2420	Inv Grp A	$7⅛	7	7	—⅛
2091	Jannock	$6	6	6	
8550	Kaiser Re	$9⅝	9½	9⅝	
15550	Kaps Tran	325	271	300	+28
100	Kelsey H	$9	9	9	+⅜
14596	Kerr A A	$13½	12⅝	12⅝	—¾
875	Koffler	390	370	380	
435	Labatt A	$17½	17¼	17½	+⅛
300	Lab Min	$27	26½	26½	—¼
3450	LOnt Cem	345	340	340	—5
1	LL Lac	150	150	150	
3550	Lob Co A	$7	6¾	6¾	—⅛
1600	Loeb M	325	315	325	+5
100	Mclan H A	$8⅝	8⅝	8⅝	+¼
8918	MB Ltd	$25	24⅞	25	+⅛
2500	Madsen	51	50	51	+3
3790	Mattgmi	$17⅛	17⅛	17⅛	—⅛
3080	McGraw H	410	410	410	
52	Microsyst	265	265	265	
19022	Moore	$48	48	48½	+⅛
1500	Murphy	480	480	480	—10
1500	Nat Trust	$17½	17⅜	17⅜	—⅛
6084	Noranda A	$38	37¾	37⅞	+⅛
960	Nor Elect	$24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	—⅛
550	OSF Ind	380	375	375	—5
6100	Orchan	305	275	275	+5
4300	Pamour	$8	7⅝	7	—⅛
2300	PanCan P	$12¾	12⅝	12⅝	+⅛
520	Patino N V	$15	15	15	—⅛
800	Pembin A	200	200	200	
233	Petrofina	$20	19½	20	—½
4732	Pine Point	$32⅝	31½	32⅝	—⅜
900	Pitts C	$7½	7½	7½	
13408	Placer	$19⅛	18¾	19¼	+⅜
1600	Que Sturg	460	450	450	—20
100	Sdpath A	$21⅜	21⅜	21⅜	+½
252	Reichhold	$23⅜	23⅜	23⅜	+½
460	Revnu Prp	100	100	100	+2
5996	Shell Can	$16	15⅞	16	+½
14495	Sherritt	$7⅛	7⅛	7¼	+¼
750	Siebens	$9⅛	9⅛	9⅛	+⅛
200	Sigma	$29	29½	29½	
3557	Simpsons	$8⅜	8½	8⅝	+½
870	Simpson S	$11⅛	11	11	—⅛
260	Slater Stl	$10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	
400	Stel W Can	$7½	7¼	7¼	+⅛
7054	Southm A	$26¾	26⅜	26⅜	—⅛
758	St Brodcst	$9	9	9	+½
52425	Steep R	142	125	140	+16
20450	Sundale O	$5⅝	5½	5⅝	
500	Tara	$16	16	16	—⅛
900	Teck Cor A	260	260	260	
1100	Teck Cor B	230	230	230	+5
2667	Texaco	$32½	32	32¼	+¼
1075	Thom N A	$12¾	12¾	12⅝	—⅛
8553	Tor Dm Bk	$41⅝	41½	41⅝	+⅛
4109	Traders A	$12	12⅜	12⅜	
2325	Trans Mt	$10⅛	10½	10½	
3849	TrCan PL	$11⅜	11	11¼	+⅜
1490	Un Carbid	$21⅜	21⅛	21⅜	+⅛
2380	Union Oil	$8	8	8	
305	U Keno	$9¼	9⅛	9⅛	—⅛
9025	U Siscoe	495	485	495	—5
3780	Upp Can	117	113	113	—5
5584	Voyager P	$7⅛	7⅛	7⅛	—⅛
4585	Walwod	$10⅝	9⅝	10⅛	+½
400	Wstburne	$10	10	10	+⅛
2650	West Mine	221	216	216	—1
1300	Westnhse	$17½	17½	17½	—¼
1400	Weston	$20⅝	20⅜	20⅜	—⅛
58	White Pas	$6	6	6	
2565	Willroy	159	154	154	
829	Yk Bear	215	215	215	
2580	Yukon C	97	97	97	

Total sales 1,804,023 shares

U.S. $40,000,000

ELECTRICITY SUPPLY COMMISSION

(ESCOM)

PRIVATELY PLACED GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE NOTES DUE 1978/1990.

Irrevocably and unconditionally guaranteed as to payment of principle and interest by the Republic of South Africa.

In accordance with the terms of the guaranteed floating rate notes due 1978/1990 issued by Electricity Supply Commission and guaranteed by the Republic of South Africa, the rate of interest for the interest period from 21st April 1975 to 21st October, 1975, has been fixed at 9.3/4.0/0.

Eurocurrency Interest Rates

	Dollar	German marks	Swiss francs	£
7 D.	5⅛-5⅜	5-5½	1½-2½	9-9½
1 M.	6-6½	4¼-4¾	3-3½	10⅞-10⅜
3 M.	6⅜-6⅞	4⅝-4⅞	4-4½	11¼-11¾
6 M.	7½-8	5-5½	5½-5¾	12½-13
1 Y.	8⅛-8⅝	6-6½	6⅛-6⅝	13⅝-14⅛

Tokyo Exchange

April 21, 1975

Stock	Price Yen	Stock	Price Yen
Asahi Glass	247	Matsu E. Wks.	520
Canon	208	Mitsubi Hvy. Ind.	131
Dai Nip. Print.	455	Mitsubi Corp.	426
Fuji Bank	364	Mitsui Co.	456
Fuji Photo	337	Mitsukoshi	461
Hitachi	162	Nippon Elec.	181
Honda Motor	607	Sharp	238
C. Itoh	435	Shiseido	1,210
Japan Air L.	1,630	Sony Corp.	3,070
Kansai El. P.	715	Sumitomo Bk.	371
Kao Soap	350	Taisho Marine	246
Kirin Brewery	303	Takeda	255
Komatsu	315	Teijin	158
Kubota	320	Tokio Marine	521
Matsu E. Ind.	523	Toray	148
		Toyota Motor	599

Montreal Stocks

Sales	Stock	High	Low	Last	Ch'ge
2001	Algoma	$29½	28⅞	29	+¼
200	Asbestos	$15	15	15	
8463	Bank Mont	$14⅝	14½	14½	+⅛
100	Bombard	310	310	310	+5
1498	Cdn Indust	$20¾	20¾	20¾	+½
500	Cdn Int Pow	$14¼	14	14	—⅛
420	Canron	$15½	18½	18½	
950	Con Bath	$25¼	25	25	+¼
3545	Dom Bridge	$23	23⅜	23⅜	—⅛
2108	Gaz Metro	$6⅞	6½	6½	—⅜
5300	Imasco	$30½	30	30½	+½
3000	Ivaco	$13⅝	13¼	13¼	+⅛
7800	Laur Fin	$7	7⅜	7⅜	—¼
2782	Molson A	$17¾	17⅝	17⅝	
1013	Power Cp	$9⅝	9½	9½	—
380	Rolland A	$7½	7⅜	7⅜	
280	Trizec	$18⅛	18⅛	18⅛	+⅛
200	Unican Sec	155	155	155	+5
389	Zellers	$8	8⅜	8⅜	—⅜

Total sales 526,253 shares.

European M[arkets]

(Yesterday's closi[ng prices] in local curre[ncy])

Amsterdam

AKZO	44.50
Albert Heijn	92
Algembank	327
Amrobank	80.20
A'dam	174.50
Fokker	48.40
Heineken	158.10
H.V.A.	58.10
Holl-Am-Ft	66
Hoogovens	58.70
K.L.M.	53.80
Philips new	27.90
Robeco	172.70
Rolinco	152.50
Royal Dutch	86.60
Unilever	111.60
Van Ommer	280.50
Ver Mach	191

Brussels

Arbed	4,500
Brux-Lamb	1,985
Cock Ougree	1,352
Electrobel	5,720
GB-Inno-BM	2,150
Hoboken	4,015
Petrofina	4,935
Ph. Gevaert	1,214
Soc. Générale	2,735
Solvay	2,600
Un Minière	1,460

Frankfurt

AEG	80.10
BASF	156.50
Bayer	125.50
Commerzbk	217.10
Conf. Gummi	76.50
Daimler	307
Demag	183
DutBank	342.10
DresdBk	247
Gels Aktier	82.50
Hoesch	55.90
Karlsdt	447
Kaufhof	263
KHD	130.50
Lufthansa	65
Mannesmann	241.50
Metallgesell	285
Neckermann	113
Rheinstahl	64.30
RWE new	125.60
Schering	424
Siemens	27
Thyssen	85.80
Veba	120
Volkswagen	112.70

London

Anglo-Am Cp	4.07
Anglo-Am	£26.00
Barclay Bk	2.72
Beecham Gr	2.49
BICC	1.30
Boots	2.34
Bowater	1.39
Brit-Am Tob	3.07
Brit. Oxyg.	0.47½
Brit. Pet	4.10
BLMC	0.07½
Burmah	0.34
CadburySch	0.48
Charterco	1.65
Courtaulds	1.18
Deggafont	0.13
DeBeer D	2.59
Decca Rec	1.94

Dist… Dun… E M… GEC Fre… GKN Glax… Gr U… Guin… Haw… Hud… Imp… Imp… Mar… Meta… Nich… Ples… Ranc… Rank… Roya… R.T.… Shell Thor… Tube… Unio… Vick… War… West… West… West… West… Wool… ZCI

Besto… Erba… Ercol… Fiat Finsk… Gener… IFI Italga… Italsi… LaRin… Monte… Olivet… Pirelli Snia V… Terni

Air Li… Alima… BSN Carref… Cim L… Citroë… Cie Ba… CFP CGE CCF Ferodo L'Oréa… Mach… Michel… Moët… Moulin… Nickel Paribas PUK Pennarr… Perrier Peugeot Rh Pou… Sacilor St Goba… Suez Télémé… Thomso… Usinor

Market Clos[ed]

Swiss stock prices [not] available Monday as t[he] exchange was closed f[or] holiday.

All of these Securities have been sold. This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

US$25,000,000

Comalco Limited

10% Notes Due 1987

Principal, premium, if any, and interest payable in United States dollars in New York City or in certain cities outside the United States without deduction for or on account of Australian withholding taxes, all as set forth in the Offering Circular. Interest is payable annually on April 1, commencing in 1976.

MORGAN & CIE INTERNATIONAL S.A. — FIRST BOSTON (EUROPE) Limited

DEUTSCHE BANK Aktiengesellschaft

ALAHLI BANK OF KUWAIT (K.S.C.) — ALGEMENE BANK NEDERLAND N.V. — AMSTERDAM-ROTTERDAM BANK N.V.
ANDRESENS BANK A/S — ARNHOLD AND S. BLEICHROEDER, INC. — ASTAIRE & CO. Limited
BAER SECURITIES CORPORATION — BANCA COMMERCIALE ITALIANA — BANCA NAZIONALE DEL LAVORO
BANCO DI ROMA — BANK OF AMERICA INTERNATIONAL Limited — BANK GUTZWILLER, KURZ, BUNGENER (OVERSEAS) Limited
BANK MEES & HOPE NV — BANQUE ARABE ET INTERNATIONALE D'INVESTISSEMENT (B.A.I.I.)
BANQUE DE BRUXELLES S.A. — BANQUE EUROPEENNE DE TOKYO
BANQUE FRANCAISE DU COMMERCE EXTERIEUR — BANQUE GENERALE DU LUXEMBOURG S.A.
BANQUE DE L'INDOCHINE — BANQUE INTERNATIONALE A LUXEMBOURG S.A. — BANQUE LAMBERT S.C.S.
BANQUE NATIONALE DE PARIS — BANQUE DE NEUFLIZE, SCHLUMBERGER, MALLET
BANQUE DE PARIS ET DES PAYS-BAS — BANQUE POPULAIRE SUISSE (UNDERWRITERS) S.A.
BANQUE ROTHSCHILD — BANQUE DE SUEZ ET DE L'UNION DES MINES — BANQUE DE L'UNION EUROPEENNE
BANQUE WORMS — BARING BROTHERS & CO., Limited — H. ALBERT DE BARY & CO. N.V. — BAYERISCHE VEREINSBANK
BERLINER HANDELS-GESELLSCHAFT —FRANKFURTER BANK— — CAPITALFIN INTERNAZIONALE S.p.A. — CAZENOVE & CO.
CHRISTIANIA BANK OG KREDITKASSE — CITICORP INTERNATIONAL BANK Limited — COMMERZBANK Aktiengesellschaft
COMMONWEALTH TRADING BANK OF AUSTRALIA — COMPAGNIA FINANZIARIA INTERMOBILIARE S.p.A.
CREDIT COMMERCIAL DE FRANCE — CREDIT INDUSTRIEL D'ALSACE ET DE LORRAINE
CREDIT INDUSTRIEL ET COMMERCIAL — CREDIT LYONNAIS — CREDIT DU NORD ET UNION PARISIENNE
CREDIT SUISSE WHITE WELD Limited — CREDITANSTALT-BANKVEREIN — DAIWA EUROPE N.V.
RICHARD DAUS & CO. BANKIERS vormals Hans W. Petersen — THE DELTEC BANKING CORPORATION Limited
DEN DANSKE LANDMANDSBANK — DEN NORSKE CREDITBANK — DEUTSCHE GIROZENTRALE —DEUTSCHE KOMMUNALBANK—
DEWAAY & ASSOCIES INTERNATIONAL S.C.S. — DILLON, READ OVERSEAS CORPORATION — DRESDNER BANK Aktiengesellschaft
EUROPEAN BANKING COMPANY Limited — FINACOR — ROBERT FLEMING & CO. Limited
GIROZENTRALE UND BANK DER ÖSTERREICHISCHEN SPARKASSEN Aktiengesellschaft — GOLDMAN SACHS INTERNATIONAL CORP.
HAMBROS BANK Limited — HILL SAMUEL & CO. Limited — INDUSTRIEBANK VON JAPAN (DEUTSCHLAND) Aktiengesellschaft
JARDINE FLEMING & COMPANY Limited — KIDDER, PEABODY INTERNATIONAL Limited — KJØBENHAVNS HANDELSBANK
KLEINWORT, BENSON Limited — KREDIETBANK N.V. — KREDIETBANK S.A. LUXEMBOURGEOISE
KUHN, LOEB & CO. INTERNATIONAL — KUWAIT INVESTMENT COMPANY (S.A.K.) — LAZARD BROTHERS & CO., Limited
LAZARD FRERES ET CIE — LAZARD FRERES & CO. — LLOYDS BANK INTERNATIONAL Limited
MANUFACTURERS HANOVER Limited — MERRILL LYNCH, PIERCE, FENNER & SMITH Securities Underwriter Limited — B. METZLER SEEL. SOHN & CO.
MITSUBISHI BANK (EUROPE) S.A. — SAMUEL MONTAGU & CO. Limited — MORGAN GRENFELL & CO. Limited — NESBITT, THOMSON Limited
THE NIKKO SECURITIES CO., (EUROPE) LTD. — NOMURA EUROPE N.V. — SAL. OPPENHEIM JR. & CIE. — ORION BANK Limited
PETERBROECK, VAN CAMPENHOUT SECURITIES S.A. — PICTET INTERNATIONAL Limited
PIERSON, HELDRING & PIERSON — POST- OCH KREDITBANKEN, PKBANKEN — PRIVATBANKEN Aktieselskab
N. M. ROTHSCHILD & SONS Limited — ROWE & PITMAN — J. HENRY SCHRODER WAGG & CO. Limited — SHIELDS MODEL ROLAND Incorporated
SKANDINAVISKA ENSKILDA BANKEN — SMITH, BARNEY & CO. Incorporated — SOCIETA FINANZIARIA ASSICURATIVA RAS GROUP
SOCIETE GENERALE — SOCIETE GENERALE DE BANQUE S.A. — STRAUSS, TURNBULL & CO.
SVENSKA HANDELSBANKEN — SWISS BANK CORPORATION (OVERSEAS) Limited
TRADE DEVELOPMENT BANK OVERSEAS INC. — TRINKAUS & BURKHARDT — UBS-DB CORPORATION
ULTRAFIN INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION — UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND (UNDERWRITERS) Limited
VEREINS- UND WESTBANK Aktiengesellschaft — S. G. WARBURG & CO. LTD. — M. M. WARBURG-BRINCKMANN, WIRTZ & CO.
WARDLEY Limited — WESTDEUTSCHE LANDESBANK GIROZENTRALE — YAMAICHI INTERNATIONAL (EUROPE) Limited

April 22, 1975.

Cadbury Schweppes

LIMITED

Sales of £555m. in 1974 confirm world-wide demand for group's products

Salient points taken from the Preliminary Announcement by the Chairman, Mr Adrian Cadbury

	1974 £000	1973 £000
Group turnover	555,360	438,147
Group profit before taxation	28,459	34,123
Taxation	13,732	17,051
Dividends	6,766	6,760
Earnings per share	4.65p	5.39p

1. Sales 26% up on the previous year.
2. Fall in margins reflects the effect of price control in an inflationary situation.
3. Main shortfall in overseas profits due to Australia.
4. Profit before tax reduced by higher interest charges on the additional borrowing required to finance working capital during a year of rapidly rising raw material prices.
5. The value of exports, including sales to overseas subsidiaries, almost doubled to £28 million.
6. Confidence in future based on a first-class team and on established branded products which are resilient to economic conditions.
7. On present estimates the profits for 1975 as a whole should show an improvement over those for 1974.

Cadbury Schweppes Ltd., 1/10 Connaught Place, London W2 2EX

هكذا من الأصل

American Stock Exchange Trading

(Continued from preceding page.)

1975 High	1975 Low	Stocks and Div in $	P/E	Sls. 100s.	High	Low	Last	Net ch'ge
		G						
		Gabrile .34f	4	6	5⅛	5	5	
		Galaxy Cp t	18	4	3	3	3	
		Garcia Corp	16	12	3½	3¼	3½	+⅜
		Gearhart .36	9	113	24¼	22⅞	24	+⅞
		Gen Buildrs		6	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
		GenEduc Sv	7	16	3⅛	3	3⅛	
		G Empl .26r	6	2	2⅝	2¼	2¼	—¼
		G Housewar		13	1	15-16	1	
		Gen Recra t	5	32	2	2	2	
		Gen Resrch		11	2¼	2	2¼	+¼
		Generics Cp	9	25	3¾	3½	3⅝	—⅛
		Genge Inc		11	2	1⅞	2	
		Geon Ind		72	2⅞	2½	2¾	+⅜
		Gerber Sci		5	2½	2⅜	2½	
		GiantF .50b	6	16	13½	12⅞	13½	+⅞
		Giant Y .40a	15	151	10⅛	9⅝	9⅞	—⅛
		GIT Rlt .96e	7	2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
		Gladding Cp		27	2½	2¼	2½	+¼
		Glasrock Pr		5	3½	3	3½	—⅛
		Glatfelter 2	3	7	26⅞	26⅝	26⅞	+⅛
		Glen Ger .30	4	2	4¼	4⅛	4¼	+⅛
		GlenDis .23f	9	13	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
		Glosser .26	4	2	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	
		Gldblatt .36	48	2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
		Golden Cycl	31	5	15⅞	15⅝	15⅝	—⅛
		Gold W Mob		4	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	
		Goldfield		146	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
		GoodLS .10		8	2¼	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
		Goodrich wt		204	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	+⅛
		GormR .90a	7	1	13⅞	13⅞	13⅞	+⅛
		Gouldinc wt		21	2½	2½	2½	+⅛
		Grainger .30	17	154	22⅞	22	22	—1⅛
		Grand Auto	9	1	5	5	5	+⅛
		GrandCH .28	6	7	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	—¼
		Granite Mgt		287	4⅞	4	4⅛	—⅝
		Gt Am Ind	3	18	3⅝	3⅛	3½	+⅛
		GtBasin Pet		38	3¼	3	3⅛	
		Gt Lk Ch .18	13	168	24	23½	23⅝	
		GtScotS .10r	6	3	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	
		Greenman		18	2¼	2⅛	2¼	
		GRI Cp .40	6	45	13⅛	12¼	12⅞	+⅜
		Griesdk .90e		3	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	
		GrossTlc .90	7	x2	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	+¼
		Grow C .32b	7	8	6⅞	6⅝	6⅝	—⅛
		Gruen Ind		1	1¼	1¼	1¼	—⅛
		GSC En .42c	11	13	1⅛	1	1	—⅛
		GTI Corp	7	1	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
		Guilford .20	5	2	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
		GulfMRlt wt		29	¼	3-16	¼	+1-16
		GulfRep Fin	2	8	4	4	4	
		H						
		Halco Prod		1	¾	¾	¾	
		HallsMot .44	4	2	8⅛	8	8⅛	+¼
		HampD .15e	3	7	3⅝	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
		Hanovr Petr	31	128	12	11¾	12	+⅛
		HanSq 1.63e	4	9	5¼	5⅛	5⅛	
		Harland .22	20	5	24⅛	24⅛	24⅛	+⅛
		Harmn .10r	4	56	12⅞	12⅜	12⅞	+⅜
		HartzMt Cp	26	96	15	14¼	15	+½
		Hasting .48e	6	3	6⅝	6¼	6⅝	+¼
		Health Chm	4	4	3½	3½	3½	
		Heinick Inst	22	2	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	—¼
		Heitm 1.45e	16	110	2⅛	1⅞	1⅞	—⅛
		Hemdale En	2	11	2	2	2	—⅛
		Her Mal .48	3	3	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
		Hi Shear Cp	9	x1	10½	10½	10½	+¼
		Hiptrnic .20	18	14	13⅝	13⅜	13⅝	+⅜
		Hofmn Ind	4	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
		Holng A 1.60	20	1	28½	28½	28½	—½
		Holly Corp	4	39	2	1⅞	1⅞	
		HomeOA .50	10	7	22	22	22	—⅛
		HomeOB .50	9	7	19¾	19	19¾	+¾
		HormelG .92	5	7	16¼	16	16	—¼
		Horn Hardrt		2	3¾	3⅝	3⅝	—⅛
		HospM 1.24e	3	2	4⅝	4½	4½	+⅛
		HospMtg w		2	¼	¼	¼	
		Hosp Mr In	8	23	8	7½	7½	—¼
		Hotel1 1.91e	8	10	9¾	9½	9¾	+⅜
		HousRon .10	5	10	2½	2⅜	2½	+⅛
		HousOil .40	9	552	24⅝	23⅝	23¾	+¼
		HudsB OG 1	9	2	26¼	25⅝	26⅛	+½
		Hudson Gen		1	2¼	2¼	2¼	
		Hufmn .40e		7	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+⅛
		HuskyO .50	5	17	16⅞	16½	16⅝	+⅜
		Hycel Inc	69	40	5½	5	5½	+⅜
		HygrFd .90c	4	9	22	22	22	
		I						
		ICB Cp .35		26	5	5	5	
		ICM R 1.50e	8	3	10⅝	10½	10⅝	+⅜
		IMC Magnet	4	5	7⅝	7⅝	7½	+¼
		ImpCh .24e	5	1	5½	5½	5½	—⅛
		Imper Ind	3	5	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	+⅜
		ImpOil A .80	12	79	27½	27	27¼	+⅜
9½	15-16	Inerco		9	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
4⅛	2	Incoterm A	219	47	4⅝	4	4⅝	+⅜
1¼	⅜	IndianHd wt		3	1¼	1¼	1¼	
1⅛	9-16	Inflight Svc	3	5	1	15-16	1	+1-16
2⅜	1½	Inolex Corp		14	2⅜	2⅛	2⅛	—¼
1½	⅝	Instrum Sys	10	21	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
1½	11-16	Integrt Res		21	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
2½	13-16	Intrmedco	8	5	2⅛	2	2⅛	
15-16	5-16	Intl Banknot		14	13-16	11-16	13-16	
13½	6¾	Int Cour .24	14	33	13⅞	13	13⅞	+1
3⅝	1¼	Int Foodsvc		70	3	2⅞	3	+⅛
2⅞	1¼	InFuneral S	7	12	2⅞	2¾	2⅞	
12⅝	6½	IntGenln .70	4	3	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	—⅛
4	2¼	Int Prot .10		7	2⅞	2⅝	2⅞	+⅛
1⅞	1¼	IntSeawy Tr		1	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	+¼
28⅝	18⅛	IntSyCon .25	11	z19950	27¾	26⅝	27¾	+1¼
1⅝	7-16	Interpholo		2	1½	1½	1½	
15⅛	8¼	Interpool	5	7	14½	14¼	14¼	—⅛
8⅛	6	Intrsyst .40	6	4	6⅝	6⅛	6⅛	—⅛
11⅛	6⅛	Interway Cp	3	24	8¾	8⅝	8⅝	+⅛
3¼	1	Investm Fla	7	2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	—⅛
22	14¼	InDiv A 1.80	6	9	19	19	19	+¼
5⅜	3⅛	InvDivB .45	6	12	4⅞	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
6½	4⅛	InvestRlt Tr	27	2	6	6	6	
12⅝	7	Ionics Inc	16	4	12½	12⅜	12½	+¼
7⅜	3⅞	IroqBrd .16	6	84	7⅛	6⅝	6⅞	+⅜
4⅝	1⅜	Irvin Indust	5	1	3¼	3¼	3¼	+⅛
6⅝	6	IsraelD .80e		4	6¼	6¼	6¼	+¼
6½	3¼	Itel Corp	5	225	6½	6¼	6⅝	+⅜
		J						
10	5⅛	Jacobs Eng	4	67	9¼	8¾	8¾	—⅝
3⅝	1⅞	Jamswy .09t	6	11	3¼	3⅛	3¼	+¼
8	3⅜	Jeannet .22t	5	20	7¼	7	7	—½
2⅜	1¼	Jetronic Ind	3	5	2	2	2	
25	18⅝	John Pd .25	18	7	23½	23¼	23½	+¼
4	2¼	Juniper Pet	18	17	3½	3⅜	3⅜	
3½	2¼	Jupiter Ind	3	1	3	3	3	+¼
		K						
9½	4⅝	Kaisrind .26	5	339	9	8¾	8⅞	
1⅜	⅜	Kalvex Inc		1	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
4⅝	3½	KaneMill wt		2	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
25¼	17	KanebSv .90	8	20	23½	23	23½	+⅜
11-16	5-16	Kavanau		10	⅜	⅜	⅜	+3-16
3⅝	2⅜	Kay Corp	13	15	3¼	3	3	—⅜
4⅛	3	KenwinS .34	5	9	4	3¾	3¾	+⅛
3⅝	2	Ketchm .04t	5	2	3	3	3	
17¾	11⅞	Kewane .48a	5	152	16⅝	16⅛	16¼	—⅛
8⅜	4	Keystind .30	6	21	8⅜	7⅞	8	
1½	⅜	Kin Ark Crp	7	85	1½	1¼	1⅜	—¼
10⅝	7¼	KingRd .15e	6	8	9⅛	9	9	+¼
32¼	25⅝	Kirbylnd .60	6	35	30½	29⅝	29⅝	—⅜
1½	⅞	KleerVu Ind		15	1⅜	1½	1½	
3⅛	1¼	Kleinerts		5	2⅝	2⅜	2⅜	
7⅜	5⅝	Kliklok .60	4	7	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	+⅛
10⅞	4⅜	Knicker Toy	5	38	9⅞	9⅝	9⅞	+¼
15⅞	7¼	Kolmorg .40	6	7	15⅝	14⅞	15	—⅜
5⅝	2⅜	KuhnStr .10	5	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	
		L						
5⅛	2½	LaBarge .04	5	125	5	4¾	4⅞	
5⅞	3½	Lafay Radio	6	52	5⅝	5⅛	5⅝	+⅜
4⅛	2⅛	Lake Shore		21	3⅛	3 1-16	3 1-16	—3-16
3⅝	2⅝	LaMaur .20	21	12	3⅛	2⅞	3⅛	+⅛
1⅛	½	LaTour Bck		9	¾	¾	¾	+1-16
2¾	1⅜	Laneco Inc	4	1	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	
5-16	⅛	LarwinR wt		6	¼	¼	¼	
8⅛	4½	LCA Cp .45	7	14	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	
15-16	½	LCA Cp wt		2	11-16	⅝	⅝	
8½	5⅝	LeaRon .24a	5	1	7⅞	7⅞	7⅞	—⅛
16½	12	Lee Entr .40	9	22	15⅝	15⅜	15⅜	—⅛
7⅜	3½	Lee Pharm	29	5	5½	5½	5½	
4½	2¼	Lehigh Pres	4	8	4¼	4⅛	4⅛	—⅛
2⅞	⅞	Leisure Tec		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	—⅛
5⅝	3½	LasFay .32b	4	1	4¼	4¼	4¼	
8	7¼	LewisBF .24	3	4	8	7⅞	7⅞	+⅛
5⅛	2⅜	Lightolier	4	7	4½	4⅜	4½	—⅛
5	3⅜	Lilli Ann .22	5	12	4½	4½	4½	—⅛
1⅞	⅞	LilyLynn A	5	1	1½	1½	1½	+⅛
2⅝	1¼	Lincoln Am	10	6	2½	2½	2½	
3⅝	2⅛	Lloyds Elec	100	5	3	3	3	
2	1	Lodge S .13e	5	8	1⅞	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
16	7½	Lohmn .48e	5	10	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	
5⅝	2⅝	LoewThe wt		104	5	4½	4⅞	+¼
2⅞	1⅜	Logistic .12e	4	8	2⅜	2¼	2⅜	
8⅝	7⅜	LaGenSv .66	8	5	8	8	8	+¼
3¾	1¾	LTVCorp wt		246	4	3¾	3¾	+⅛
2¼	1½	Lynch Corp	5	7	2	1⅞	2	+⅛
		M						
13-16	½	Macrod Ind		187	⅝	9-16	9-16	—1-16
7¼	5	Mangood .60	12	11	7⅜	7½	7⅜	+⅜
4½	4	ManhLfe .20	6	4	4	4	4	
5⅜	3⅝	MansfdT .10	146	12	4⅝	4⅛	4⅜	
3⅝	2½	Marindu B	17	90	3⅝	3 5-16	3 5-16	
22¼	9¼	Mark Contrl	5	136	23½	21⅞	22¾	+1¼
3⅛	1⅝	Marlene Ind	4	18	3⅝	3⅛	3⅝	+⅜
5	4	MarshF .24	11	1	4½	4½	4½	+⅛
7¼	3	Marshal Ind	4	98	6⅞	5½	6⅞	+⅞
5¼	3⅜	Masind Son	18	5	4½	4⅜	4½	+⅛
15	5⅝	Masneitn .30	5	54	15¼	14⅝	15	
2⅛	1	Masters Inc	17	1	2	2	2	—⅛
7½	3½	MaterRe .28	6	16	5⅜	5	5¼	—¼
4½	2	MaulBro .10	24	2	4¼	4¼	4¼	
4⅝	3½	Maule .10e	12	2	4½	4½	4½	+⅛
4⅝	2⅞	McCull Oil	14	581	4¼	3¾	4¼	+⅜
11¼	6	McDonh .60	4	23	10⅝	9⅞	9⅞	—⅜
5	3⅜	McIntsh .32	9	4	4½	4½	4½	
3⅝	1⅝	McKeon Cn		27	3	3	3	—⅛
11⅛	8¼	Meams FW 1	6	1	11	11	11	+⅛
5⅜	3	Medenco .12	5	23	5	4⅞	4⅞	—⅛
27⅞	16⅛	MediaGn .60	10	3	27⅛	27⅛	27⅛	+⅜
5⅝	2½	Mego Intl In	3	3	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+⅛
11	6¾	MEM Co .72	4	2	9	9	9	
3⅝	1⅜	Metrocare	14	5	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
1⅞	1⅛	Mich Genl		11	1½	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
18⅝	12¼	MichSug 1a	2	272	18⅞	17½	18⅝	+½
6⅞	4⅛	MidldGl .05e	4	4	5½	5½	5½	+⅛
9	7½	Mid Rub Re	5	1	8½	8½	8½	
15⅝	7⅝	Milgo Elect	7	238	15⅞	14½	15⅞	+1⅜
9	4½	Miller H	1	1	7	7	7	—⅛
21½	7⅝	MillerW .60	7	34	24½	22¼	24½	+3
14⅝	8	Mil Roy .20e	10	40	14¼	13½	14½	+1
15⅛	11	MoPac 1.20	4	9	15	14⅝	15	
14	9	Mitchll 1.57t	4	33	11⅜	10⅞	11⅛	+⅛
4⅞	3¼	Mite Cp .16	4	7	4⅛	4⅛	4⅛	
13-16	½	MoAmCo Cp		90	13-16	¾	¾	
11⅝	6	Molycrp wt		99	10	9⅝	9⅝	—⅜
8⅞	7	Moog .60	4	5	8½	8	8¼	+¼
4⅝	3⅝	MigGth .95e		73	3¾	3½	3½	—⅛
15	11⅝	MfVMll 1.20	4	4	14⅝	14⅝	14⅝	
1⅝	⅜	Movielab	6	5	1½	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
13½	6⅝	MPB Cp .50	5	29	13¼	12⅝	12⅝	—⅜
1⅞	½	MPS Intl Cp		6	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
4⅛	2⅝	MultiAm .20	150	6	3	3	3	+⅛
6⅝	5⅝	MWA .40a	5	1	6	6	6	—⅛
		N						
2¾	1⅝	Napco Ind	4	2	2¾	2⅝	2¾	+⅛
3⅛	2⅜	NardaM .08t	4	17	3¼	2⅞	3¼	+⅜
5	2½	N Distr .10e	4	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
1¼	⅝	NatHlth Ent		8	1	15-16	15-16	—1-16
1¼	½	Natind wt		13	1¼	1⅛	1¼	
2⅝	1⅝	NKinney Cp	18	57	2⅝	2½	2⅝	+⅛
10⅝	4⅝	NMedEn .12	5	46	10⅝	10	10⅝	+⅜
8½	2⅞	Nat Paragn	13	16	8	7⅝	7¾	—¼
2⅞	1⅞	Nat Silver	12	7	2⅝	2½	2½	
7 13-16	1⅝	Neonex .05	3	55	2	1⅜	1⅝	
1⅜	15-16	NestLM .10e		5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
16	9¼	Newcor .76	3	1	13⅜	13⅜	13⅜	—¼
30¼	17½	NENuclr .30	14	28	30	29	29½	+⅜
12	9⅛	NHamp .45e	6	2	9⅝	9½	9½	—¼
¾	7-16	Newidria M	34	91	¾	11-16	11-16	
13¼	8½	NMex Arlz	50	1	13	13	13	
2⅞	1⅝	NewparK Rs	6	108	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝	+¼
7⅛	3½	N Proc .35e	10	45	6⅝	5⅞	6⅝	+⅜
12⅝	7½	NYTimes .60	7	46	12¼	12	12	+⅛
8¼	5¼	NiagFSv .34	4	4	8⅛	8	8	
1⅞	⅞	Noel Indust		1	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	—⅛
24⅞	7¼	Nolex Cp	39	117	21⅝	20⅛	21¼	+⅝
1⅛	⅝	NoAmMt wt		1	13-16	13-16	13-16	—1-16
8⅝	5⅜	NorAm Roy	10	57	7⅛	6½	6⅝	—⅜
5	2 9-16	NorCdn Oils	42	57	4⅞	4 3-16	4⅜	
3	⅞	NNGMob wt		30	1	15-16	1	+1-16
5⅝	1⅞	Nuclear Dat	10	18	3½	3	3¼	—⅛
13⅛	9	NumacO Gs	26	9	11⅞	11⅝	11⅝	—⅛
		O						
7⅞	3⅜	Oakwd Hom	6	2	6¾	6¾	6¾	—¼
20	15½	Offshore Co	6	9	19¼	19	19¼	+½
29	16	OhioBrs 1.40	4	25	29¾	29¼	29¾	+⅝
2⅞	1½	Olla Ind	13	2	2¾	2⅝	2¾	
13½	8	OnLine Sys	5	1489	9		9	
14⅞	12	OnanCp .20e	5	16	13¼	13¼	13¼	+⅛
69¼	49⅝	OOkiep Cop	3	z450	51¼	50⅞	51	—¾
8⅝	3⅞	OrioleHo .20	2	22	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	—⅜
5⅞	2⅛	Outdr Sprt I	8	25	4⅝	3⅞	4⅛	+⅜
9⅛	5⅝	OverhDr .40	7	9	7⅛	7	7⅛	+¼
2⅝	1	Oxford Fst		12	2⅝	2½	2½	
3½	2½	OzarkA .05e	6	41	3	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
		P - Q						
1⅞	¾	P&F Indust	5	17	1⅝	1½	1⅝	—⅛
18½	16	PGE6pf 1.50		5	17	16⅝	16⅝	—⅛
14½	13	PGRd pf1.25		6	13⅝	13⅜	13⅞	+½
13⅝	12¼	PG 4.8pf1.20		3	13	12⅞	12⅞	—⅛
25½	23⅝	PG 9.2pf2.32		10	25⅛	24⅞	24⅞	—¼
24⅝	21	PG 8.1pf2.04		4	22⅛	21¾	22⅛	
27½	25	PG 9.4pf2.37		8	25⅞	25⅝	25⅞	
3⅝	2⅛	P Holdg .16		60	3½	3⅜	3½	+¼
45½	37	PacLt pf4.40		z150	45	45	45	+1
14½	11⅝	PNwTel 1.20	9	3	14⅛	14	14⅛	+⅛
35	11⅝	PallCp .40	14	39	34⅝	33¾	33¾	+½
1¼	15-16	Palomr Finl		3	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	+⅛
13⅝	6¼	PanOcean O	240	91	12⅛	11¾	12	
5⅝	3¼	Pantasote	2	13	4½	4¼	4½	
6¼	3	ParaPk .10a	4	7	6	5⅞	6	+⅛
8	4⅞	ParkCh .40a	5	12	7½	7	7½	+¼
3	2¼	Park El .10e	5	8	2¼	2⅛	2¼	+⅛
7⅝	2⅜	PkwDls .05a	7	2	6⅞	6⅝	6⅞	+¼
20⅝	11	Parsons .60e	7	24	20⅝	20	20	
1⅜	¾	Pat Fashion		6	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
5	2½	Patagonia		7	4⅝	4½	4½	—¼
7⅞	5⅝	PatoCG .70a	2	31	6⅝	6⅜	6⅝	+⅛
10	7	PatrkP .86t	6	31	8	7⅝	8	
10⅝	7	Paxall .60a	5	4	9	9	9	+⅛
5-16	⅛	PeaseEll wt		3	3-16	3-16	3-16	
3⅝	1⅜	Penn Dix wt		3	2⅜	2⅞	2⅞	
8⅝	6½	PennEng .60	4	10	8⅝	8⅜	8⅝	+⅜
2⅜	1	Penob Shoe	6	4	2¼	2¼	2¼	
¾	7-16	Pentron Ind		6	¾	¾	¾	
17½	11	PepBoys 1	4	5	17¼	17¼	17¼	
8⅞	4⅝	PepCom .40	5	9	8¾	8½	8¾	+½
6⅝	4	PerinlCp .35	4	21	5¾	5¾	5¾	+½
2⅞	¾	Permaner		37	2	1⅝	1⅞	—⅛
7⅝	1⅝	Pertec Corp	8	37	7⅛	6⅞	6⅞	+⅛
7¼	4⅝	Petro Lewis	3	8	6	6	6	—⅛
7	6¼	Phil LD .30r	4	21	7	6⅝	6⅞	+⅛
7½	3⅝	Phoenix Stl	2	564	7⅛	6⅝	6½	—½
5⅞	2⅝	PicNPay .12	7	12	5½	5⅜	5⅜	—¼
1½	1	Piedind .18e		9	1½	1¼	1½	+¼
5⅛	2½	PionPls .05e	10	10	5⅛	4⅞	5	
1¼	11-16	Pioneer Sys		8	1⅛	1	1	
3⅛	2¼	Pioneer Tex	3	3	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	
20¼	11⅝	PitDeMoln 1	15	34	20	19⅝	19¾	+½
6⅝	5	PitWVa .56a	9	2	5⅜	5⅜	5⅜	
35⅝	10¼	Pittway 1b	11	69	32¾	31	32¼	—¼
19	14	PlacDv 1.20	6	8	18⅝	18⅝	18⅝	
11¼	3⅝	Plant Ind	10	133	11½	11	11⅛	+⅛
3⅜	1⅝	PlyGem .51t	6	2	3⅝	3	3⅝	+⅛
¾	5-16	PNB MR wt		1	½	½	½	
8⅞	4⅝	Pneumo .40	4	24	8¾	8	8⅛	—⅛
2⅜	5-16	Poloron Pd		18	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	
8⅝	5⅝	Polychr .29t	5	16	7⅞	7½	7⅝	+¼
4⅞	2⅝	Prairie Oil	9	6	3⅞	3⅝	3⅞	+⅛
12⅞	9½	Pratt Lmb 1	12	8	11⅞	11	11⅞	+⅜
27⅝	17⅝	Prent Hall 1	14	27	27⅝	27	27⅛	—⅜
4⅝	3½	PresRl B .32		1	4	4	4	
4⅝	1⅝	Presley Cos		12	3⅝	3⅛	3½	—⅛
14	9⅝	Preston .70	5	7	12⅝	12⅜	12½	+⅜
3⅝	1⅝	PrimMt .15r	16	6	2⅝	2½	2½	+⅛
9⅝	5⅝	PrpCT 1.21e	7	13	8	7⅝	8	+⅜
8⅝	7½	PrpGas .80	9	7	7½	7½	7½	
1⅜	15-16	PrdRIE .16e		8	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
2⅜	1⅜	PrudBdg .24	7	30	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
2⅝	1	PSA Inc wt		4	1⅝	1¼	1¼	+⅛
3⅝	1⅞	Pulte Hmes	125	22	2⅜	2⅝	2⅝	—¼
3¾	1¾	PuntaGrd ls	6	2	3½	3½	3½	
5⅜	3½	Purepac Lb	10	1	5	5	5	
19¼	9	Putnam .60a	9	9	16½	16⅞	16⅞	—⅜
		R - S - T						
6⅝	3¼	Racon .20a	4	28	6¾	6	6¼	+⅛
12	7⅜	Ranchrs Ex	6	9	11⅝	11⅜	11⅜	+¼
26¼	12⅝	RangrO Can	47	102	22	20¼	20⅝	—1½
13	9⅝	Ransbrg .80	5	1	11⅝	11⅝	11⅝	+⅛
1⅞	1	RapdAm wt		33	1½	1⅜	1½	+⅛
3⅞	2⅜	Rath Pack		23	3½	3⅜	3⅜	
10½	10¼	RaymPr .40	65	2	11⅜	11¼	11⅜	+⅛
5	2⅝	RB Indust	5	25	4	4	4	+⅛
16⅝	12⅝	RealEst 1.40	11	2	15⅝	15⅜	15½	
6⅝	3	RitincT .99e	7	4	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—⅜
13⅝	9	Rlt RT 1.92e	6	2	11¾	11⅝	11¾	+⅜
1½	¾	Reeves Telc		8	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
4	1⅜	Refrig Trns		9	3⅜	3	3⅜	+¼
2¼	1⅛	REIT InoFd		12	1⅝	1½	1½	
37	28⅝	RelifF pf4.38		2	32	31⅝	31⅝	—1¾
⅞	7-16	Rel Grp wt		16	9-16	½	9-16	+1-16
9⅝	7⅝	Rem Ar .80	7	10	9	9	9	—⅛
2⅜	1	Rep Housng		10	2	2	2	+⅛
9-16	3-16	RepMtln wt		7	¼	¼	¼	
23	17⅝	Rep NY Cp	4	20	22	21¾	21¾	
14⅞	4⅝	ReschCH .08		140	13	12⅝	12⅝	+⅜
13½	5⅜	Resistfix .40	8	79	14	13⅝	14	+⅜
3⅝	1⅝	Resrtslntl A	3	2	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+⅛
4⅝	1⅝	Resrtslntl B	4	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—⅝
2¼	⅞	Rest Assoc		5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	
2	⅞	Rex Noreco		5	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
3⅜	1¼	Riblet Prod		1	3	3	3	
2⅛	¾	Richton Int		5	2⅜	2¼	2¼	+⅛
1⅜	¾	Riker Maxs		11	1⅜	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
⅞	5-16	Riker Mx pf		4	¾	¾	¾	—⅛
16⅝	8½	Riley Co	4	8	15⅞	15⅜	15⅞	+⅜
25½	19½	RioAlgm 1	7	4	25	24½	25	+½
6⅝	4⅝	RisdonM .36	4	2	5¾	5¼	5¼	—⅛
3⅝	2⅝	RLC Corp		8	3	3	3	—⅛
38	19½	Robintech	5	355	33	27¼	30¾	—1⅝
4	2⅝	Roblin Ind	1	26	3	2⅜	2⅞	—⅛
⅝	5-16	Rockw Nat		16	⅝	⅝	⅝	—1-16
6¼	3¼	Rocorint .20	6	1	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+¼
15⅝	7⅛	Rogers Corp	13	15	12⅝	12⅜	12½	+⅞
3½	2¼	Roland Intl	5	2	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
1⅜	9-16	Ronco Telep		1	15-16	15-16	15-16	
5½	2⅝	Rossmor Cp	11	39	4½	4	4½	+⅛
⅞	5-16	Rossmor wt		6	⅜	⅜	⅜	+1-16
30	21½	Rowan .14	7	84	28⅞	28	28	—¾
9⅞	9¼	Royal Amer	13	1	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝	—¼
⅞	⅝	RoyBusn Fd		15	¾	¾	¾	—1-16
2⅞	1¼	RPS Prod		1	2⅛	2⅛	2⅛	+⅛
2⅛	1⅛	RSC Indust	7	17	2⅛	2	2	
2⅛	1⅜	Ruddick Cp	4	5	2	2	2	
4½	3⅜	Rudick pf.55		2	3⅞	3⅞	3⅞	—⅛
1⅝	½	Rusco Ind	25	7	1¼	1¼	1¼	
21¼	11¼	Ryan Ho .20	14	78	20	19½	20¼	+1
3		Ryersn Hay	44	3	1¾	1⅝	1¾	+⅛
7¼	3¼	Salem .24f	11	52	7⅜	7	7¼	+⅜
17⅝	7¼	Sambos .18e	16	204	17½	16⅝	17½	+½
103½	83¼	SDgo pf9.34		z50	93	93	93	—2
84	67	SDgo pf7.68		z208	73	70	73	+1
79	62	SDgo pf7.20		z150	68	67½	68	+1½
33½	27½	San JW 2.40	7	1	32½	32½	32½	+¼
2¼	1¼	Sargent Ind	11	17	2	2	2	
5½	4⅛	Saturn Airw	4	1	5¼	5¼	5¼	—¼
7¼	5⅛	Schenul .60a	4	3	6⅝	6⅝	6⅝	—¼
2⅝	1⅛	Schick Inc		21	1½	1½	1½	
1¾	1⅛	Sci Mgt .07e	12	3	1½	1⅜	1½	
12⅝	4½	SciAtlan .25t	11	31	12⅝	12	12⅛	—¼
16⅛	13¼	Scope Ind	5	5	15⅝	15½	15⅝	+⅜
7½	6	Scrivner .32	4	1	7½	7½	7½	+⅛
6⅝	5	SbdAlMlt .40	6	12	6½	6¼	6½	+¼
5	2¼	Sealectr Cp	7	41	5	4¾	4⅞	—⅛
	7-16	Seaport Cp		5	9-16	9-16	9-16	
4¼	2⅜	Seaprt pf.56		z100	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	—¼
9	4⅝	SeasnAll .20	7	19	9¼	8⅝	9¼	+⅝
1	⅝	Sec Mtg Inv		25	1¼	1⅛	1⅛	
6⅝	2	Sec Plastics	21	5	6⅛	6⅛	6⅛	
5⅝	4¾	Selas Cp .30	10	6	5⅛	5	5⅛	—⅛
1	9-16	Seligm Asso		2	1¼	1⅛	1¼	—⅛
6¼	3⅝	Semtch .14t	7	8	5⅜	5⅛	5⅛	—⅛
4	3¼	Servisco .30	4	4	4½	4½	4½	
4¾	1¾	Servo Corp	7	14	3⅛	3	3	—⅛
6⅝	4⅛	Seton Co .45	15	4	6½	6½	6½	+¼
5¾	3⅝	SGL In .10r	5	4	5¾	5½	5½	
2⅛		SG Sec .51e		2	1½	1½	1½	
13⅝	10	SG Se pf1.70		12	12½	12⅜	12⅜	—⅛
8¼	4⅛	Shawln .50b	5	3	7⅛	7	7	
5¼	2	SheerHay S		61	4¾	4⅝	4⅝	—⅛
6¼	11-16	ShelfRes .06		60	4⅝	4¼	4½	—¼
22	14⅝	Shnandh Oil	10	133	22¼	21⅜	21½	—¼
30	19⅝	Shn O pf1.25		16	30	28¼	29½	+⅝
19⅝	8¾	Sherwd Med	7	30	15⅞	14½	14	+½
12¾	7⅜	Snowbot .80	6	16	12¼	12⅛	12⅛	—⅛
10½	7¼	Sifco In .36a	6	3	10⅛	10⅛	10⅛	—⅛
3¼	1¾	SikesCp .02p		1	2¼	2¼	2¼	
7¼	5¾	Simkins .60	6	4	6	6	6	
3⅝	1	Slm Sch .10e	7	98	3½	3¼	3⅜	
5¾	3⅛	Sky City .27t	4	2	4¼	4¼	4¼	+⅛
6¾	4	Sonder Brdc	5	16	7¼	6⅝	7¼	+
7⅝	6¼	SoestCap .80	11	3	7¼	7⅛	7⅛	
17¼	15⅛	SC 5.8pf 1.45		7	16	15½	16	+½
16⅛	13	SC 5.2pf 1.30		5	14¼	14⅛	14⅛	
14⅛	11	SC 4.3pf 1.03		2	11½	11½	11½	+⅛
48½	40	SouRoy .80b	18	89	45¼	42	45	+3
4⅛	3	Specity Rest	5	4	4	4	4	+⅛
9	4⅝	Spector .18e	2	8	6¼	6¼	6¼	
5½	3⅝	Spencr F .32	6	5	4¼	4¼	4¼	
5½	3⅝	Splenlex .48	5	8	4⅜	4¼	4¼	
4	2¼	Std Containr	3	5	2⅞	2¾	2¾	
5	3⅝	Std Moil .50t	6	11	5⅛	5⅛	5⅛	+⅛
7⅜	4⅝	StdMotA .42	7	14	7¼	7⅛	7¼	
5¼	1½	StdPac Corp	5	4	3	3¾	3¾	—⅛
10¾	7¾	Std Prod 1	6	3	10⅜	10⅜	10⅜	+⅛
18½	10¼	StdShrs .40r		12	17½	17⅜	17⅜	—⅛
15¼	11½	Stange .20	19	47	16⅜	15	16	+1
8¼	5⅝	Stanly Avia	8	2	8⅛	8⅛	8⅛	
1½	15-16	Stardust Inc	17	1	1½	1½	1½	
9¾	8⅛	StarSup .69b	5	1	9¼	9¼	9¼	+¼
8⅝	3¼	Steelmt .15e	2	23	8	7⅝	7¾	
16½	12½	Stepn Ch .44	7	8	15⅞	15⅛	15⅝	+½
3½	2	SterlPre .11t	4	29	3	3	3	
6⅝	3⅛	STP Cp .40e	10	36	6½	6¼	6¼	
8¾	5⅝	Struth Wells	19	47	8	7⅝	7¾	
4⅛	2	SunCityl .25	6	3	4	4	4	
21⅝	9	Sun Elec .60	9	8	20½	19¾	20¼	+¼
4⅝	3¼	Sunair .17e	5	7	4	4	4	—⅛
9⅝	6	SupFdSv .32	5	8	7¾	7⅝	7⅝	—⅛
2½	1⅝	Supercr .16e	3	14	2⅛	2	2⅛	
2¾	1½	SupIndln .12	17	36	4⅛	4	4	+1¼
6½	4⅝	Sup Surg Mf	5	38	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	—⅛
1	15-16	Sosquhena		13	1⅜	1⅜	1⅜	+⅛
5	2¾	Synaloy .14t	5	17	4¼	4½	4½	
44¼	29⅛	Syntex .48	18	495	43½	41⅝	43⅝	+
21¼	10⅛	Sysco Cp .28	9	2	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝	—⅛
4½	15-16	System Eng		31	3	3¾	3¾	
15¾	9¼	Tasty B .90r	9	11	15	14⅝	15	+⅛
1⅛	½	Tech Sym	25	4	1	15-16	1	+⅛
6¼	2⅝	Techcl Oper	4	8	4¾	4⅝	4¾	+⅛
1⅝	¾	Techcl Tape	5	41	1½	1¼	1½	+⅛
8½	6½	Teleflex .32t	8	8	8⅛	7¾	7¾	—¼
1¾	5-16	Telex Cp wt		1	⅝	⅝	⅝	+1-16
3⅛	1	Tenna Corp	14	12	2⅝	2¼	2⅝	+⅛
4⅝	3⅛	Tenneco wt		36	3¼	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
9	6⅝	TennFS .40e	2	35	7⅜	7	7⅜	+⅜
1¼		Tenney Eng	9	5	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
15⅝	5¾	Teradyn Inc	11	28	15	14¾	14	+¼
16⅛	11⅝	TerraC .25e	4	243	15⅝	14½	15¼	+⅝
58¼	51¾	TxPL pf4.56		z25	54	54	54	
3⅝	2	Texstar .15t	3	3	2¾	2¾	2¾	
11¾	7¾	Textron wt		1	10⅝	10⅝	10⅝	—⅛
2⅛	1⅛	TFI Co Inc	4	3	1	1¾	1¾	—⅛
4½	2⅝	Thorof Mkt	15	6	3	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
4½	¾	Tidwell Ind		13	3¾	3⅝	3¾	—⅛
2½	1⅛	Tigerintl wt		52	2⅜	2⅛	2¼	+⅛
3⅜	2½	Timple Ind	3	5	3	3	3	
5⅛	3¼	TMC Mtg In	1	11	3½	3½	3½	
12	4⅛	Tokheim .20	13	24	10⅝	9	10¼	+⅛
6⅝	3 15-16	TotalPtl NA	62	5	6⅝	6¼	6¼	
4	1⅛	Town Cntry		11	3⅝	3¼	3¼	—⅛
3⅞	1⅞	Tracor Inc	11	13	3½	3½	3½	
2½	1¼	Trans Lux	32	20	2⅜	2¼	2¼	—⅛
8½	5¼	Trnspt Pool	4	115	8½	8⅜	8⅞	
3⅛	1⅞	Treadw .23t		3	2⅞	2¾	2¾	
9⅝	7¾	TriStMtr .80	4	8	8½	8⅛	8⅛	—⅛
2⅞	2⅜	Tubos Mex	12	4	2⅞	2⅞	2⅞	
3⅝	1½	Tufico .10e	5	4	3⅜	3⅜	3⅜	—⅛
4⅝	2⅞	Turbodyne		8	3⅜	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
16⅝	11⅛	Turnr C 1.20	5	1	15¾	15¾	15¾	
7¼	3⅞	TwinFair In	8	31	6½	6¼	6¼	+⅛
		U - V						
2⅝	1⅝	UIP Cp .12	5	16	2½	2⅜	2½	
5	2⅞	UNA .10a	4	130	5	4⅞	4⅞	
3⅞	2½	Un Invest		5	3¼	3¼	3¼	+⅛
7½	4¾	UnA Pr .40e	7	6	7½	7¼	7½	
4⅜	2¼	Un Asb .07e	5	18	3¾	3⅝	3 11-16	—1-16
15-16	⅜	UnBrand wt		119	9-16	7-16	9-16	+⅛
11⅛	10½	UnCosF .48b	7	5	11	11	11	
2	⅞	U Dollar St		8	1⅝	1⅜	1⅜	—⅛
2⅝	1½	Unit Foods	4	16	2	1⅞	2	+⅛
2	9-16	UnNat Corp		2	1⅞	1⅞	1⅞	
¼	⅛	UnNatCp wt		20	3-16	3-16	3-16	
4⅝	2¾	U PDye .07p		2	4	4	4	+⅛
9	6	US Ban Trst	16	1	7½	7½	7½	
9¾	3½	US Filtr .20	8	167	9	8⅝	8¾	—⅛
8⅝	4¼	US LsgRl E	16	14	5⅜	5	5⅛	—⅛
¾	7-16	US LsgR wt		5	9-16	9-16	9-16	+⅛
3⅝	1⅛	USNat Rsrc	4	66	3⅝	3	3¼	+¼
2⅞	1½	US Radium		18	2¼	1¾	2¼	+½
17¾	11¾	US Reduct 1	2	27	18½	17¾	18½	+1
7¾	6¼	USRbR .50a	7	4	7¾	7½	7¾	+⅜
14⅝	7½	Unilek .05e	8	9	12¾	12½	12½	
13	5⅜	Unity Buy S	6	3	11⅞	11¾	11⅞	+⅜
1⅝	⅝	Univ Contnr		12	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	
5¼	3⅜	UnivRs .05e	7	27	4	3⅞	3⅞	—⅛
5½	3⅛	Univ Sav .32	10	2	4½	4½	4½	—⅛
3⅛	2⅛	URS Corp	5	1	2¾	2¾	2¾	
15⅞	12¾	UtahlgSu 1a	11	14	17½	17⅛	17⅛	
6	4⅛	UV Ind wt		23	5	4⅞	5	
6⅝	4	ValiesSt .62t	7	7	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	+⅛
23½	14½	Vall In 3.20e	3	39	23	21⅞	23	+1⅛
4	3	Valley Mlat	8	1	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	—⅛
9½	6⅝	Valmac .60a	4	6	8⅞	8⅞	8⅞	
4	2¼	Valspar .24		19	3⅛	3	3⅛	
2⅛	1⅛	ValuLin .01e		1	2	2	2	+⅛
7	4½	VanDorn .35	4	5	5⅝	5½	5½	
2¼	1⅛	Varo Inc	3	4	2	1⅞	2	
10⅝	6⅞	Veecolns .32	7	37	10⅝	9¼	10⅝	+1½
8⅝	5¼	VermtA .40b	5	9	9	8⅝	9	+⅛
4⅝	1⅞	Vernitron	8	38	3¼	3⅛	3¼	
1	7-16	Vertipll Inc		3	⅞	⅞	⅞	
4¼	1¾	Vesely Co		3	3⅛	3¼	3⅛	
2½	1⅛	Viking Genl	4	15	1⅝	1½	1⅝	
1⅞	⅝	Vikoa Inc		6	1⅜	1¼	1⅜	
3⅛	1⅛	Vintage nt		3	2½	2½	2½	+⅛
2⅝	1⅝	Vulcan .02e		1	2	2	2	
6⅝	4⅛	Vulc Inc .30	3	9	6¼	6⅛	6⅛	+⅛
		W - X - Y - Z						
4¾	2¼	WabMg .10a	5	24	4	3⅝	3¾	
7⅝	4⅞	Wacknt .28a	8	209	8⅜	7¼	8¼	+1
2 15-16	1½	Walnoco Oil	7	10	2⅛	2 1-16	2 1-16	+1-16
17	14⅛	WalcoN .40b	6	1	16⅛	16⅛	16⅛	+⅛
1½	⅝	WardFds wt		3	1¼	1¼	1¼	—⅛
1½	1⅛	Wards Co		2	1⅛	1⅛	1⅛	—⅛
4⅛	⅞	WarC pfC.05		39	3⅛	3¼	3¼	—⅛
25¼	16⅞	WasPslB .50	8	14	24	23⅝	24	+¾
14⅞	11⅞	WashRl 1.28	12	12	14½	14¼	14½	+⅛
4½	2⅞	Watsco .05e	8	3	4	4	4	—⅛
9	5⅝	Weld Tu Am	2	13	7⅜	7¼	7⅜	+¼
11⅝	7⅜	WestChP .40	10	4	8¼	8	8¼	+½
7⅝	3¾	Westats Ptl	9	52	7	6¾	6¾	—¼
15-16	⅝	Westby Fsh		31	1	15-16	1	+1-16
7⅜	4⅝	Wstn Fin .10	4	13	5⅞	5¾	5⅞	
1⅜	¾	WstPac I wt		9	⅞	⅞	⅞	
5⅝	3½	Whitaker .34	4	6	5⅛	5	5⅛	+⅛
14	8¾	Whiting 1	5	43	13⅛	13½	13¾	—⅛
¾	¼	Whittakr wt		18	⅝	½	⅝	+⅛
3	1½	Wichita Ind	6	72	2⅛	1⅞	2	+⅛
3⅛	2⅝	WillcoxG .12	29	6	2¾	2⅝	2⅝	
8¼	5¼	Wmhous .30	4	2	7¼	7¼	7¼	+⅛
6⅝	4½	WilshrO .05r	7	45	5¾	5½	5⅝	
3½	2½	WilsonBr .30	6	6	3⅛	3⅛	3⅛	
1¾	11-16	Winston Mil		2	1⅝	1⅝	1⅝	—⅛
48	44½	Wis P pf4.50		z170	47½	46⅛	46½	+⅜
5	2¾	Wood In .30t	67	6	4	4	4	
19¾	5¾	Worces Cont	7	97	20¼	18½	19¾	+1
7¼	5¼	Work Wr .60	10	13	6¼	6⅛	6¼	+⅛
4	1½	Wrather Cp		3	3⅝	3⅜	3⅝	—¼
1 13-16	1⅞	Wright Har		88	1 5-16	1 3-16	1 5-16	+1-16
3½	2½	WTC Air .10	4	10	3	2⅞	3	
5⅝	3½	WyleLab .24	5	21	4⅝	4½	4½	+¼
10¾	5	Wynn Intl	5	200	10⅛	10	10⅛	+¾
9¾	6½	WymBn .50	8	12	9⅝	9	9⅞	+⅛
3¼	1⅝	Wyomising	5	4	3	2⅞	2⅞	—⅛
18	12⅝	Xonics Inc		6	16½	16¼	16½	+⅛
3⅞	1⅞	YooHco .05e	18	10	3¼	3⅛	3¼	+¼
6⅝	4½	Zero Mf .15e	5	x3	6	6	6	+⅜
4½	1¾	Zimmr Hom		2	3½	3½	3½	

INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES

Headquarters of International Group in Paris

seeks

assistant to the Business Administration Controller of the [company] and for the Financial Control of its European subsidiaries a

EUROPEAN FINANCIAL ASSISTANT CONTROLLER

HE WILL BE IN CHARGE OF

[pr]eparing the maturity diary;
[su]mmarizing the financial statements;
[as]sisting in planning and processing to subsidiaries.

[Hig]hly educated, he will have a strong accounting and economic [back]ground and a proven experience of similar functions with [indu]strial companies and possibly with an Anglo-Saxon group.

[Ana]lyst, synthesist with contacts, he will be well balanced, [orga]nized, very precise and positive. He will be able to make [goo]d decisions and he will also have a perfect mastery of French and English languages.

German also would be appreciated.

Send C.V. with photo and salary requirements to
MINET PUBLICITE Nº 40.128,
[.] Rue Olivier-de-Serres, 75015 PARIS *who will forward.*

CECA-DRILLING MUD DIVISION

Is looking for

A SENIOR SALES EXECUTIVE

to take charge of the promotion of new products.

It is essential that the candidate has a comprehensive and practical knowledge of the problems associated with drilling mud technology on sea and land rigs. He must be fluent in French and English.

This is a new appointment oriented towards the Anglo-American sector of the industry and presents a major opportunity to the right man.

Based in Paris, the position will call for extensive travelling in Eastern Hemisphere oil exploration and development areas.

Attractive salary and conditions negotiable.

Write in confidence to:

CECA

LE DIRECTEUR GENERAL
CECA S.A.
11 Ave. Morane-Saulnier
78140 VELIZY-VILLACOUBLAY.

Qualified Oilfield Personnel

required for world-wide operations

Drilling personnel with a minimum of two years' oil well drilling experience required in the following classifications:

TOOL PUSHER - MECHANIC - DERRICKMEN
DIVISION ENGINEERS - DRILLER
ELECTRICIAN - CRANE OPERATORS

Excellent career opportunities for applicants overseas with top pay in U.S.A. dollars plus contract completion bonuses, overseas living allowances, good leave and holiday plans.

Free of foreign taxes, and the best company-provided insurance plan in the drilling industry. Our company promotes from within, so join the progressive drilling company. Only qualified applicants will receive an acknowledgement. Please send resumé with passport-type photograph to: Ref. K481, Walter Judd Limited, 1a, Bow Lane, London, EC4M 9EJ.

Large american company with facilities throughout Europe is looking for an european

aircraft mechanic

Qualifications
- *faa aircraft and power plant ratings (a p)*
- *high school or equivalent education experience.*
- *good working knowledge of the English language*
- *must be willing to relocate to Rome and be willing to travel extensively*

Work experience
- *two or more years in light aircraft maintenance and repair*
- *must be familiar with faa requirements and be able to perform maintenance and repair in compliance with these requirements.*

Salary
- *open for negotiation depending on experience and qualifications*
- *full expenses paid while traveling*

Send resumé with number 812 to
ORGANISATION et PUBLICITE
2, rue Marengo 75001 PARIS

INTERNATIONAL TRADING COMPANY
OF PATENTEE PRODUCTS
FOR THE CONSTRUCTION

seeks

BRAZILIAN

to launch and manage a company in

BRAZIL

[Stro]ng personality and human experience is a must.
[Imp]ortant remuneration plus bonus benefits.

[Wr]ite with handwritten C.V. and photo to:
[.] 4,062, Contesse Publicité, 20 Avenue de l'Opéra, Paris (1er), who will forward.

Construction Operations & Maintenance

Indonesian Assignment For LNG Facility

This progressive international oil company is offering unique career opportunities for individuals with a proven background in construction, start-up, operations, and maintenance of a major natural gas liquefaction plant.

The ideal candidate will have a degree in engineering or equivalent experience strengthened by mid to heavy overseas experience with large process or utilities plants in any combination of the following areas:

CONSTRUCTION
Monitoring of contractors' performance of civil construction, installation of mechanical equipment, piping, vessels, rotating equipment and electrical and instrumentation.

INSPECTION
Major emphasis in weld quality control as well as the professional ability to monitor and perform progress inspection of the contractors' performance for tank and pipe erection, material checks, fit-up and welding, and nondestructive testing, meeting both local and national codes.

OPERATIONS SUPERVISION
Engineers or equivalent experience in pre-commissioning, inspection, start-up, and operations of refineries and/or petrochemical processes and utilities. Initial assignment will be inspection and verification of vessel internals, piping and control systems, boilers, flushing and testing.

Candidates will preferably have experience in the development and implementation of plant commissioning and start-up procedures. In addition, training of Nationals for subsequent maintenance and operations is desirable.

MAINTENANCE SUPERVISION
Engineers or equivalent experience in the installation, commissioning and maintenance of mechanical equipment, large rotating compressors and turbines and/or power generation equipment, including boilers and piping systems. Also, maintenance of electrical and instrumentation systems including high voltage distribution and switchgear and electronic process control systems will be helpful.

These positions are accompanied by a compensation package commensurate with your background. For prompt confidential consideration, please send resume complete with salary history and expectations to:

Box D-4,851, Herald, Paris.

WANTED:

SLIGHTLY USED EXECUTIVES

Industry's biggest current need is for seasoned, mature executives in their 30s, 40s and 50s. Chusid clients have proven that these are the most productive and rewarding work years of their lives.

To learn how "slightly used" executives have renewed their careers, you're invited to meet with one of our professional Career Advisers without cost or obligation.

For your personal (confidential) appointment phone or write our nearest office.

We (help) change lives!

FREDERICK
CHUSID
& COMPANY

Multinational Consultants in Executive Assessment Development and Career Advancement

Offices in major cities worldwide.
PARIS: 15 Avenue Victor-Hugo. Phone: 553-61-64
LONDON: 35-37 Fitzroy Street. Phone: 01-637-2298/9.

EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE

FINANCIAL EXECUTIVE
presently European Financial Director of U.S. company, 13 years' experience in International Operations in U.S. and Europe, seeks challenging position in developing European organization with an aggressive company.
Swiss, 35, fluent English, German, French.
Please write: Box A 18-115158, Publicitas, CH-1211 Geneva 3, (Switzerland).

FINANCIAL EXECUTIVE
Controller, BSBA+, with 10 years experience multinationals in Europe, U.S., South America, heavy in management reporting, systems, banks, sales oriented. Resident Madrid; will relocate. U.S. citizen, fluent English, Spanish, German and studying. Available now.
Write Herald Box 439
Plaza C. de Suchil 7, Madrid 15.

EUROPE AND MIDDLE EAST
BRITISH EXECUTIVE
ADMIN/CONTROLLER
25 years exp. Internat./American commerce will accept short assignments. Distributor, agent problems, marketing, budgets, promotion, fairs, etc. Terms expenses plus negotiable fee. Centrally located.
Call: Torino 54.88.76 or Write: Georgeson, Via Papacino 2, 10121 Torino.

DIRECTOR OF MARKETING

Fast-growing proprietary drug and toiletries company needs director for product management group. Full P&L responsibility.

Send resume and current compensation ONLY if you have AT LEAST:

- 12 years experience in marketing packaged goods.
- Half of those years were in health and beauty aid products.
- Two-thirds of those years were in brand management and/or advertising agency assignments.

Reply in confidence to:
Box D-4,853, Herald Tribune, Paris.
An Equal Opportunity Employer M/F

Consumer Products

Area Sales/Marketing Manager

EUROPE

For leading U.S. manufacturer in consumer products field. Must have senior experience in supervising sales/marketing activities of National Product Managers in Scandinavia, England and France. Also capable of developing high calibre distributors in other European markets. We seek a creative, dynamic person with first-rate credentials, preferably in health and beauty aids field, and fluency in French. Position available immediately.

REQUIRES RESIDENCE IN LONDON AREA.

Write Box D 4854, Herald Tribune, Paris.

EXECUTIVES AVAILABLE

COMECON

INT'L SALES OPERATOR OR NEGOTIATOR
French Doctor in Law, aggressive negotiator, wide contact experience, speaking fluent Russian and English. Having business contacts across the world including all EASTERN COUNTRIES, seeks challenging position with industry or commerce willing to extend his relations and business performances, free to travel.
Call mornings: Paris, 770.38.71, or write: Box D 4,850, Herald, Paris.

Making contact with other Executives in Europe

It can be difficult to make the right contact for a new job in Europe! We cannot guarantee results. We can guarantee, however, that an "Executives Available" advertisement will put you in contact with another 62,000 executive-level international business people.
One of them might need an executive with your qualifications.

*83% of our business readers are at the executive level ("Impact: 1974" readership survey)

Contact our offices in your country (listed in Classified Advertisements on back page) or write to:

Mr. Max FERRERO, International Herald Tribune, 21 Rue de Berri, 75380-Paris, Cedex 08.

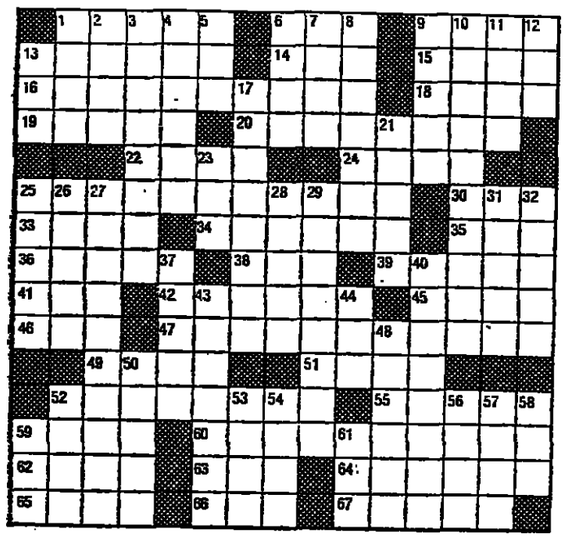
CROSSWORD — By Will Weng

ACROSS

1 Sulks childishly
6 Perched
9 Kind of street or watch
13 Band instrument
14 Military address
15 Hawaiian port
16 Repast for many on a certain Friday
18 Singer Ed
19 Kind of collegiate leader
20 Homes for Phantoms
22 Royal one in Delhi
24 News item
25 Titled Irish playwright
30 Laconian clan
33 Bread cover
34 "—— a tavern . . ."
35 Bird of N.Z.
36 Cobra's weapons
38 Anti-drinking org.
39 Pollutes
41 Explosive
42 Goat-hair fabric
45 That, in old Rome
46 Sea inlets: Abbr.
47 Citizen Kane
49 Air polluter
51 Negative contraction
52 Water and springer
55 Modern H.M.S. Bounty
59 Listen
60 Closet occupant
62 Preakness, e.g.
63 Household god
64 Glacial ridges
65 Lapland transport
66 Grid lineman
67 Famed party giver

DOWN

1 ——Bah of "Mikado"
2 Heraldry band
3 David, as against Goliath
4 Group of four
5 Man's nickname
6 Writer Munro
7 Copycat
8 Fido's plaything
9 Chinese port
10 Early-bird's reward, often
11 Shouts for the matador
12 Opposite of neg.
13 D minus CC
17 April weather wear
21 Immeasurable gulf
23 Brazil or Indian
25 Artists' quarters
26 Early Charlie Chan
27 Leases a desk
28 Brawl
29 Pyromaniac
31 Ball's V.I.P.
32 Makes comfortable
37 River for poet Masters
40 Sights in Aruba
43 Part of the Constitution
44 Exclamations
48 Surround
50 Equipped, as a rowboat
52 Circus performer
53 Of the dawn
54 Enrich
56 "——a kick out of . . ."
57 Tiber tributary
58 Sounds from one lacking words
59 Time units: Abbr.
61 Dressmaker's concern



WEATHER

	C	F			C	F	
ALGARVE	16	61	Cloudy	MADRID	19	66	Fair
AMSTERDAM	14	57	Cloudy	MILAN	21	70	Cloudy
ANKARA	9	48	Rain	MONTREAL	0	32	Cloudy
ATHENS	19	66	Fair	MOSCOW	17	63	Cloudy
BEIRUT	19	66	Cloudy	MUNICH	11	52	Overcast
BELGRADE	19	66	Fair	NEW YORK	16	61	Sunny
BERLIN	14	57	Cloudy	NICE	19	66	Cloudy
BRUSSELS	14	57	Cloudy	OSLO	2	46	Overcast
BUDAPEST	18	64	Cloudy	PARIS	18	64	Cloudy
CAIRO	—	—	Unavailable	PRAGUE	13	55	Cloudy
CASABLANCA	17	63	Rain	ROME	22	72	Fair
COPENHAGEN	12	54	Fair	SOFIA	12	50	Cloudy
COSTA DEL SOL	22	72	Cloudy	STOCKHOLM	6	43	Overcast
DUBLIN	14	57	Rain	TEHRAN	21	70	Fair
EDINBURGH	10	50	Rain	TEL AVIV	28	68	Cloudy
FLORENCE	23	73	Cloudy	TUNIS	21	70	Fair
FRANKFURT	16	61	Cloudy	VENICE	20	70	Cloudy
GENEVA	14	57	Cloudy	VIENNA	12	54	Cloudy
HELSINKI	8	46	Overcast	WARSAW	7	45	Overcast
ISTANBUL	17	63	Fair	WASHINGTON	15	59	Cloudy
LAS PALMAS	—	—	Unavailable	ZURICH	12	54	Cloudy
LISBON	16	61	Cloudy				
LONDON	15	59	Cloudy				
LOS ANGELES	14	57	Cloudy				

(Yesterday's readings: U.S., Canada at 1700 GMT, others at 1200 GMT.)

INTERNATIONAL FUNDS
ADVERTISEMENT
April 21, 1975

The net asset value quotations shown below are supplied by the Funds listed. The International Herald Tribune cannot accept responsibility for them. Following marginal symbols indicate frequency of quotations supplied for the IHT. (d)—daily; (w)—weekly; (r)—regularly; (i)—irregularly.

(w) Alexander Fund	$6.43
(d) Am. Express Int'l Fd.	$7.12
(w) Apollo (Tempus: iss. pr.	SF70.32
(w) Apollo Fund S.A.	$79.85

BANK JULIUS BAER & Co. LTD.:

— (d) Baerbond	SF84.35
— (d) Conbar	SF717
— (d) Grobar	SF508
— (d) Stockbar	SF822
(w) Broad & Wall Fd Int'l.	$35.46
(w) Brownlnvest	$13.73
(d) Can. Gas & Energy Fd.	$11.05
(d) Can. Secur. Growth Fd.	$4.91

CAPITAL INTERNATIONAL S.A.:

— (w) Capital Int'l.	$13.10
— (w) Capital Italia S.A.	$9.16
(d) Capital Rentinvest	LF957
(i) Cleveland Offshore Fd.	$714.26
(w) Convert. Fd. Int. A Certs.	$6.92
(w) Convert. Fd. Int. B Certs.	$10.23
(d) Convert. Bond Fd. N.V.	$7.86

CREDIT SUISSE:

— (d) Canasec	SF555
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Bonds	SF70.50
— (d) C.S. Fonds-Int'l	SF65.75
— (d) Energievalor	SF73.50
— (d) Uresec	SF622
— (d) Europavalor	SF131.25
(i) Crosby Fund S.A.	$408.00

C.S. INT'L MANAGEMENT:

— (w) C.S. America Fd.	$9.26
— (w) C.S. Income Fd.	$7.92
(w) D.G.G.	$39.65
(d) Delta Invest. Fund	$8.89
(d) Delta Multifund	$6.02
(d) Daiwa Int'l Fund	Yen9,474
(d) Dollar Fund (ex-div.)	$1.35
(d) Dreyfus Fund Int'l	$10.42
(w) Dr. Interch. Inv. Fd.	$11.38
(w) Europe Obligations	LF925
(d) Executive Fd. of Canada	$5.64

FIDELITY:

— (w) Fidelity Equitalia	$7.74
— (w) Fidelity Int'l Fund	$13.31
— (w) Fidelity Pacific Fd.	$19.78
— (d) Fidelity World Fd.	$18.40
(d) Fiducen	BF884
(w) First Int'l Fd.	$113.43
(w) First Int'l Bealty Sec.	$14.52
(d) First Nat'l City Fund	$27.79
(d) First Security Cap Fd.	$23.00
(w) Fleming Fund S.A.	$52.12
(w) Fleming Japan Fund	$19.23
(w) Fonselex Issue P.	SF1,776
(d) Formula Selection Fd.	SF85.42
(d) Fonditalia	$10.95
(d) Fund of Nations	$5.42
(d) Fund of N.V. (ex-div.)	$0.80
(w) Future Australia Fd.	Aus.$6.86

G.T. (BERMUDA) LIMITED:

— (w) Berry Int'l Fund	$9.35
— (w) Berry Pac. Fd. Ltd.	$22.97
— (w) G.T. Dollar Fund	$5.56
(w) Guardian Gr. Fd. Int'l.	$7.13
(w) Hanseatic Holdg. NV.	$5,150
(i) H.O.T.T. Mobel	$24.31
(d) Icofund	$9.42
(d) INGROW	$9.38
(d) Interfix	$784.75
(d) Interfund S.A.	$8.99
(d) Interitalia	Lire 7,646
(w) Intermarket Fund	$96.13
(w) Int'l Income Fund	$22.66
(r) Int'l Privilege Ltd.	Can.$3.81
(r) Int'l Securities Fund	$6.49
(w) Intertrust Int'l Fd. S.A.	$9.29
(r) Invest. Atlantiques	$35.84
(d) Italamerica S.A. Fund	$9.39
(r) Italfortune Int'l Fd. S.A.	$8.66
(r) Japan Growth Fund	$14.24
(d) Japan Selection Fund	$42.61
(w) Japan Pacific Fund	$13.36

JARDINE FLEMING:

— (r) Jardine East. Trust	$82.58
— (r) Jardine Japan Fund	$28.09
— (r) Jardine Selection NV.	$12.35
(d) KB Income Fund	LF1,574
(d) Kleinwort Benson Int. F	$9.83
(w) Kleinwort Bens. Jap. F.	$16.54
(w) Leverage Cap. Hold.	$24.11

L. & B.T. MANAGEMENT S.A.:

+(w) L&B-T Multi-way Fd.	SF358
+(w) L&B-T Income Fund	SF368.50
(w) Luxfund	$18.73
(d) Mediolanum Sel. Fund	$11.63
(d) Neuwirth Int'l Fund	$1.88
(d) Neuwirth Inv. Fund	$2.56
(w) N.A.M.F.	$84.62
(w) Nippon Fund	$24.16
(w) Nor. Amer. Inv. Fund	$6.20
(w) Nor. Amer Bank Fd.	$7.18
(r) Olympic Cap. Fd. Inc.	$6.76
(r) Pegasus Intern'l.	$1.74
(d) Putnam Intern'l Fund	$21.03
(d) Renta Fund	LF1,803xd
(d) Renta Capital Fund	LF3,558
(d) Rentinvest	LF823

SAFE GROUP:

— (d) Safe Fund	34.74
— (d) Safe Trust Fund	$9.82
— (d) Global Fund	$3.94
(w) Samurai Portfolio	SF53.75

SEPRO:

— (w) Sepro (N.A.V.)	$11.75

S.M.G. FUNDS:

— (d) CSF Fund	SF23.25
— (d) Crossbow Fund	SF4.83
— (d) I.T.F. Fund N.V.	$7.29
(w) SMH Special Fund	DM7.34

SOFID GROUPE GENEVA:

— (r) Parfon Sw. R. Est.	SF1,433
— (r) Securswiss	SF1,021
(d) Soros Fund	$142.37
(w) Star Fund	$5.41
(r) Suez Int'l Ventures Inc.	$5.50

SWISS BANK CORP.:

— (d) America-Valor	SF436.25
— (d) Intervalor	SF64
— (d) Japan Portfolio	SF346.75
— (d) Swissvalor New Ser.	SF196.50
— (d) Univ. Bond Select.	SF16.75
— (d) Universal Fund	SF62.47
(w) Talent Global Fund	$7.82
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. (Sea)	$21.72
(w) Tokyo Pac. Hold. N.V.	$28.77
(w) Transpacific Fund	$17.07

TYNDALL GROUP:

+ (r) Overseas Fd. dist.	$1.16
+ (r) Do. Accumulation	$1.46
+ (r) 3-Way Fund Int'l.	$2.24

UNION BANK OF SWITZERLAND:

— (d) Amca U.S. Sh.	SF23.50
— (d) Bond Invest	SF89.50
— (d) Convert-Invest	SF78.00
— (d) Eurit Europe Sh.	SF119.00
— (d) Fonsa Swiss Sh.	SF85.00
— (d) Globinvest	SF84.50
— (d) Pacific Invest.	SF66.00
— (d) Roscfac-Invest.	SF833.50
— (d) Safit South Afr. Sh.	SF309.50
— (d) Sima Swiss R. Est.	SF179

UNION-INVESTMENT, Frankfurt:

— (d) Atlanticfonds	DM15.55
— (d) Europafonds	DM33.55
— (d) Unifonds	DM20.55
— (d) Unirents	DM41.20
— (d) Unispecial I.	DM56.30
(w) United Cap. Inv. Fd.	$12.00
(d) U.S. Trust Invest. Fd.	$12.40
(w) Western Growth Fd.	$8.76
(w) Western Hedge Fund	$1,348.67
(w) West Proprietary N.Y.	$1,397.58
(d) World Equity Grth Fd.	$402.40
(w) Worldwide Securities	$23.04
(w) Worldwide Special	$3,204.54

DM — Deutsche Mark; * — Ex-dividend; + — New; N.A. — Not available; BF — Belgian francs; LF — Luxembourg francs; SF — Swiss francs; + — Offer prices; a — Asked.

PEANUTS



B.C.

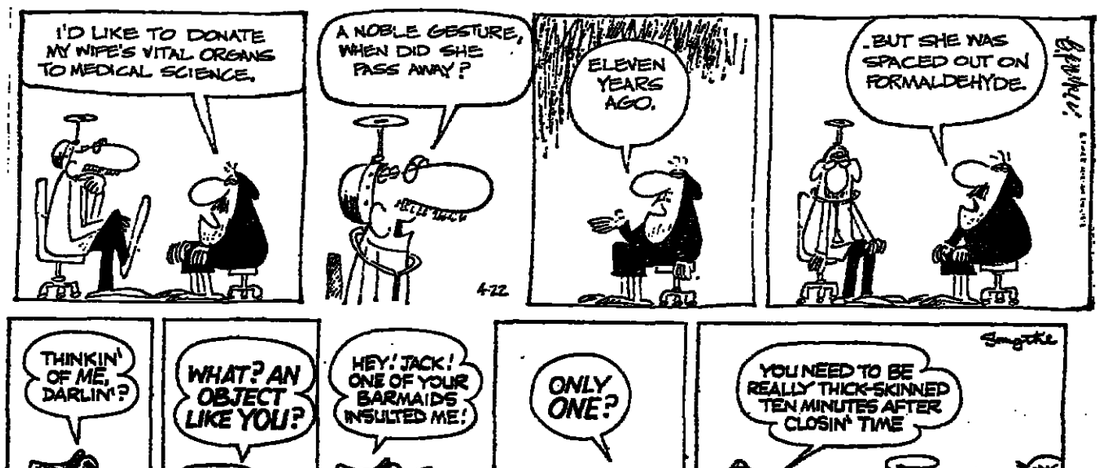
BLONDIE



BEETLE BAILEY



WIZARD of ID



ANDY CAPP



REX MORGAN M.D.



RIP KIRBY



JUMBLE® — that scrambled word game

BY HENRI ARNOLD and BOB LEE

Unscramble these four Jumbles, one letter to each square, to form four ordinary words.

DIFOR

PRUPE

LINECK

FULOWE



Now arrange the circled letters to form the surprise answer, as suggested by the above cartoon.

Print the SURPRISE ANSWER here

HE "◯◯-◯◯◯◯◯" IT

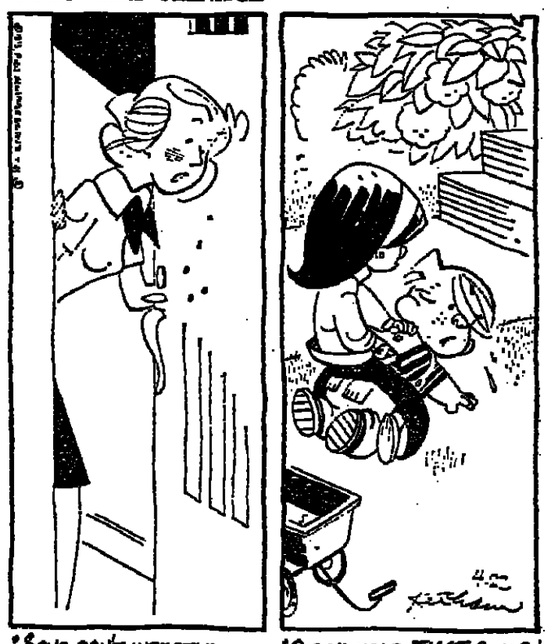
(Answers tomorrow)

Yesterday's Jumbles: MOURN BRAND FORBID UPWARD

Answer: *Might be applied to people when it's proper*—A NOUN

هكذا من الأصل

DENNIS THE MENACE



BOOKS

THE WAR AGAINST THE JE 1933-1945

By Lucy S. Dawidowicz. Holt, Reinhart and 460 pp. $15.

Reviewed by Irving Howe

BOOKS about Nazism are endless, and so too about anti-Semitism, but Mrs. Dawidowicz's "The War Against the Jews" comes to us as a major work of synthesis, providing for the first time a full account of the holocaust not merely as it completed the Nazi vision but as it affected the Jews of eastern Europe. Drawing upon materials in half a dozen languages and writing with a restraint that seems almost beyond credence, Mrs. Dawidowicz, a professor of history at Yeshiva University, has produced a work of high scholarship and profound moral import.

Mrs. Dawidowicz begins at the point in the 1880s when "the idea of mass annihilation of the Jews had already been adumbrated" in Germany.

The Nazi movement, as it emerged in the 1920s, could thus draw upon many strands of German tradition while adding a special tone of gutter fanaticism, that fevered hatred one associates with the atmosphere of postwar Europe. At first Hitler's ravings against the Jews were dismissed as mere bait for the masses, but Mrs. Dawidowicz argues forcefully that, on the contrary, anti-Semitism was the Nazis' deepest, most "authentic" persuasion.

Once in power, the Nazis pursued their two major goals—a German expansion eastward and the destruction of the Jews—with a coherent intensity.

The agency that would unite these strands of Nazi policy—the black-shirted SS—began "to assert its hegemony with regard to the Jews over all state and party institutions."

Throughout the war, the SS insisted that the "Final Solution" (the destruction of the Jews) be given first priority. Some of Mrs. Dawidowicz's most telling pages describe how the SS commandeered trains for shipping Jews to the death camps at a time when the German Army badly needed those trains for the eastern front. And from the Nazi point of view, the SS had a kind of gruesome logic: nothing mattered more than killing Jews.

This book forces one to reconsider earlier theories about Nazism, especially the Marxist theory that it was essentially devised as a last-ditch defense of German capitalism. Portions of the upper bourgeoisie did help finance the Nazis and later profited from their success; but it now seems clear that Nazism had a dynamic and a meaning all its own, one that transcended the usual thrust of class interest. Melding irrational blood-lust with bureaucratic finick movement brough ology and terror in fusion that often parody of the I outlook: schematic, istic, brooking neit distrust.

In Mrs. Dawidc controlled narrat chapters on the institutions, the pl the German Jews fragment of dignit relation between C policy and race. gnant pages are the the holocaust in —and here the numb.

In her conclu Mrs. Dawidowicz w victims with an o comes to seem in from compassion: t in accord with the religious traditions, vive by submitting, the socialists and tried to organize a resistance. There rich in detail, bu bearable to read, ab of the Jews to mak cultural life (illega certs, political disc ghettos of Poland.

The account of was finally rendere saw uprising of Apr a handful of revol nades, the Jewish to the death, quit nothing else could almost joyous that of defiance remain And there Mrs. Da her narrative.

In reading this b oneself returning t much discussed, perh discussed, in the l the alleged passivity pean Jews as they slaughtered by the the materials ama becomes utterly cle as politically-conscie engage in more und tivity than has qu supposed, there was whatever for effecti No matter what th it could only be a fa doomed. Without a by starvation, inex military crafts, sub system of brutality scription, and distr times even betraye European nationaliti also being oppressed the Jews of eastern simply unable to ho "Final Solution."

A last word abou It can hardly be "re since reading it yi pleasure nor relief— perience of unbroke From the suffering c as Kafka says, "yo back, you have free p do so, and it is in acc your nature, but perh holding back is the o you could have avoid

Irving Howe is a pr City University of Ne most recent book is " Point." This review

© The New York

Solution to Previous Puzzle

A	L	I	C	E		S	I	M	S		S	T	E	W
R	I	V	E	T		T	R	O	T		H	E	R	A
C	R	A	N	E		R	O	L	E		E	M	I	R
S	E	N	T		W	O	N	D	E	R	L	A	N	D
			E	V	I	L		S	P	O	T			
C	A	I	R	O	L	L		S	T	E	P	U	P	
A	R	I	E	L		E	D	I	T	S		E	R	A	S	E
R	E	S	T		S	N	E	E	R		S	E	A	L
O	N	E	R	S		G	E	N	E	S		A	G	T
M	A	I	N	U	A	L			S	A	L	I	N	E	S
			E	R	A	S	E		E	D	O	M			
R	A	B	B	I	T	H	O	L	E		P	A	C	T
E	T	A	L		T	A	M	E		B	O	N	E	R
E	T	T	U		E	L	I	S		A	S	I	D	E
F	U	S	E		A	R	E	T	S		R	E	L	E	E

BRIDGE — By Alan

The Vanderbilt Cup went recently to Dr. George Rosenkranz of Mexico City in Honolulu. It was a long-delayed and well-deserved reward for determination and effort. He has had several near misses.

Dr. Rosenkranz has developed a powerful partnership with Roger Bates, a young Los Angeles expert to whom he has taught his Romex system. In the Vanderbilt, they were complemented by Larry Cohen and Dr. Richard Katz of Los Angeles, who have the best record in national team play in the last two years, and John Mohan of Los Angeles made an excellent fifth man.

In the final, Rosenkranz led almost throughout against a group headed by Richard Freeman of Atlanta, semifinal victors over the favored Aces. The final margin of 54 points somewhat exaggerated the disparity between the teams, since the Freeman squad took some chances in the late stages in a desperate effort to make up lost ground.

On the very last deal, shown in the diagram, South made a risky balancing move—one that he would not have made earlier in the match—and was severely punished by fine defense. A normal result would be for East-West to play two spades and make eight tricks, and this was what happened when the Rosenkranz team held the North-South cards.

But the Bates was East and Mohan West, South ventured three hearts as shown when his opponents reached in two spades. West doubled with confidence that was concealed from his partner by the bidding screen. Everyone passed and West led the spade nine.

East won the first the spade ace and sh club six. South playe Mohan as West made by putting on the eig ing the ace as an entr dummy t the clu played the heart quee able to win the he play a club to achie round ruff.

The defense then diamond ace, and We three natural trump come. The result was for 1,100 points, and national match poin Rosenkranz team.

feature of the deal is West were able to mak eight tricks in defen opponents' chosen co they would have bee make playing in their contract.

NORTH
♠ K 10 7
♡ Q
◇ 9 5 4 3
♣ Q J 10 9 7

WEST
♠ 9 8 5
♡ A 10 8 2
◇ 8 7 5
♣ A 8 4

EAST
♠ A J
♡ K 7
◇ A J
♣ 6 3

SOUTH
♠ Q 2
♡ J 9 6 5 4 3
◇ K Q
♣ K 7 2

North and South v nerable. The bidding:

East	South	West	North
1 ♠	Pass	2 ♠	
Pass	3 ♡	Dbl.	
Pass	Pass		

West led the space n

Bow to Giants

odgers' Injury List, oss Column Growing

TA, April 21 (UPI).— Walt Alston says he's leave the dugout these cause "I might trip on line and break a leg."

anager, now in his 22d s seven good reasons, at t count, to fear for the of his players as the idden Los Angeles open a three-stop road ght in Atlanta.

odgers lost, 6-3, to the ncisco Giants yesterday inning game that proved ne of the strength has pped from the bobbled League champions.

baseman Ron Cey got its, including his third ut he joined his ailing es when he was forced after 12 innings. Flu dness did him in. His e coincided with the of Dodger fortunes as its got three runs in the

reliever Geoff Zahn s first appearance of the and walked in Derrel with what turned out to game-winning run. He three more walks, two nd a wild pitch before he etired the side.

itching corps suffered a low Saturday night when ng Award winner Mike l fell off the mound after ee pitches. The durable ace did not make the th and probably will be a week with a rib separation in his left

odgers will have to play e time without two other Shortstop Bill Russell 21-day disabled list with bone in his hand and ler Bill Buckner will be least two weeks with a ankle.

Paciorek, who banged his ainst the outfield wall replaced Buckner Friuld be ready by midweek. cher Steve Yeager, who a bruise in a home plate at Houston eight days uld be back next week-

Reds 5, Astros 3
Astros 7, Reds 6

ncinnati, José Cruz and ay drove home five runs them as Houston scored ictory after the Reds won ner of the doubleheader, a two-run ninth-inning by Pete Rose.

Astros took the lead in the inning of the second game Cruz tripled after a single nos Cabell and walks to

Monday

nks Triumph h Early Surge

TON, April 21 (UPI).— New York Yankees routed ee and Dick Drago for 10 in the first four innings oasted behind the six-hit g of Pat Dobson to a 12-1 over the Boston Red Sox atriots' Day morning game

Yankees scored four runs first inning on four hits walk and continued their rdment against Lee and in the fourth when 10 went to the plate and of them hit safely.

White, playing first base, Yankees with four hits walk. He hit his first un of the season in the inning and scored four r the game. White and Bonds had doubles for ankees, the team's only xtra base hits, and Thurmson drove in three runs ree singles.

r League Standings

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
.....	6	2	.667	—
c	6	4	.600	1
.....	4	4	.500	1 1/2
.....	4	4	.500	1 1/2
.....	3	4	.429	2
k	3	7	.300	3 1/2

Western Division

City	5	2	.818	—
.....	5	4	.667	1
a	5	4	.600	1 1/2
.....	4	7	.364	3
a	4	8	.333	3 1/2
.....	3	9	.250	4 1/2

day's game not included.

Sunday's Results

10, Baltimore 2.
ork 7, Detroit 1.
nd 7, Milwaukee 4.
nia 6, Chicago 4.
City 2, Texas 0.
d 4, Minnesota 1 (1st).
d 5, Minnesota 1 (2d).

Monday's Games

ork 12, Boston 1.
at Oakland, n.
ora at California, n.
City at Chicago, n.
ore at Milwaukee, n.

NATIONAL LEAGUE

Eastern Division

	W	L	Pct	GB
.....	7	3	.700	—
h	5	4	.556	1 1/2
s	6	5	.545	1 1/2
hia	5	5	.500	2
k	4	6	.400	3
.....	3	7	.300	4

Western Division

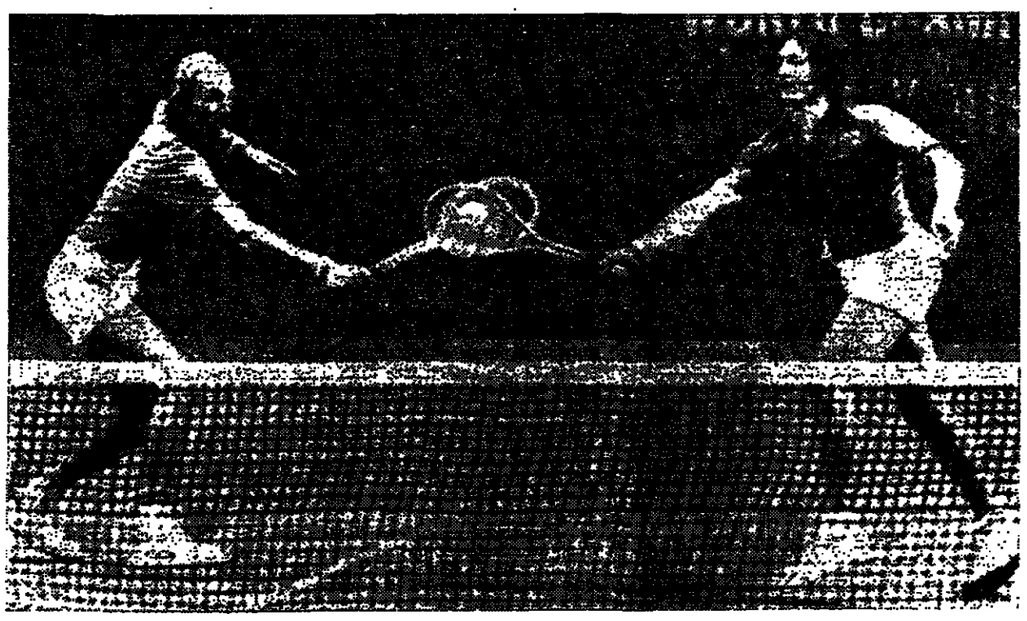
go	6	4	.600	—
ncisco ...	6	5	.545	1/2
eles	7	6	.538	1/2
.....	7	6	.538	1/2
ti	7	7	.500	1
.....	4	9	.308	3 1/2

Sunday's Results

ork 8, Chicago 6 (1st).
ork 4, Chicago 3 (2d).
nati 5, Houston 2 (1st).
n 7, Cincinnati 6 (2d).
a 4, San Diego 3.
rgh 3, St. Louis 0.
rancisco 6, Los Angeles 2.

Monday's Games

ngeles at Atlanta, n.
rancisco at Cincinnati, n.
iego at Houston, n.



AP.

American Bob Lutz returns a shot as teammate Stan Smith backs him up in doubles final against Australians Phil Dent and John Alexander. Americans won, 6-4, 6-7, 6-2, in Tokyo.

NHL Sabres Too Fast for Black Hawks in Playoff

NEW YORK, April 21 (UPI).—Three teams have a chance tomorrow night to clinch a semi-final berth in the National Hockey League's Stanley Cup playoffs.

Skating on enemy ice, the Buffalo Sabres won the fourth game of their best-of-seven series against the Chicago Black Hawks yesterday, with a five-goal rally in the third period. The 6-2 victory was Buffalo's third in the series and the Sabres now have outscored the Black Hawks, 17-9, in the four games.

"We don't quit," Buffalo coach Floyd Smith said after his team broke open a 1-1 game. "To play us, you've got to play 60 minutes. I told them before the third period we had to pick up a stride. I knew we could go just a little bit faster and we did."

The faster pace set up the Sabres for 16 shots, almost one a minute on goalie Tony Esposito.

"Tony has played a helluva couple of games at us," he said. "But we had to keep coming at him and he's only human. You know he's got to give in someplace."

Peter McNab scored after only 30 seconds of the second period to tie the game for the Sabres and Jim Lorentz scored 17 seconds into the third period to start the five-goal surge.

"Lorentz's goal was the big one," Smith said. "It gave us the spark we needed, especially after we had that goal waved off in the second period. The referee said he just couldn't see the puck."

He referred to a goal by Richard Martin which referee Dave Newell canceled because he said the whistle had blown.

Martin, René Robert, Dan Gare and Gil Perreault also scored in the last period for Buffalo.

At New York the Islanders finally won a game from Pittsburgh, 3-1, but the series returns to the Penguins' home ice tomorrow night. Pittsburgh holds a 3-1 edge but the Islanders seem to feel the pressure is all on the Penguins.

Clark Gillies, who got the winning goal before a sold-out crowd of 14,865, said, "We got our game together again. They are expected to win. No one expects anything from us. If we win Tuesday, things could get interesting."

Pittsburgh goalie Gary Inness, whose heroics had led to five straight playoff victories, insisted he felt no pressure but added that the Penguins would have to play better on Tuesday or start to feel tension.

Coach Marc Boileau agreed, saying, "We weren't ready to play. We thought the game was won before it started. I guarantee we'll be ready Tuesday."

Montreal is at home tomorrow night with a chance to wrap up its series against the Vancouver Canucks. Montreal leads, 3-1, and has outscored Vancouver, 15-5.

NHL Playoffs

Sunday's Games

New York 3, Pittsburgh 1 (Parise, St. Laurent, Gillies; Kelly). Penguins lead best-of-7 series, 3-1.

Buffalo 6, Chicago 2 (Perreault, Gare, Martin, Lorentz, McNab, Borel; Russell, Mulvey). Sabres lead best-of-7 series, 3-1.

Qualifying for Olympic Track To Be Harder for '76 Games

NEW YORK, April 21 (UPI).—It will be tougher than ever to get into the Olympics.

The International Amateur Athletic Association announced the qualifying marks for the 1976 Montreal Games following three days of discussion at Nairobi, and the high standards clearly signify: "Freeloaders need not apply . . ."

The 76 standards are so tough for the 31 individual events that had they applied in Munich all but four marks would have been good enough to get the competitor into the final. No qualifying standards are set for the relays, the marathon and walking events.

The sprinters appear to have the toughest time. They have to run a 10.2-second 100 meters, a time which would have won the silver medal in 1972 behind Valery Borsov's winning 10.1.

The United States probably will have no trouble getting three men under 10.2, but it is doubtful that any other country, with the possible exception of the two German teams, will be able to do so.

But it is doubtful that the United States will get three men into the hammer throw where the mark is 226 feet 4 1/2 inches. The Russians should find that easy.

The 1,500 meters calls for a time of 3:40.6, or a 3:57.0 mile, which would have been good for seventh place in Munich. Even in this day of regular sub 4-minute miles, not many teams will get maximum—3—representation.

Dwight Stones, who won the bronze medal as a teen-ager at Munich, has since made the high jump his private preserve, but it still will take a jump of 7 feet 2 inches to qualify, and, outside of the United States and Russia, there will not be many three-man representations.

With Bob Seagren and Steve Smith vaulting for money and East Germany's Wolfgang Nordwig, the 1972 winner, in retirement, there are no consistent 18-footers in the world, so the IAAF decided to lower the standard in the pole vault to 17 feet 3/4 inches.

The 3,000-meter steeplechase has been set at 8:32.0, a time which would have meant a sixth-place finish in the Munich final where Kip Keino, running his first race over the jumps, clocked 8.23.6 for an upset victory.

The women appear to have got off lightly. In only one event, the 200 meters, would the qualifying time of 23.5 seconds have been good enough to place in the top six at Munich where East Germany's Renate Stecher clocked 22.4 seconds to complete the sprint double.

Lord Exeter of Britain, the IAAF president since 1945, and Briton F.W. Holder, the IAAF's secretary and treasurer, said the new standards took into account "the tremendous improvement in performances by international athletes."

Lord Exeter also said the IAAF welcomed China's application to enter the Olympics, but added that China had not yet applied for affiliation to the IAAF. The International Olympic Committee announced last Thursday that the All-China Sports Federation had formally applied for membership.

The IAAF, with headquarters in London, is the largest international amateur sports body in the world, with 150 member federations.

Foolish Pleasure 7-5 Derby Pick

RENO, Nevada, April 21 (AP).—Foolish Pleasure, winner of the Wood Memorial Saturday at Aqueduct race track, was shaved to a 7-5 favorite in the Kentucky Derby future book, an oddsmaker said yesterday.

The Reno Turf Club cut Bombay Duck, runner-up in the Wood, from 20-1 to 12-1.

Foolish Pleasure, the future book favorite all this year, had been 5-2.

Prince Thou Art, set to run in the Blue Grass Stakes next Thursday, remained second choice at 7-1, while Diabolo, winner of Saturday's California Derby at Golden Gate, was cut from 15-1 to 8-1. Master Derby remained at 8-1 and Singh rose from 6-1 to 10-1.

Cleaning House

BALTIMORE, April 21 (AP).—The Baltimore Orioles have dealt catcher Earl Williams back to the Atlanta Braves in exchange for minor-league pitcher Jimmy Freeman and an unspecified amount of cash.

Williams, 26, acquired at a high cost from Atlanta following the 1972 season to supply much-needed batting power, had fallen into disfavor with manager Earl Weaver and had not played this season.

The catcher cleared American League waivers last week, and the trade was made on the same day that catcher Andy Etchebarren was placed on the 15-day disabled list with a fractured bone in his left elbow.

Baltimore still has catchers Ellie Hendricks and Dave Duncan.

To obtain Williams, plus minor-league infielder Taylor Duncan, the Orioles had sent pitchers Pat Dobson and Roric Harrison, catcher Johnny Oates and second baseman Dave Johnson to the Braves.

In 1973, Williams hit 22 homers for the Orioles and drove in 83 runs. Last season, he dipped to 14 homers and 52 RBI and equaled his career batting average of .254.

When the Orioles made their stretch run to win the Eastern Division title, however, Williams spent a lot of time on the bench. His attitude frequently was a target of criticism.

Freeman, 23, a left-hander, was assigned by the Orioles to their Rochester farm club.

Marathon Runner Quenches Victory Thirst

BOSTON, April 21 (AP).—Will Rodgers, a virtual unknown in a field of more than 2,000 starters, pulled away quickly, built up a lead and even stopped three times to quench his thirst today en route to a record-smashing victory in the 79th Boston marathon.

Rodgers, a former Wesleyan track star, took advantage of a brisk tailwind and covered the 26 miles, 385 yards from Hopkinton to Boston in 2 hours 9 minutes 55 seconds.

He shattered the course record of 2:10.20 set on a rainy, chilly day in 1970 by England's Ron Hill. Hill returned for a crack at his record, but was unable to keep up with Rodgers's blistering pace and finished fifth in 2:13.28.

Rodgers, 27, a graduate student at Boston College who wants to work with retarded children after getting his master's degree, was bunched with a group a short distance behind the lead at the first check point, 6 3/4 miles from the start. The time at that stage was 31:55, 29 seconds behind the record.

Then the 125-pounder, his legs churning and his arms swaying in rhythmic fashion, decided to take charge. He moved out with former Canadian champion Jerome Drayton, gradually pulling away from the other challengers.

At the second checking station, 10.4 miles along, Rodgers led by a stride.

Heading downhill after passing Wellesley College, Rodgers began widening his margin. After 17.4 miles, Rodgers, smiling, led by 200 yards.

Drayton stayed close, giving ground grudgingly until the three hills in Newton. Rodgers shocked observers by stopping to accept a cup of water after the first hill. He did it again on the way up Heartbreak Hill, the burying ground of many leaders in the past. Again in the homestretch, he broke stride momentarily to accept another drink.

But by that time, the race was over.

Drayton finally gave up about two miles from the finish and Steve Hoag, a schoolteacher, moved up to take second place in 2:11.54.

Tom Fleming, another schoolteacher, who was runner-up the last two years, closed strongly to finish third in 2:12.05. Tom Howard, the Canadian champion from Vancouver, was fourth in 2:13.23, with Hill right behind. Hill, 36, was not a contender after the early stages of the race, but covered the sun-baked route in a steady pace.

NBA Playoffs

Sunday's Games

Washington 97, Buffalo 93 (Hayes 46, Unseld, Chenier 14; McAdoo 34, Smith 21). Bullets lead best-of-7 series, 3-2.

Chicago 104, KC-Omaha 77 (Love 30, Walker 18; Wedman 13, Archibald 13). Bulls lead best-of-7 series, 3-2.

Sunday's Line Scores

NATIONAL LEAGUE

(First Game)

Chicago	002	030	010	6	11	0
New York	340	010	00x	8	11	0

Reuschel, Wilcox (2), Pralling (4), Locker (5), Zamora (8) and Swisher, Hosley (5); Matlack, Apodaca (8) and Stearns, Grote (8). W—Matlack (1-1). L—Reuschel (1-1). HR—Trillo (2d), Heidemann (1st).

(Second Game)

Chicago	000	000	003	3	8	2
New York	001	012	00x	4	9	1

Hooton, Knowles (7) and Swisher; Tate, Baldwin (8) and Grote. W—Tate (1-0). L—Hooton (0-1). HR—Kingman (4th), Grote (1st).

(First Game)

Houston	100	000	002	3	11	2
Cincinnati	000	010	11x	5	6	1

Dierker, Granger (7), Scherman (8) and May; Darcy, Borbon (8), C. Carroll (8) and Bench. W—C. Carroll (3-2). L—Scherman (0-1). HR—Cedeno (1st), Rose (1st).

(Second Game)

Houston	003	21F	100	7	7	1
Cincinnati	000	020	01X	3	6	3

Richard, Scherman (9), Granger (5) and May; Kirby, Borbon (4), McKinney (6), Carroll (8) and Plummer. W—Richard (1-1). L—Kirby (0-3). HR—Morgan (1st).

San Diego	001	200	000	3	9	2
Atlanta	100	010	002	4	10	0

Siebert, Folkers (6) and Kendall; Niekro, House (9) and Correll. W—House (1-1). L—Folkers (0-2). HR—Winfield (3d), Ivie (2d).

Pittsburgh	040	000	100	5	8	1
St. Louis	000	000	000	0	5	1

Brett, Giusti (7) and Sanguillen; Denny, Garman (6), Brabosky (8) and Simmons. W—Brett (1-0). L—Denny (2-1). HR—Brett (1st).

San Fran.	030	000	000	000	3	5	14
Los Angeles	010	002	000	000	0	3	5

Barr, Moffitt (12) and Hill; Rhoden, Brewer (8), Hough (11), Zahn (13) and Ferguson. W—Moffitt (1-0). L—Zahn (0-1). HR—Cey (3d).

AMERICAN LEAGUE

Baltimore	000	000	101	2	4	0
Boston	310	310	02x	10	11	1

Torrez, Garland (4), Jackson (7) and Duncan; Tiant (2-1) and Montgomery. L—Torrez (1-1). HR—Grich (1st), May (4th).

New York	001	005	020	7	6	0
Detroit	010	000	000	1	3	2

Muy (1-1) and Munson; Ruhle, Walker (8) and Freehan. L—Ruhle (1-1). HR—Bonds (2d), Blomberg (2d).

California	200	100	401	8	10	0
Chicago	000	220	200	4	5	1

Ryan (4-0) and Rodriguez; Cateen, Gossage (8), Forster (8), Cogolewski (8) and Varney. L—Cateen (0-2). HR—Henderson (1st), Orta (1st).

Milwaukee	001	000	030	4	6	4
Cleveland	030	000	20x	7	9	0

Slaton, Rodriguez (7) and Moore; Peterson, Eckersley (8), Laroche (8), Buskey (9) and Ellis. W—Peterson (1-1). L—Slaton (1-2). HR—McCraw (1st), Carty (1st).

Kansas City	020	000	000	2	6	2
Texas	000	000	000	0	6	2

Pitzmorris (3-0) and Martinez; Hargan (1-1) and Sundberg.

(First Game)

Minnesota	000	000	001	1	6	2
Oakland	020	002	00x	4	4	1

Blyleven (2-1) and Borgmann; Abbott (1-0) and Fosse. HR—Darwin (1st).

(Second Game)

Minnesota	000	100	000	1	7	2
Oakland	200	002	10x	3	7	1

Hughes, Campbell (6) and Roof, Borgmann (4); Norris, Hamilton (1), Todd (7) and Tenace, Fosse (8). W—Hamilton (1-0). L—Hughes (0-1).

Major League Leaders

NATIONAL LEAGUE

(Based on 15 at-bats)

	AB	R	H	Pct
Morgan, Cincinnati	48	5	20	.417
Monday, Chicago	36	9	15	.417
Stargell, Pittsburgh	36	6	15	.417
Reitz, St. Louis	42	5	17	.405
Boone, Phila.	33	4	13	.394
Hill, San Francisco	23	2	9	.391
Unser, New York	39	3	15	.385
Murcer, San Fran	42	6	16	.381
Garrett, New York	18	2	6	.375
Mangual, Montana	36	4	13	.361

RUNS—Wynn, LA. 12; Cardenal, Chi., 11; Lose, Cincinnati, 11; Lopes, LA, 11; Madlock, Chi., 10; Cedeno, Houst., 10.

RUNS BATTED IN — Wynn, LA, 15; Evans, Atlanta, 13; Monday, Chi., 11; Morgan, Cincinnati, 10; T. Perez, Cin., 10.

HITS—Rose, Cin., 21; Garvey, LA, 21; Morgan, Cinc., 20; Wynn, LA, 18; Reitz, St. L., 17.

DOUBLES—Monday, Chi., 6; Bench, Cin., 6; Cash, Phila., 5; Wynn, LA, 5.

TRIPLES—R. Andrews, Houst., 2; Garvey, LA, 2; Murcer, SF, 2.

HOME RUNS—Kingman, NY, 4; Luzinski, Phila., 4; Evans, Atlanta, 4; Wynn, LA, 4.

AMERICAN LEAGUE

(Based on 15 at-bats)

	AB	R	H	Pct
Chalk, Calif.	30	4	16	.533
Carew, Minnesota	28	6	13	.464
Lynn, Boston	26	5	11	.423
Munson, New York	35	2	14	.400
White, New York	15	4	6	.400
Rice, Boston	19	3	7	.368
May, Chicago	44	2	16	.364
Yount, Milwaukee	33	6	12	.364

RUNS—Henderson, Chi., 11; Otis, KC, 9; R. Jackson, Oak., 9; Randle, Texas, 9; Evans, Bost., 8; M. Nortlea, Cal., 8; Rivers, Cal., 8; Rudi, Oak., 8.

RUNS BATTED IN—L. May, Balt., 14; Bochte, Cal., 10; Burroughs, Texas, 10; Lynn, Bost., 9; Chalk, Cal., 9; C. May, Chi., 9; McRae, KC, 9; Hisle, Minn., 9.

HITS—Henderson, Chi., 17; Chalk, Cal., 16; C. May, Chi., 16; Rudi, Oak., 16; Rivers, Cal., 16.

DOUBLES—Chalk, Cal., 5; Singleton, Balt., 4; Yastrzemski, Bost., 4; Lezcano, Milw., 4; McRae, KC, 4; Borgmann, Minn., 4; Carew, Minn., 4.

TRIPLES—Evans, Bost., 2; Bochte, Cal., 2; Patek, KC, 2.

HOME RUNS—L. May, Balt., 4; Lynn, Bost., 3; Powell, Cle., 3; Briggs, Mil., 3; R. Jackson, Oak., 3; Burroughs, Tex., 3.

Line Calls, Evert Too Much For King in Final of Tennis

AUSTIN, Texas, April 21 (UPI).—Chris Evert took advantage of a controversial line call to tie the third set, then went on to win a tiebreaker over Billie Jean King yesterday to capture the $50,000 winner's share in the World Series of women's tennis championship.

The money was the most ever awarded in a women's tennis event and Evert pushed her earnings for the year to $183,450 with the 4-6, 6-3, 7-6 victory.

King, leading 6-5 in the third set, stopped play to question a call by linesman Larry Eichenbaum. She said Eichenbaum signaled a ball out of bounds, then changed his call.

"He did put his arm out and I quit," King said.

Evert won the game to tie the match, 6-6, then easily won the tiebreaker, 5-2, as King gave her a 3-0 lead on a double-fault and two shots into the net.

King briefly rallied to 3-2 but then sliced two more errant shots into the net.

"In the tiebreaker, she really didn't play like Billie Jean," Evert said following the match. "She didn't have that spark in her eyes."

"This is the angriest I have ever been in my life over a tennis match," she said. "I'm so mad, I can't see straight.

"The guy just didn't have enough guts to say if he put his arm out or not. I would just kill him if I saw him. I'd wring his neck, I'm that angry."

King received $25,000 as runner-up, the biggest paycheck she has ever won except for her match with Bobby Riggs in the Houston Astrodome.

In a third-place match earlier in the day, Evonne Goolagong, of Australia, defeated Olga Morozova of the Soviet Union, 2-6, 6-3, 6-3 for the $15,000 consolation prize. Morozova took home $10,000 just for competing in the four-woman championship. King eliminated Goolagong from the championship Saturday, 6-1, 6-3 and Evert ousted Morozova 6-4, 6-0.

Connors Wins

DENVER, April 21 (UPI).—Jimmy Connors completed a successful debut in World Championship Tennis yesterday by beating sixth-seeded Brian Gottfried, 6-3, 6-4, to win the title in the $60,000 blue group tournament.

Connors, who entered the tournament as a warm-up for his $250,000 April 26 challenge match with John Newcombe at Las Vegas, took home $13,000 for his efforts. Gottfried, playing in a WCT final for the first time in two years, earned $6,000.

McGee Wins

PENSACOLA, Fla., April 21 (AP).—Jerry McGee, recovering from a poor opening nine holes, finished with a closing-round 70 yesterday for the first tour victory of his career, winning the $125,000 Pensacola Open Golf tournament.

McGee, a 31-year-old with a chronic back ailment, had fallen three shots behind second-year pro Wally Armstrong at the turn, but strung together three straight birdies beginning with No. 10 and pushed himself into a two-shot cushion on the par-3 16th with another birdie. He totaled 271 for the four rounds.

Female Palmer Adds to Riches In Golf Event

PALM SPRING, Calif., April 21 (UPI).—Sandra Palmer won the biggest prize in women's golf by carding a 1-over-par 73 yesterday in the final round of the $200,000 Colgate-Dinah Shore Winner's Circle LPGA championship. She finished one stroke ahead of Kathy McMullen.

Palmer had a 72-hole total of 283, 5 under par, on the sun-baked Mission Hills Country Club course. McMullen, with a last-day 71, wound up at 284, three shots better than Chako Higuchi, Carole Jo Skala and Carol Mann, who tied for third.

Palmer, no relation to Arnold, ranked fifth on the Ladies Professional Golfers Association money list with $54,873 last year.

Vilas Shows Improvement

BUENOS AIRES, April 21 (Reuters).—Argentine tennis star Guillermo Vilas made a successful return after a four-month absence from competition with a stomach ailment when he won the River Plate championship here yesterday. Vilas, winner of last year's Masters' Grand Prix title, defeated American Clark Graebner, 6-2, 6-1, 6-4 in the final here.

The victory ended a hectic week for Connors. He was forced to post a $12,000 bond because promoters were afraid he would withdraw from the tournament after playing a few matches in order to avoid meeting some of the top competition in the tournament and taking some of the glamor off his match with Newcombe.

Smith Bows Again

TOKYO, April 20 (Reuters).—Bob Lutz won a World Championship Tennis tournament here today by defeating fellow-American Stan Smith, 6-4, 7-5. It was the first victory for Lutz in WCT competition this season and it was the third defeat in a final for Smith.

Olympic Tennis?

MUNICH, April 20 (AP).—The management committee of the International Tennis Federation decided here yesterday to renew its efforts to have tennis again included in the Olympic program.

ILTF president Walter Elcock of the United States said after the meeting that he would discuss the subject next month with Lord Killanin, president of the International Olympic Committee.

Tennis was thrown out of the Olympics after the 1924 Games. Since then, several attempts have been made to reinstate the sport in the Olympic program but they were all turned down by the IOC.

Nuggets Triumph In Opening Game Of ABA Series

DENVER, April 21 (UPI).—Mike Green scored six straight points midway through the fourth quarter last night to stop an Indiana rally and lift the Denver Nuggets to a 131-128 victory in the opening game of the American Basketball Association Western Division finals despite the efforts of George McGinnis.

McGinnis had 39 points, 21 rebounds and eight assists and teammate Billy Knight scored 26 and had 13 rebounds.

Green wound up with 17 points and 13 rebounds while Ralph Simpson had 29 and Dave Robisch had 29. Mack Calvin had 22 points and nine assists.

The Nuggets ran off nine straight points to open the second quarter—the first five by Simpson—and stretched a 34-29 first-period lead into an 18-point margin late in the first half before Indiana came back with 11 straight and cut the lead to just seven at the midway point.

U.S. Bows in Soccer

HAMILTON, Bermuda, April 21 (UPI).—Bermuda recovered from an early deficit to register a 3-2 victory over the United States in the first leg of their Olympic Games soccer qualifying round at the National Stadium yesterday. The second leg of the match will be played in San Francisco next Sunday.

INTERNATIONAL
Herald Tribune
Published with The New York Times and The Washington Post

Be a
NEW SUBSCRIBER
...and
SAVE UP TO
46%
of the newsstand price
(Depending on your country of residence)

International Herald Tribune newsstand prices are always much higher than subscription rates. So when you take advantage of the Introductory 25% Discount on a 6-month subscription, you find that, compared to what you have been paying at the newsstand, you save as much as 46%. After the specific introductory period chosen, regular renewal rates will be applied.

Please send the newspaper by mail for ☐ 3 months ☐ 6 months
(Savings up to 46% of the newsstand price)

	3 Mos.	6 Mos.		3 Mos.	6 Mos.
Austria (air)	Sch. 473.00	870.00	Luxembourg	L.Fr. 975.00	1,725.00
Belgium	B.Fr. 975.00	1,725.00	Netherlands	Fl. 65.00	120.00
Denmark (air)	D.Kr. 147.00	270.00	Norway (air)	N.Kr. 135.00	244.00
France	F.F. 94.00	169.00	Portugal (air)	Esc. 563.00	1,069.00
Germany (air)	D.M. 62.00	114.00	Spain (air)	Ptas. 1,350.00	2,480.00
Great Britain	£ 5.90	10.90	Sweden (air)	S.Kr. 102.00	197.00
Greece (air)	Dr. 735.00	1,350.00	Switzerland	S.Fr. 74.00	135.00
Ireland	£ 5.80	10.90	Turkey (air)	$ 23.50	43.50
Italy	Lire 14,600.00	27,000.00	Libya (air)	$ 37.50	70.00
Africa, French Community (air)	$ 31.50	60.00	Madagascar (air)	$ 43.00	79.50
Africa, South (air)	$ 49.50	91.50	Mexico (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
Algeria, Tunisia			Nigeria (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
Morocco (air)	$ 28.00	52.00	Pakistan (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
Canada (air)	$ 49.50	91.50	Persian Gulf (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
India (air)	$ 49.50	91.50	Saudi Arabia (air)	$ 37.50	70.00
Iran, Iraq (air)	$ 37.50	70.00	Sierra Leone (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
Israel (air)	$ 37.50	70.00	S. America (air)	$ 49.50	91.50
Japan, Korea (air)	$ 60.00	112.00	U.A.R. (air)	$ 37.50	70.00
Lebanon (air)	$ 37.50	70.00	U.S.A. (air)	$ 43.00	79.50
			EUROPEAN COUNTRIES (air)	$ 23.50	43.50

NAME 22-4-75

ADDRESS .....

.....

IMPORTANT: PAYMENT MUST BE ENCLOSED WITH ORDER to: International Herald Tribune, 21 Rue de Berri, 75382-PARIS, Cedex 08, France. For accounting purposes, Pro-forma invoices are available on request.

THIS OFFER FOR FIRST-TIME SUBSCRIBERS

Art Buchwald

Détente With Vietnam

WASHINGTON.—Will the United States survive the loss of Indochina? If past experience is any proof, the answer is "yes." For a year or two, or maybe three, there will be much soul-searching as to why Cambodia and South Vietnam went down the drain and a lot of finger pointing by everyone. But then, after a period of bitter silence, this is what will probably happen.


Buchwald

The People's Republic of Vietnam will start a ping-pong team. A small item about the team beating the People's Republic of China will appear in a newspaper in College Park, Md. This will give the University of Maryland a brilliant idea. Why not invite the People's Republic of Vietnam's ping-pong team to play against the best ping-pong team the Americans can muster?

The State Department is furious about the idea and reminds the students that we have no diplomatic relations with the People's Republic of Vietnam. But secretly they're intrigued with the idea. The secretary of state suggests the American cultural attaché in Paris feel out the People's Republic about a match. The answer comes back that the People's Republic will not send a team to the United States but is willing to play the Americans in Hanoi.

* * *

A mixed team consisting of half American students and half CIA agents is sent to Hanoi and is fiercely trounced by the Vietnamese. This gives the Americans an opportunity to invite the Vietnamese to the United States. When they arrive in Maryland with their team consisting of half Viet Cong students and half political commissars, a secret meeting is arranged between the secretary of state and the coach of the ping-pong team who is really deputy secretary of the Vietnamese Communist party.

* * *

The coach suggests that the secretary of state make a secret trip to Hanoi and visit with Gen. Giap, the President of the country. The secretary agrees and flies to Pakistan, where he announces that he has a bad stomach and will be out of action for a few days.

But instead he boards a plane and flies into Hanoi, where he is given a state dinner and toasts the friendship of the American people and the People's Republic of Vietnam.

The secretary then flies directly back to Washington to report to the President that Gen. Giap would like him and his lovely wife to visit Vietnam, something no American president has dared do since Thieu was driven from the mainland.

The U.S. President accepts the invitation and in four months the American people watch on satellite TV a grand banquet in the Haiphong Hall of Heroes, where the U.S. President and the Vietnamese President pledge friendship and peace and sign a trade and cultural pact.

* * *

In no time at all every newspaperman worth his salt visits Vietnam and writes back glowing reports on how clean the streets are, how hard the Vietnamese people work and the fact that there is no tipping in the country.

The Vietnamese send us the famous Ho Chi Minh Ballet Theater and we send them Shirley MacLaine, Pepsi-Cola announces that it has made a deal to sell Pepsi in Vietnam, and IBM announces it will soon start repairing all the computers that broke down right after the war.

Then President Giap will be invited to Washington and there will be Vietnamese flags all along Pennsylvania Avenue and flying from the White House.

Eventually there will be few people who will remember that we were once at war in Indochina. The only time it will even come up is when a former president of South Vietnam dies in Switzerland, and the President decides to send Agriculture Secretary Earl Butz to his funeral.

Three N.Y. Dance Companies Buy A Theater

NEW YORK, April 21 (UPI).—Three dance companies which perform at City Center have signed a contract for the purchase of the Manhattan Opera House and announced plans for a $10-million renovation to make it "the greatest dance theater in the world."

The companies are the American Ballet Theater, the Alvin Ailey City Center Dance Theater and the City Center Joffrey Ballet.

A spokesman for the companies said that they took action to buy the theater, built by Oscar Hammerstein in 1906, to provide a third alternative to the New York State Theater and the Metropolitan Opera House.

They project the image of playboys rather than industrial tycoons, and indeed the industrial power that once was held by this élite has been drastically reduced since World War II.

The Retreat of Mighty German Industrialists

By Paul Kemezis

DUSSELDORF (NYT).—The wealthy élite of this industrial capital of the Rhine gather in the cafés and restaurants along the Königsallee to watch each other and to talk about their private art collections, private hunting reserves and villas.

They project the image of playboys rather than industrial tycoons, and indeed the industrial power that once was held by this élite has been drastically reduced since World War II.

Clans like the Krupps, the Thyssens and the Henschels, who dominated German industry from headquarters in Dusseldorf and the nearby Ruhr coal and steel basin, are no longer active business managers.

The last Krupp heir, Arndt von Bohlen und Halbach, 37 years old, retired in 1967 to Munich and Morocco on an $800,000 pension to enjoy his fleet of yachts and the family collection of old masters. The last active Thyssen, Heinrich Thyssen-Bornemisza, runs his Dutch-based investment group from Lugano, Switzerland, where the family villa is also studded with precious art works.

Heirs, Taxes, Fears

The proliferation of heirs, harsher taxes, increased capital demands and fears of growing employee control in West German concerns have not only driven most of the old industrial families from direction of their once-mighty combines built on coal, steel, guns and locomotives but have also limited West Germany's postwar generation of empire builders to fields such as department stores, tourist bureaus and food chains.

Recently the battlefront in this slow retreat from power has centered on Daimler-Benz, the prestige-laden Stuttgart auto company that produces the Mercedes-Benz. Since December two of the last powerful industrial families, the Flicks of Dusseldorf and the Quandts of Bad Homburg, near Frankfurt, have sold large blocks of Daimler stock.

The Flicks sold a 29-per-cent share to the giant Deutsche Bank of Frankfurt for a figure put at $800 million, fending off a rumored bid from the Shah of Iran.

Clan's Founder

The clan's legendary founder, Friedrich Flick, who died in 1972 at the age of 89, bought into Daimler in the 1950s, one of his many spectacular investment coups that stretched back to World War I. He built a steel empire in the twenties, lost much of it in World War II and emerged from an Allied prison to construct a second empire in autos, paper, plastics, gunpowder and a highly successful tank, the Leopard.

Soon after the Daimler deal three grandchildren on one side of the Flick family sold their share of the business for an undisclosed amount, thought to be more than $500 million, to their uncle, Friedrich Karl Flick, 47. This left him in control of a reduced but still vast domain of close to 100 concerns employing 67,000 and estimated to be worth $2 billion.

One of the sellers, Countess Dagmar Vitzthum, 27, seems to have renounced business activity for her art interests. Her two brothers, Gert Rudolph Flick, 31, and Friedrich Christian Flick, 30, seem determined to shake playboy reputations.

Remain Active

"We are not going private either in the Bahamas or elsewhere," Friedrich Christian told an interviewer recently, "but we will remain active as entrepreneurs in Germany. If we had wanted to become playboys, we had enough money to do it long ago."

At the inconspicuous three-story Flick headquarters in a quiet section of Dusseldorf, a top manager, Eberhard von Brauchitsch, asserted that the group was stronger than ever, with consolidated leadership, and that the days of private industrial power were far from numbered.

"We can act quicker than a stockholder-owned group," he said, "and we're more aware of risks. If we make a mistake, it's Mr. Flick's money we lose."

The Daimler sale was considered a master stroke by Dusseldorf businessmen, although too reminiscent of the methods of the elder Flick, who in 1931 unloaded a giant steel concern on the government at a large profit after stirring rumors that foreign investors, at that time French, were trying to take it over.

Few insiders believe that Friedrich Karl Flick, a shy person long overshadowed by his domineering father, is the real force in the group. How long he will keep active control alongside his energetic team of managers is as much a question as is the seriousness of the younger Flicks' intentions to remain active businessmen.

Background

The story behind the Quandts, who sold a 14-per-cent share in Daimler in December to Kuwait for $400 million, is a little more clear.

When Günther Quandt, a contemporary of Friedrich Flick, died in 1954, his sons, Herbert and Harald, took over joint leadership of his auto, battery and engineering empire. Then Harald Quandt, a lover of expensive gadgets and an experienced pilot, died in a 1967 plane crash on a trip to the Riviera, leaving his part of the fortune to his wife, Inga, and five daughters.

Inga Quandt, with little interest in business activity, made a settlement with her brother-in-law in 1970 under which she took the more passive share of family investments, including most of the Daimler stock. This year she cashed in her Daimler holdings, presumably to divide up the money among her daughters, now grown.

Herbert Quandt, a vigorous businessman at 69 despite near blindness, directs his group from a low, modern office block set on the slopes of the Taunus Mountains in the old spa of Bad Homburg. He is thought to have used his share of the Daimler sale to consolidate debts.

The jewel in the Quandt crown is the Bayerische Motoren-Werke (BMW), the Munich car and motorcycle concern, which is about 65 per cent owned by Mr. Quandt, who is also chairman of its supervisory board, having revived it in the early 1960s. If, as rumor suggests, it is also a candidate for sale, the retreat of West Germany's rich families from power would begin to resemble a rout.

Third Family

A third once-mighty family that is losing its industrial power is the Haniel clan of the Ruhr. Its main bastion for 50 years has been Gutehoffnungshütte, a metal and engineering company with the same prestige as Daimler-Benz.

Because of inheritance settlements and capital expansion, the family's share has dropped from 60 per cent to 20 per cent since 1970, with effective ownership passing to an insurance company and the giant Commerzbank of Frankfurt. As with the Deutsche Bank's purchase of the Daimler shares, the Commerzbank's role is believed to represent a defensive move against investors with oil money.

While banks and foreign investors seem to be filling the gap left by the retreating families, the destination of the families' wealth is a question. There is a widespread feeling in German financial circles that much of it is heading toward the United States, which many wealthy Germans consider the best long-term investment haven.

PEOPLE: *Nixon Credits Wife For Saving His Life*

In a magazine interview, former President Richard Nixon credits his wife Pat for saving his life when he was ill last October. Mrs. Nixon credits God and the doctors. In the interview, published by McCall's magazine in its May issue, Nixon said, "When I came out of shock, and I'm told I was more dead than alive, Pat was there . . ." Nixon was hospitalized Oct. 23, 1974, for treatment of phlebitis. A blood clot was discovered in his left leg and he had surgery Oct. 29, going into shock after the operation. "In the weeks after that," he says in McCall's, "if it hadn't been for her, I might not have survived. I think it's her immense capacity of comfort and courage that pulled me through." Pat Nixon is quoted as saying, "Except for the grace of God and the doctors, he would have died."


J. Paul Get...
...go

* * *

"I'm dumbfounded that I'm working again," declared Joel McCrea, 69, after 13 years away from films. "I don't need the exposure," he told Bob Thomas of the Associated Press, "and I don't need the money. Money isn't important—as long as you have it." He is starring in "Mustang Country," written, directed and produced by John Champion. McCrea decided to make the film because it was the first one offered to him in several years that was acceptable to him. "I'm not really in tune with the kind of pictures that are being made today . . . I think the picture business has become too tied up with sex, pornography and violence. Not that I'm prudish about it. I just feel that such things have gotten movies too far away from their primary purpose: to entertain."

* * *

Actress Rosalind Russell, 61, was discharged from a Los Angeles medical center this weekend. She had been admitted on April 9 with pneumonia.

* * *

Claiming to be "the first witch to go on trial for my beliefs in 300 years, Zsuzsanna Budapest insisted on a jury trial when she was charged with telling fortunes. The jury was unmoved by fears of hexes, evil spells and Miss Budapest's promise to make "the trial go away." She was fined $300—and must pay it, or spend 15 days in jail. A Hungarian refugee, Miss Budapest was charged with infringing the Los Angeles ordinance making fortune-telling a misdemeanor, except when done by a religious leader. She said she was a religious leader because she was the high priestess of a coven.

* * *

Several women—including an Englishwoman—have responded to a U.S. lay preacher's newspaper ad offering up to $10,000 to anyone who will bear his baby by artificial insemina[...] turn the child over to [...] said they would do it [...] The man, who placed [...] the San Francisco Chro[...] ed that his name not [...] He said he was the l[...] family line and wanted [...] so his family would n[...] —his wife cannot have [...] "I'm a very moral man [...] the Associated Press. [...] want to meet the woma[...] face, much less have se[...] tions with her."

* * *

Oil billionaire J. P[...] said this weekend in Lo[...] he is going home to t[...] States for something [...] his money can't buy in [...] —good weather. Getty [...] newsmen that the Engl[...] bothers him more th[...] taxes in Britain. "Bus[...] mitting," he expects to [...] his 63-acre property h[...] Calif., within the year. [...] news conference was [...] announce that Getty wi[...] $50,000 award, the seco[...] individual who does the [...] animal conservation [...] Prince Bernhard of the [...] lands heads the jury [...] select a winner.

* * *

General of the Arm[...] Bradley, 82, the only li[...] five-star general, has [...] charged from UCLA [...] Center in Los Angeles. [...] been hospitalized since [...] ing a stroke March 17. [...] tal spokesman said he [...] recuperating at home.

* * *

The world's longest-[...] heart transplant patient [...] ed her sixth anniversary [...] new heart last week. [...] Fisher, 44, returned to [...] Schuur Hospital in Ca[...] to thank her doctor, C[...] Barnard, whom she calls [...]

—SAMUEL JUS[...]

CLASSIFIED ADVERTISEMENTS

AMERICA CALLING

MESSAGES, APRIL 22, 1975

AWS03BC	JPS52AA	RHM51BF
EWT04KG	MHS05PA	RJE52LL
GLP05AA		TAT03HB

MESSAGES, APRIL 21, 1975

AEB04EG	HMP02AX	NGP52BN
CGB51AE	JSM05ZC	RJT08DD
GRS04LN	MJE10VR	SKD08LS
HLD51CC	MSS50CM	SVP01NP

ANNOUNCEMENTS

DISCOUNT up to 35% on PERFUMES, GIFTS at EIFFEL SHOPPING, two convenient locations, 1st across Hilton Eiffel Tower, 9 Ave Suffren. 2nd next to Concorde-Lafayette Meridien - Paris Air Terminal, Porte Maillot. Free cognac with this ad.

ALL CURRENT U.S. BOOKS—200,000 titles—now at U.S. prices! Plus full Sun. N.Y. Times by jet! The Country 2e Helmersstraat 28, Amsterdam. Tel. (0) 20-123458

FRANK SINATRA CONCERT, May 29 exclusive, 6 seat box. Superior position. Offers & tel. number to Box 0196, IHT, 28 Great Queen St., London, WC2B 5BB

PHOTOGRAPHY laboratory darkroom hire by hour. Paris, 335-08-91.

S.O.S. HELP: Volunteer listeners needed. Training given. Call: Paris 723-43-54

WINE CHEESE party Apr. 24. Tel Paris 535-42-85 after 5 p m

PERSONALS

MY PRINCE CHARMING. Happy birthday darling

SHOPPING

ANTARTEX SHEEPSKIN COATS in London, from Donald Macdonald (Antartex) Ltd., 143 Knightsbridge, S.W.1., 584 8410 Scotland: 17 Queen St. Edinburgh: 225 3181 & factory shop by Loch Lomond: Alexandria 52393 Personal sales or mail order (Catalogue on request.)

SERVICES

FINNISH SAUNA, vapor bath, sunray treatment, pleasant surroundings, HYGEIA, London. — Tel.: 01-834-34-38

U.S. INCOME TAX and State. Year round service U.S. TAX ASSOCIATES Paris: 577-76-93

EDUCATION

You have a date with us TO SPEAK FRENCH!

"Rendez-vous en France"
An audiovisual course with fun
Call us for a free trial
PARIS (8e): ELYSEES LANGUES. 359-35-44.
SUBURB: OUEST LANGUES, Vaucresson. 970-10-09.
Boulogne, Pt de Sèvres. 825-09-22.

PREPARE AT HOME with our unique and revolutionary EEC method of INTERNATIONAL (English, French, German) shorthand. You can become an expert INTERNATIONAL shorthand teacher, stenographer or secretary. Particulars from: INTERNATIONAL SHORTHAND INSTITUTE, Rue du Congrès 33, 1000 BRUSSELS

FRENCH TEACHER, 20 years experience. Private lessons in your home. Call Paris 793-43-66

YOGA AT HOME, private / group. Pine teacher Paris 874-81-81, ext. 38.

FRENCH LESSONS. Private, classes. Call Paris 337-58-81

FRENCH diction and conversation. Tel.: Paris, 306-19-11.

ESSENTIAL FRENCH by Parisian specialist, 076-50-96, 8 p.m. on.

CAR RENTALS

SPECIAL PRICES for long periods & weekends. Free delivery Paris & airports. All types of cars available SNAC Paris-16e Tel 533-33-99

CAR SHIPPING

WHY PAY MORE? CARGO Intl., 28 Ave Opéra Paris Tel 742-58-36.

TRANSCAR SHIPPING, 10 R. Pergolèse, Paris-16e, Tel.: 704-42-34/82-58.

AUTOMOBILES

LINCOLN LIMOUSINE, 8 passenger, 1973 model, 7,000 miles, U.S. registration, located Zurich. Call: London, 01-828-0125, business hours.

FOR SALE: PEUGEOT 504, WAGON, 73, A.C. U.S. specifications, grey, excellent. Tel.: Athens, 6722383.

TAX-FREE CARS

A.I.C.I. TAX-FREE CARS
All European makes European-Canadian and U.S specs. The shortest delivery in Europe Rue Bonneels, 15, 1040-Brussels, Tel: 219-30-63. Telex: Amicar 23734.

MOVING

ARTHUR PIERRE
THE PROFESSIONAL MOVERS
Phone: • Paris 969.88.95.
• Brussels: (02) 687.78.10.
• Antwerp: (031) 41 68.60.

ALLIED VAN LINES INT'L
Desbordes maker moving easier. Call Mr McBain, 33 Bd Henry-IV, Paris. 887-57-40 272-30-58. 272-35-16.

WHY PAY MORE? CARGO Intl., 28 Ave. Opéra, Paris, Tel.: 742-58-36

BAGGAGE SHIPPING

WHY PAY MORE? CARGO Intl. 28 Ave. Opéra, Paris Tel.: 742-58-36

DIAMONDS

BUY DIAMONDS
At below wholesale prices from the diamond center of the world. Quality diamonds guaranteed by certificate. Compare our prices first. Write for free brochure or visit us. INTERNATIONAL DIAMOND SALES, Diamond Bourse, 51 Hovenierstraat, 2000 ANTWERP, BELGIUM. Tel.: 031-31.93.05.

DIAMOND INVESTMENT from the factory. We have a diamond investment plan Save 50%. SIDIAM Investment S.P.R.L. 1509 Centre Intl. Rogier, 1000-Brussels, Tel.: 02/218 28.83. Factory Sales Showroom 29 Lange Herentalsestraat 2000-Antwerp Tel.: 031/33 13.62

HOTELS-RESTAURANTS NIGHT CLUBS

FRANCE

RESIDENCE ETATS - UNIS****NN. 17 Rue de Turin, 8e. Rooms, $20-25 Studios/kitch on request. 387-58-50

PORTUGAL

ALBUFEIRA—ALGARVE—HOTEL DA BALAIA*****. Also conference facilities Telex: 18288 Balaia-P

HOLIDAYS & TRAVEL

OVERLAND NAIROBI / JOHANNESBURG, £365, Aug. 23 & Nov. 8. Trans-African Expeditions, 62 Oxford St., London, W.1 01-637 5916.

CHARTER A YACHT IN GREECE DIRECT from owner of a fleet. VALEF, A Themistocleous 14 Piraeus. Tel.: 4529572 telex 212000

SCHEDULED AIRLINES

LOW COST FLIGHTS TO LONDON. Daily service by regular airline. Book now. Phone: DAN-AIR Paris. Reservations: 203-46-00, or write: 118-130 Av. Jean-Jaurès, 75019 Paris.

LOW COST FLIGHTS

The International Herald Tribune cannot vouch for the reliability of the low cost flights advertised below

AIR CHARTER SERVICE ACGIS (Since 1969). 5 Rue d'Artois, Paris-8e, 1 floor up — 523-02-15 & 523-02-18.

WHEN FLYING contact Miss Ingrid Wehr for low cost fares to U.S.A., Australia, Africa and Far East by scheduled carrier. Also selected destinations of Europe. Mayfair Travel (Airline Agent) 31-32 Haymarket, London, S.W.1. Tel. 01 839 1681 (4 lines) Telex. 916167

FLY ITSA, 87 Regent St., London, W.1 Tel.: 734 2924. 383 Keizersgracht. Tel. Amsterdam, 255711

WORLDWIDE DESTINATIONS. BRUSSELS ISTC, Bld. Bischoffsheim, 41, Tel.: 218 4550. AMSTERDAM: CTC Keizersgracht 168 Tel.: 22 66 23.

OFFICE SERVICES

YOUR OFFICE in PARIS

IBOS
15 Avenue Victor-Hugo
75116 Paris. Tel.: 553-97-89
Telex: 62893 F ibos

- Fully equipped executive offices for daily or monthly rental
- Multilingual secretaries hourly.
- Accommodation address facilities with mailbox, phone and telex.
- Mail, messages, orders taken and forwarded.

ANSWERING SERVICE
P.A.T. your private phone, secretary, TELEX, errands. American TAS system. 24-hour service Call: 609-15-15

YOUR OFFICE ATHENS
Executive Services, Athens Tower B. Tel.: 7783 698 Telex: 214 227.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

GENEVA
Full Service is our Business

- Law and taxation.
- Mailbox, telephone and telex services.
- Translations and secretarial services.
- Executive offices and conference rooms for short or long-term rentals.
- Formation, domiciliation and administration of Swiss and foreign companies.

Full confidence and discretion assured.

Business Advisory Services
3 Rue Pierre-Fatio, CH-1204 Geneva In the banking center. Tel.: 36-05-40. Telex: 23342.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

INTERNAT, West Germany, 4 Duesseldorf 30, Rosenstrasse 33. Phone: 48 71 28. Telex: 8 584 658. EURO CENTER, Netherlands, Amsterdam 1002, Keizersgracht 98. Phone: 020-64 875. Telex: 16 183.
Offer:
- Complete management services;
- Accommodation and auxiliary services;
- at moderate costs.

Please write for further details.

GOLD PROPERTY — INVESTMENT OPPORTUNITY AVAILABLE. Land with visible gold showings. Interested investors with $25,000 minimum. Contact: Thomas J. Haas, President, Haas-Warner Mining Corporation, 31 Friends Avenue, Haddonfield, New Jersey 08033, U.S.A., or phone: (609) 235-7110.

REAL ESTATE TO LET, SHARE

PARIS AREA FURNISHED

16th Ave. Franchet - d'Esperey: High-class apartment, large double living + 2 bedrooms, garage. Fr. 4,150, charges included. Free end of June. Tel.: 265-51-45, or 265-56-65.

ETOILE SPLENDID DOUBLE LIVING, 2 bedrooms, kitchen, bath, PHONE, carpets, SUMPTUOUS STYLE FURNITURE. Fr. 3,500 net. Telephone: 280-20-42.

16th, AUTEUIL: Top floor, sunny, view, 3 rooms, kitchen, bathroom, carpeting, closets, central heating, phone, TV. Fr. 1,560 net. No agents. Call: 553-40-93.

BOULOGNE: Residential, very sunny, view exceptional, sumptuous 3-4-room apartment, kitchen, bath, phone, carpeting, garage. Fr. 1,800. Tel.: 754-38-17.

BOULOGNE: Woods, 150 sq.m. apartment, very high class, carpets, phone, parking Fr. 4,700, charges included. Tel.: 225-78-41.

7th: High class Living + 3 bedrooms, 2 baths, well furnished, sunny, phone. Fr 3,800 + charges. Tel.: 222-07-62.

ECOLE MILITAIRE: New double studio, fully equipped. Linen, etc Central heating, tel. Fr. 980. Apply direct: Sindery, 19 R. Duvivier, 7e

EXELMANS: Owner rents smart furnished flat, double living + 1 bedroom, phone, comfort, ideal for couple. Fr. 1,400 net. 532-66-42.

PRIVATE LETS 2-room apartment. Fr. 800, July-August. Longnvosne, 64 Ave. J.-Moulin, 14e. 277-83-45.

7th, ST.-DOMINIQUE: Large 2 rooms, bath, free immediately. Fr. 1,000. Tel: 551-46-72

NEAR BLD. HAUSSMANN: 2 rooms. Furnished. Fr. 1,200. 924-92-45.

NO AGENT: Huge luxury flat for 1-4 months. $950. No bills 887-76-56

RENT my comfortable Latin Quarter studio June through Sept. Tel: 325-08-91.

STUDIOS, 2, 3, 4-room flats to let Call. 773-03-60

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

ON ESPLANADE DES INVALIDES
IN SMALL BUILDING, LUXURIOUS MAGNIFICENT APARTMENT UNOBSTRUCTABLE VIEW 200 sq.m. 6th FLOOR. SUPERB RECEPTION + 2 OR 3 BEDROOMS, 2 OR 3 BATHROOMS. 3 W.C.s, EQUIPPED KITCHEN 2 TELEPHONES 3 GARAGES Fr 12,000 + CHARGES Choice of Fittings
ESNAULT - 266-39-40

5th: Duplex, 100 sq.m., terrace, view of Notre-Dame, 3 rooms, Tel.: 325-31-07.

REAL ESTATE TO LET, SHARE

PARIS AREA UNFURNISHED

7th CHAMP DE MARS Superb 2 rooms, high floor, sunny, all comfort. Fr 1,900, charges included. Tel.: 265-51-45 or 265-56-65.

TERRACE FACING SOUTH ON CHAMP-DE-MARS
EXCEPTIONALLY DECORATED. 290 sq.m., high class, triple reception + 4 bedrooms, 3 baths. SOLE AGENTS SAINT-PIERRE. Tel.: 359-33-40.

ST.-CLOUD Exceptional. Unobstructed view. 10 min. from station. 6-room apartment, 2 baths, impeccable. High class. Fr 4,500 Call: 265-51-45 or 265-56-65.

5th: BUILDING, CHARACTER, charming 3 rooms, Tel.: 325-21-07.

NEAR AVENUE FOCH: Modern 6-room apartment on 7th floor, on garden, phone. Fr. 4,500, Tel.: 704-63-51.

MAURICE-BARRES: 1,105 sq.m. New building, luxurious double living + bedroom. Fr. 4,000, Telephone: 642-68-20

NEUILLY: New living, 2 bedrooms, garage, phone. Fr. 2,000, charges included. Tel.: 265-97-38.

16th: 60 sq.m., Living + bedroom, bath, kitchen, phone, impeccable condition. 073-98-15.

FRENCH PROVINCES

French Riviera, in Vence
An internationally FAMOUS small town near CANNES, ANTIBES and NICE. LUXURY flats for sale in a new EXCLUSIVE RESIDENTIAL development BREATHTAKING view. 1, 2 and 3 bedrooms. Some OUTSTANDING PENTHOUSES. Also a few flats for immediate occupancy near the center of the town. Direct sales by reputable developer: LEGASTELOIS - BP 32 - 06140 VENCE. Phone: 58-01-01.

TOURAINE: Farmhouse, central heat, furnished: private. $150 month. Smith Marcay. 37-Chinon.

CAP D'ANTIBES: 6-room villa, class, swimming pool, garden, September. $2,150. Tel : Paris, 227-42-81, office.

GREAT BRITAIN

GERRARDS CROSS: 30 min. London or Heathrow. U.S. school bus. 1 2 acre garden. Private road in exclusive park Modern high specification house. 4 beds, 3 receptions, unfurnished, all carpets, drapes. Lease period to suit tenant. $900 monthly. Chalfont St. Giles. Tel.: (02407) 2031

DELUXE SERVICE APARTMENTS Kensington Short/long stay "Number One" 1 Barrington Gdns SW7 01 370-4044/8

LUXURY SERVICED FLATS from $160 weekly Mr. Page, 76 Redcliffe Sq., London, SW10. 01.373 3453.

GREECE

PAROS ISLAND: Fully equipped cottage in secluded bay, sleeps 4-5. May, June, Sept., Oct., from $35 per week. Kidel, Naousa, Paros Cyclades.

ITALY

SARDINIA — COSTA SMERALDA — Cala Di Volpe House for 2 weeks or more in May, June & July 1975. Sleeps 10 comfortably. Heated swimming pool, car provided, housekeeper living in, overlooks sea, 5 min walk to beach, very near 18 hole golf course. Rent depending on time of year but between £250 & £350 per week. Letters to: Box 0194, IHT, 28 Great Queen St., London, WC2B 5BB.

REAL ESTATE TO LET, SHARE

SPAIN

FOR RENT
Offices (2) on temporary basis. Receptionist, telephones, telex. Excellent area, Madrid. Write: Herald, Box 441, Pza. C. Suchil 7, Madrid 15.

IBIZA: House with character, 6,000 sq.m. land, 6 bedrooms, 3 bathrooms, 3 kms. from the sea. Several possibilities. Tel.: Paris, 325-30-08.

U.S.A.

U.S.A. SUMMER CONN. Treetop house in private 2,000 acre club with 3 tennis courts, 3 lakes: day program for children. 3 bedrooms, 1 1/2 hrs. N.Y.C. $1,500/month. Tel.: Grenoble, 87 34 21.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

PARIS AND SUBURBS

GARCHES, near GOLF: American, German School of Paris. Recent villa, ground level, 160 sq.m. habitable, possible to enlarge. Calm. South, big trees, 1,600 sq.m. enclosed garden. Exceptional position.
D. FEAU S.A. Tel.: 522-13-89. 132 Bld. Haussmann

9th EXCEPTIONAL
In private townhouse. Calm, greenery, sun. Very nice 5 rooms, duplex, with private garden. High class, comfort, luxury. High but justified price. 747-77-99.

Rue de Varenne itself
In old style private mansion, elegant apartment, 160 sq.m. every comfort. PASTEYER. 266-35-84, mornings.

16th, AVENUE KENNEDY, 300 sq.m., splendid living, panelling, dining room, 4 bedrooms, 3 baths, view on Seine, 2 maid's rooms. Tel.: 567-22-88.

6, RUE EDMOND-ABOUT. Decorator sells, original, 70 sq.m., all comfort. Fr. 385,000. See today and Wednesday, from 2 to 6 p.m.

PARIS 16th: Ave. Henri-Martin. High class, old style building, decorated. 4 rooms, reception, 300 sq.m. + 5 bedrooms/baths, 150 sq.m. + kitchens + 2 garages + 4 maid's rooms + cellars. Box 89,861, Herald, Paris.

AVE. PAUL-DOUMER: Recent building, high class, duplex 9th and top floor, terrace, triple living, 2 bedrooms, 2 baths, garage, maid's room. Tel.: 224-00-10.

RUE MOUFFETARD: Large 2 rooms, all comfort, new condition, phone, charm, character. Fr. 230,000. T.: 306-41-05.

MARAIS: Professional, 139 sq.m., sun, Fr. 135,000, owner. 272-01-76.

ITALY

TUSCANY — VILLAS, FARMHOUSES converted or not, for sale or rent Write T.D Calnan, 52040 Montanare di Cortona (AR), Italy. Tel. 0575/62917.

PRINCIPALITY OF MONACO

PRINCIPALITY OF MONACO
Select choice of apartments and villas for sale and for rent. Possibility of after sale management. For brochure apply: A.G.E.D.I. 26bis, Bld. Princesse-Charlotte, Monte Carlo (Principauté de Monaco), Tel.: 30-66-00. Telex: 47417F.

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE

SPAIN

OWNER SELLS LUXURY VILLA, 1,000 ft. up Sierra Blanca mountains. 180 degree unrestricted view Marbella and Mediterranean. 1/2 hectare landscaped gardens and pool. 7,000 sq.ft. construction, 2 story, U.S.-modern 5 bedrooms, 4 baths, 2 kitchens, wine cellar. Fully furnished. 2-car garage with servants quarters. Immediate occupancy. Call: Antonio Abellon, Marbella 823638, or Aptd 20 Marbella (Malaga)

EXCEPTIONAL HOUSE & LAND, 4 bedrooms, 4 baths, 4 fireplaces, swimming pool. Pts 8,700,000. Write: Monte Antiguo, Lista de Correos, Santa Eulalia, Ibiza.

SOTOGRANDE - SPAIN. Golf-tennis-polo-riding, etc. 2-bedroom apartments. DIRECT SALE (if not too far away agent's fee will pay inspection flight). Also interesting investment for wholesale buyer, Promotora Continental, S.A., Calvo Sotelo 2, Marbella (Malaga), SPAIN

REAL ESTATE WANTED AND EXCHANGE

GENTLEMAN seeks attractive flat, 2 bedrooms minimum, well furnished, all comfort, commuting distance Paris-centre, from June 1st. Phone any evening London (1) 947 56-07.

HOUSE FOR EXCHANGE VALUE $200,000, Long Island, N.Y. for house or flat Switzerland, France or G.B. Mr. Kaplan, Oakles, Uckfield, Susx.

COMMERCIAL PREMISES

BD. DES ITALIENS: Prestigious office 110 sq.m., fully furnished, very special terms. Immediate vacancy. Call: 742-66-02.

SALE possibly RENT: Rue de la PAIX, ancient building, very high class, 80 sq.m., possibly 140, phones, discretion. 874-70-47.

MADELEINE: 8 rooms, 3 phones. Fr. 5,000 month. Tel.: 704-63-51.

PERSONNEL WANTED

FOR MORE EXECUTIVE POSITIONS LOOK UNDER "INTERNATIONAL EXECUTIVE OPPORTUNITIES" PAGE 11.

LES PARFUMS GIVENCHY seek for their inspector of Middle East Africa, Far East, BILINGUAL FRENCH / ENGLISH SECRETARY. Capable of seconding her boss efficiently (absent 6 months of the year). Work location: Levallois-Perret, 5 min Metro A.-France. Call for rendezvous Mme Grosset-Grange, 757-50-10.

CALIFORNIA LAND. I seek a few salesmen to work directly with me selling the finest land in California. Read testimonials from many satisfied customers residing on my development. Excellent investment; some salesmen earning $3,000 each week, 20% commission with 5% bonus. Reply in confidence: Box 11,275, Herald, Paris.

TECHNICAL PUBLICATION COMPANY WANTS FREE LANCE TECHNICAL TRANSLATORS FOR HIGHLY SPECIALIZED FRENCH TO AMERICAN-ENGLISH TRANSLATIONS. NO AGENCY. MAIL RESUME, REFERENCES AND SHORT SAMPLE TO: Monsieur SEELINGER, 17, Rue Jean-Pierre-Timbaud, 95100, ZI, ARGENTEUIL.

MINERVE SEEKS for AMERICAN FIRMS in PARIS
English, Belgian, Dutch or German secretaries knowledge FRENCH required English shorthand Write or phone: 138 Avenue Victor-Hugo, 75116-Paris, France. Tel.: 727-61-69

PERSONNEL WANTED

EXPANDING INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT BANK: Place Vendôme, seeks, for its foreign exchange and treasury department, a top class back office bookkeeper with knowledge of all "forex" operations and possessing experience in this field with either a French, American or English Bank. French and English essential. Good salary and conditions for the right man. Write: Box 89,850, Herald, Paris.

EXPERIENCED AMERICAN, TEFL teacher. Direct method. Must speak French. Apply in person: 281 Bld. Raspail, 14th, Tues., April 22, Wed., April 23, 2:30-4 p.m.

IMPORTANT AMERICAN MAGAZINE seeks for Paris office a bilingual English mother tongue secretary/shorthand typist. Reliable and steady worker. Write: Box 89,555, Herald, Paris.

PRIVATE U.S. COMPANY REQUIRES SPECIALISTS in management problems of Economic Development for technical assistance assignments in French and English-speaking Africa. Box 11,277, Herald, Paris.

RECHERCHONS DACTYLO CORRESPONDANCIERE, FRANCAIS-ANGLAIS. Tres expérimentée, anglais courant exigé. Se présenter VUITTON, 78bis Avenue Marceau, Paris 8e.

SITUATIONS WANTED

EUROPE, AFRICA, MIDDLE EAST, well-travelled, languages, contacts, senior experience, market support multi-product services, licensing new business development, liaison sourcing, procurement, logistics. Challenging proposals invited. Box 11,273, Herald, Paris.

PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIED AD OR ENTER YOUR SUBSCRIPTION

at our office nearest you

AUSTRIA: Mr. McKim White, Bankgasse-8, Rm 215, Vienna 1. (Tel.: 63-84-06.)

BELGIUM: Mr Bill Finnerty, 23 Ave de la Toison d'Or, 1050 Brussels. (Tel.: 427-34-42.)

BRITISH ISLES SCANDINAVIA: Contact: Paris Office for subscriptions. For advertising only contact: Jeanette Dullun, I.H.T., 28 Great Queen Street, London WC2. (Tel.: 242 6563.)

GERMANY: Contact: Paris Office for subscriptions. For advertising only contact: Miss Caspari, I.H.T., Grosse Eschenheimer Strasse 43, 6 Frankfurt-Main. (Tel.: 28 36 78 Telex: 416721, IHT D.)

GREECE, TURKEY, YUGOSLAVIA, ISRAEL: Mr. Jean-Claude Rennesson, Pindarou 26, Athens. (Tel.: 618-397.) Classified Turkey: Istanbul 65-10-10.

ITALY: Mr. Antonio Sambrotta, 55 Via della Mercede, 00187 Rome. (Tel.: 679 34-37.)

MOROCCO: Mr R A Stagel 2 Rue Murdoch, Casablanca. (Tel.: 27.36 63 or 22.00.90.)

NETHERLANDS: Mr. A Tee[...] Den Brielstraat 12, Amster[...] 1015. (Tel.: 020-828585 T[...] 13441.)

PORTUGAL: Mrs. Rita An[...] 32 Rua das Janelas Ve[...] Lisbon. (Tel.: 672793 & 662[...]

SOUTH AFRICA: Mr. Charle[...] Smith, 701 Pan African Ho[...] 77 Troye Street, Johannesb[...] 2001, South Africa. (T[...] 230717. Telex: 430080.).

SPAIN: Mr Rafael G Pala[...] Plaza Conde del Valle de Su[...] 7-2°, Madrid 15. (Tel.: 447.44[...]

SWITZERLAND: Mr Mars[...] Walter, Chemin des Bleuets[...] 1012 Lausanne Tel.: 021 28[...]

U.S.A.: Mr Frank Tortorello, [...]ternational Herald Tribune, Madison Ave., New York 10[...] (Tel.: (212) 752 28-90.)

FRANCE & OTHER COUNTRIES: 21 Rue de Berri, 75380-Pa[...] Cedex 08. (Tel.: 225-28[...] Telex: 28509.)

✱ Classified Ads ✱ Subscriptions ✱ Renew[...]

PROMPT AND EFFICIENT SERVICE IF YOU PLACE YOUR CLASSIFIED AD BY MAIL

Send this coupon to the nearest I.H.T. office togeth[er] with text of your ad. You will be advised by return m[ail] of exact cost of your ad in your local currency. (F[or] your guidance the basic rate is U.S. $4.95 per line; the[re] are 32 letters, signs or spaces per line. Minimum spac[e] 2 lines.

Name: ....

Address: ....

SITUATIONS WA[NTED]

WHICH PARIS PRESS, PU[BLIC]ATIONS OR PUBLICITY [...] COULD USE MY TAL[ENT] I am 26, female; have d[...] French & English & am [...] fluent in English, French [...] Call me after 5 p.m.: 94[...] reply: Box 29,949, Herald

ENGLANDER, 25, 2 Jahre [...] mit IHT, sucht Arbeit in [...] er Grossstadt um Sprach[...] bessern. Box 29,978, Hera[ld]

DYNAMIC, very creative [...] 25, some German, Fren[ch] [...] serious job offer, Paris, [...] decor, art, publicity. T.: [...]

INT'L MANAGEMENT POS[ITION] [...]ing for a young professi[onal] fluent German, Spanish [...] & French, with dual ba[ckground] engineering-business ar[...] tion, lived extensively [...] and South America W[...] 29,930, Herald, Paris

YOUNG AMERICAN WOM[AN] job Sept. through Dec. [...] years French, V. Millian [...] Johnson, Iowa City, Io[wa]

YOUNG WOMAN, 25, abso[lutely bi]lingual French, English [...] seeks interesting job. Ca[ll] 754-57-85, a.m. only.

FRENCH GIRL, grad., 2[...] English-Spanish-German, [...] experience, seeks girl Fri[day] Box 29,960, Herald, Paris

EXECUTIVE SECRETARY, [...] seeks job. Box 29,843, Hera[ld]

DOMESTIC SITUA[TIONS]

SITUATIONS WANTE[D]

ENGLISH-FRENCH-GREEK bachelor, excellent bac[kground,] education, seeks position [as com]panion to gentleman [...] Write Box 89,340, Herald

هكذا من الأصل